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Latest scores and leaders
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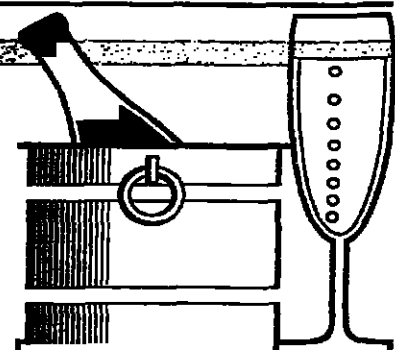


School gate gangs
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12 days of Christmas prizes

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There is always a bottom line... In what way can I help you, Richard?

Regulator 'did not know of bribe claim'

By ALEXANDRA FREAN, ARTHUR LEATHLEY AND ALICE THOMSON

THE National Lottery watchdog denied last night that he had been told of an attempt to bribe Richard Branson to withdraw from the contest to run the competition.

Peter Davis, Director General of Oflot, also denied any impropriety in accepting free flights around America from a company with a stake in Camelot when the scratchcard contract had still to be awarded.

Mr Davis was answering questions from members of the Commons Public Accounts Committee as the BBC prepared to broadcast Mr Branson's bribery allegations on its Panorama programme.

In the programme, Mr Branson said that the bribery attempt had been made during a lunch at his London home in September 1993. The Virgin chief said that Guy Snowden, chairman of the American GTech lottery corporation which owns a stake in Camelot, had told him that his consortium stood to lose hundreds of millions of pounds if it had to compete with Mr Branson to win the lottery.

Mr Branson said that Mr Snowden had continued: "Well, I don't know how to phrase this, Richard. There is always a bottom line. I'll get to the point. In what way can I help you, Richard? I'm sure everybody needs something."

Mr Branson, further alleged last night that he had received a telephone call that afternoon from Sir Tim Bell, the public relations expert who acts for



Peter Davis admitted taking free flights



Guy Snowden: stake in Camelot

GTech, trying to play down Mr Snowden's offer. Mr Branson said: "Sir Tim spoke to me about the conversation that I had had earlier in the day with Guy Snowden. The gist of what he had to say was that Guy had overstepped his mark." Sir Tim refused to comment on the allegation.

Mr Branson, who is on

business in Japan, also said that he had raised the matter with Mr Davis the following May — soon after the lottery contract had been given to Camelot — in the presence of his solicitor, Gerard Tyrrell, and John Jackson, the Sketchley chief executive, who had been at the lunch with Mr Snowden.

Mr Jackson, who helped Mr Branson to set up the unsuccessful UK Lottery Foundation, confirmed that he had witnessed both incidents. He said that he had no doubt that Mr Snowden was offering Mr Branson a bribe to persuade him not to bid during the sweet course. "I was a witness to the conversation and I stand by what Richard has said to Panorama of that meeting. It was very apparent what was said and Richard closed the meeting soon afterwards."

Mr Jackson went on to say: "Gerard Tyrrell and I were present when Richard raised the matter with Peter Davis in the context of the wider issues of why the Lottery Foundation had not been selected. At that time, Peter Davis said that in his dealings with GTech, they had behaved perfectly properly. His investigations had given them a clean bill of health."

Mr Branson said that he had broached the subject with Mr Davis at the start of a meeting in May. "I mentioned that I felt it was strange that he would award the lottery to a company that he had gone to the lengths of trying to bribe someone not to bid for the



Richard Branson says he was offered bribe to drop his bid to run the lottery

lottery. He said that they had been checked by MIS and some other organisations."

Mr Davis emphatically denied yesterday that he had been told of the bribery allegations and said that witnesses at his meeting with Mr Branson would confirm that

they had not been mentioned. He also told MPs that he thought it strange that Mr Branson had decided to make his allegations two years after the event.

Camelot and GTech also reject Mr Branson's version of events, but he said he was

prepared to take them on in court. "Our lawyers are standing by to receive their writs. We are perfectly prepared to defend what we said and we stand by it. We would welcome an airing of these issues in the courts. Mr Branson said

Continued on page 2, col 6

Howard issues 'white list' to beat logjam in asylum cases

By PHILIP WEBSTER, POLITICAL EDITOR

MICHAEL HOWARD stepped up the Government's attack on bogus asylum seekers yesterday when he named the countries he plans to place on the so-called "white list" of nations deemed safe from political persecution.

The Home Secretary told MPs that people arriving from Bulgaria, Cyprus, India, Ghana, Pakistan, Poland and Romania would be presumed not to face a serious risk and their cases would be considered under a "fast track" procedure. As expected, Algeria and Nigeria were not on the list.

Mr Howard said that the measures were necessary to protect the rights of genuine asylum seekers and to halt the "massive" abuse of the system by bogus claimants. The Home Office later released figures showing that there have been 2,380 applications from India this year, 2,130 from Pakistan, 1,530 from Ghana, 940 from Poland, 570 from Romania, 350 from Bulgaria and 80 from Cyprus. The overwhelming majority were refused.

But Amnesty International said there were serious concerns about the human rights records of some of the countries on the list and Jack Straw, the Shadow Home Secretary, said asylum seekers from designated countries would face an almost impossible burden of proof.

Under the provisions of the Asylum and Immigration Bill, given its second reading last night, the Home Secretary would have power to designate countries as not giving rise to a serious risk of persecution. Mr Howard said that for countries to be included, they would have to generate significant numbers of asylum claims and a very high

proportion of those claims would have to be unfounded. People from countries on the list would still be dealt with case by case and they could appeal to an independent adjudicator, although they would lose the right of further appeal to the Immigration Appeal Tribunal.

Mr Howard said inclusion on the list did not mean the country concerned was necessarily considered "universally safe" or had political and judicial systems which met with Western standards. "What we will be saying is that a country has functioning institutions, stability and pluralism in sufficient measure to support an assessment that in general people living there are not at risk," he said.

He dismissed suggestions that the measure was immoral. "It is not immoral to protect our asylum procedures against the current massive level of abuse. It is not immoral to declare that in our judgment some countries do not give rise to a serious risk of persecution," he said.

But Mr Straw said: "The proposed white list would treat any applicant from the countries on the list in bulk, unless the individual could meet what in even well-founded cases may be an almost impossible burden of proof." Brian Dooley of Amnesty International opposed the list in principle and said there were concerns about some of the countries on it. He said the organisation had received reports of 130 deaths in custody in India last year. There were also reports of thousands of people detained on political grounds, of torture, and the disappearance of detainees.

Howard denial, page 10

Conveyancing costs could rise

A curb on conveyancing by cut-price solicitors could double the legal fees charged to housebuyers, the Consumers' Association has said. Law Society officers are proposing that a new level of charge is necessary to maintain standards of quality.

Low-cost solicitors are accused of cutting legal corners. Under the plans, a solicitor who charges below an official guideline would not be covered by the profession's indemnity insurance... Page 6

Juppé concession

Alain Juppé, the French Prime Minister, has announced that the Government would hold meetings next week with all union leaders on the entire range of employment issues.

Earlier, striking French unions widened their demands after a series of meetings between M Juppé and union leaders ended in deadlock... Page 12

Shephard calls unions to school security summit

By JOHN O'LEARY AND PHILIP WEBSTER

THE Education Secretary, Gillian Shephard, last night called the six teaching unions to a "summit" on school security after the fatal stabbing of Phillip Lawrence, the London headmaster.

She met leaders of Mr Lawrence's union, the Secondary Heads' Association, at a previously arranged meeting yesterday. Discussion was overshadowed by Friday's murder.

Officials are trying to arrange a meeting before the end of the week. Government guidelines on school security, due for publication early in the new year, may be postponed if fresh proposals emerge at the talks. Mrs Shephard said: "Many have said that our schools should not be turned into fortresses, nor should they. But there are measures

to be discussed and experiences shared."

Praising Mr Lawrence's bravery and dedication, Mrs Shephard said: "Everyone will wish to pay tribute to his courage and selflessness, and to grieve with his family, friends and colleagues."

The heads' association asked the Secretary of State to champion tighter controls on the carrying of knives and other offensive weapons.

Tony Blair, speaking to the Board of Deputies of British Jews yesterday, described Mr Lawrence's death as a cruel reminder of the "frightening barbarism" that scars many parts of Britain. He said that teaching children to be responsible citizens should be part of the ethos of every school. He proposed in his London speech a new subject

called "lessons for life" to help young people to play a full part in the community. He also suggested student elections to school councils to allow pupils to participate in the good running of their schools.

Speaking of Mr Lawrence's death, the Labour leader said: "There is a lack of moral purpose, of moral direction, which can be reflected in almost any part of our national life." That posed a question not just for politicians but also for religious leaders. "It means confronting the public with hard choices about the responsibilities of each of us to help in this task."

Triad gangs blamed, page 5
Libby Purves, page 18
Leading article and Letters, page 19

Nuclear station plans scrapped

By OUR BUSINESS STAFF

PLANS to build two new nuclear power stations, creating thousands of jobs, have been abandoned following the industry's privatisation, it was announced yesterday.

British Energy said it would not proceed with proposals to build Sizewell C in Suffolk or Hinkley C in Somerset. The new station at Sizewell would have cost £3 billion and the station at Hinkley almost £2 billion.

The decision delighted anti-nuclear campaigners who last night predicted the death of nuclear power. But unions were dismayed at the lost job opportunities and accused the company of "throwing in the towel" ahead of the industry's privatisation next summer. British Energy will own Nuclear Electric when the company is privatised.

Dr Robert Hawley, chief

executive of British Energy, said: "At present the future of UK energy prices is insufficiently certain for British Energy to invest in new nuclear or, indeed, in any other form of new generation in the short term."

The Sizewell station would have taken seven years to build and created up to 6,000 construction jobs in the area, as well as another 8,000 throughout the country. The station would have employed 450 operating staff.

The new station at Hinkley would have created around 4,500 construction jobs over a six-year period.

Nuclear Electric said there will be no direct job losses at the company as a result of yesterday's decision.

Plans abandoned, p25
Tempos, page 28

Tour firms drop holidays to keep prices high

By MARIANNE CURPHEY

TOUR operators have dropped 1½ million holidays from next summer's brochures to keep prices high and prevent customers from snapping up last-minute bargains.

Airtours, Britain's second largest tour operator, disclosed yesterday that the industry had raised prices by 10 per cent and reduced capacity by 14 per cent to create a shortage. First Choice, its rival, announced last

month that it was scrapping 16 per cent of its holidays to try to match supply more closely with demand.

David Crossland, the chairman of Airtours, said that he was prepared to cut the number of holidays even further in the spring if demand remained flat.

The move follows one of the worst years on record for the industry. Sales collapsed because of poor consumer confidence and the heatwave.

"In my 32 years in travel it was one

of the worst years I have seen," he said. "Tour operators normally make £19 per person per package profit, but this year they made only £9.50. Many last-minute breaks were sold at a loss."

The prospects for 1995-96 are dependent upon the willingness of UK tour operators to ensure that capacity is held in line with demand."

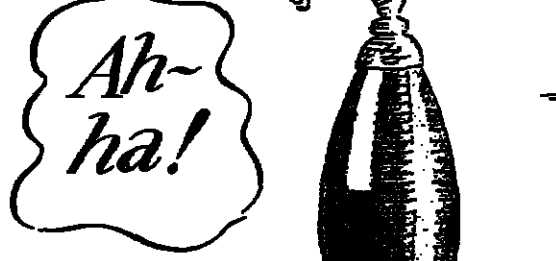
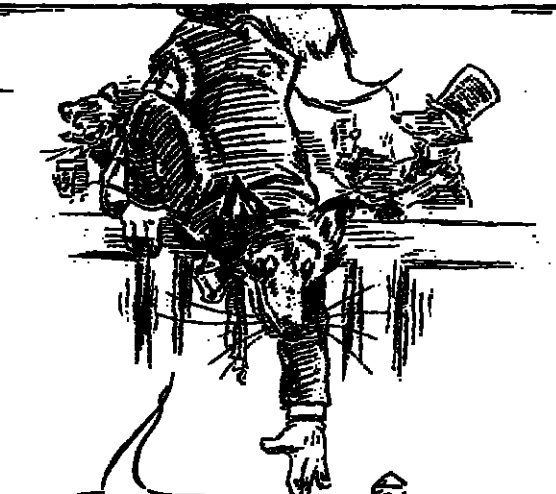
He predicted that 8½ million people would take a summer holiday next year, roughly the same number as in 1993. Last year about 11 million people

went abroad, with 10 million taking a break this summer. Bookings for the industry are now 30 per cent lower than this time last year, he said.

A spokesman for First Choice said: "We do not want a repeat of this year when a huge glut of holidays was discounted in peak season."

Lunn Poly, Britain's largest high street retailer of package holidays, said that Spain, Turkey and Florida would be the most popular destinations for holidaymakers next summer.

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What a big Asylum Bill you have, Grandmother

THE Jackal Loophole, explained Labour's earnest, fair-minded Jeff Rooker (Perry Bar) yesterday, is the use of birth certificates for creating false personalities.

MPs were debating the Asylum and Immigration Bill, and Mr Rooker was disappointed that this Bill does nothing to close the Jackal Loophole. Facing the worried Rooker as he explained his concerns were the smiling features of Michael Howard, the Home Secretary.

Readers who remember, as children, hearing for the first time the story of Red Riding

Hood and the Wolf will recall that moment of horror when all at once it dawned on Little Red Riding Hood, who had supposed herself to be chatting to her caring grandmother, that the creature in the bonnet and nightie is actually the dreaded Big Bad Wolf.

In just the same way it may have occurred to poor Jeff Rooker, half way through his plea over the dreaded Jackal Loophole, that he was addressing the Jackal.

The Right Hon Michael "I" Howard, too, has created a false personality. Up in Blackpool, not seven weeks ago, some of us encountered a



MATTHEW PARRIS
POLITICAL SKETCH

rabid creature stalking the boards of the rostrum at the Winter Gardens during the Conservative conference there. The encounter was disturbing. Cackling and snarling, this political scavenger was tearing at a few scraps of old meat left over from the immigration controversies of the 1970s and 1980s.

From time to time he would raise his offal-flecked chops

to the bloodthirsty crowd for applause. The Jackal snarled at the judiciary, savaged the parole system and took a nip at the Labour Party, challenging it to a fight. Growling, he worried away at the provision of asylum for refugees. To further applause he promised carnage in the coming Queen's Speech. This was a mean and dangerous beast, we felt sure.

That was until we saw him

at the Dispatch Box yesterday. Could it be the same creature? In soft and caring tones he told Julian Brazier (C, Canterbury) that it was "precisely" to speed up consideration of the claims of genuine refugees that the bogus ones were to be tossed so speedily aside. A new Asylum Bill all the better to help you with, my dear. We pictured Mr Howard's bonnet and nightdress.

New cubs on illegal immigrants? All the better to foster good race relations, my dear. A crackdown on employers of these people? All the better to protect employment opportu-

nities for those entitled to live here? My dear. An end to housing benefit for asylum-seekers? All the better to help "hard-pressed housing authorities", my dear.

And there was to be a new offensive against racketeers. "I am very concerned about racketeers." A criminal offence was to be created: all the better to punish those "who prey on people who are often poor and illiterate", my dear.

Jeff Rooker wondered whether the Bill could also close off the Jackal Loophole. Could Mr Howard stop people creating false personalities? The Jackal smiled. "I

very much sympathise with the hon gentleman's concerns" (my dear); he smiled. But it was not quite within this particular Bill's ambit.

Mr Howard smiled again. Was it the flash of those incisor teeth? Was it that tuff of fur peeking from under the bonnet? Or was it the errant whisker, quivering as he spoke feelingly of the "unfortunate clients of racketeers" stowed into cargo holds? Something — we could not say what — wasn't quite right.

Little Jeff Riding Hood dropped his picnic basket and ran.

Britain expels Libyan diplomat

Libya's most senior diplomat in Britain has been expelled by the Foreign Office after being accused of intimidation and surveillance of Libyan dissidents (Stewart Trender writes). Khalifa Ahmed Bazelya has been told to leave the country by December 25 for activities incompatible with his status as a diplomat, the Foreign Office said yesterday. He has been working as head of the Libyan interests section of the Saudi Arabian Embassy, which acts for the Gaddafi regime in Britain.

Two weeks ago Scotland Yard launched a murder inquiry into the death of Ali Mohamed Abuzeid, a leading Libyan dissident, in his grocery shop in west London. Friends said he had reported receiving threats and intimidation telephone calls. Yesterday the Foreign Office denied any link between the expulsion and the murder inquiry. It is understood that Mr Bazelya was suspected of gathering information over a long period.

Test for pupils

Primary school pupils may have to take a national test in mental arithmetic as part of measures to raise standards in mathematics announced yesterday by Gillian Shephard. The Education and Employment Secretary has already approved a ban on calculators in one test for 11-year-olds next summer and is proposing a mental arithmetic test for the age group.

American fined

An American tourist with only two days' driving experience in Britain was fined £800 by magistrates in Whitby, North Yorkshire, yesterday for causing an accident in which a couple died. Arthur Smith, 63, and his wife Anne, 58, died after their car was hit by a minibus driven by Gregory Snow, 60, a lawyer from Michigan who admitted careless driving.

Meningitis death

Judith Holford, 50, a nurse, died of meningococcal septicaemia, the blood infection associated with meningitis, yesterday in the Royal Bournemouth Hospital. Five pupils from Shotton Hall Comprehensive in Peterlee, Co Durham, have also been admitted to Hartlepool General Hospital in the past five days suffering from meningitis. One is "poorly".

Flu cases up 69%

Flu levels were up by 69 per cent nationally last week compared to the same period last year, according to the drug company SmithKline Beecham. The Midlands and North West region were taking the brunt of the epidemic, with a 98 per cent rise, with the South East close behind. Levels were also high in Yorkshire, the North East and London.

Actress in court

The actress Frances Barber was cleared of headbutting a policeman and trying to bite her after being caught driving while nearly three times over the alcohol limit. Barber, 38, was stopped in June after leaving the nightclub Tramp in London. She admitted drink-driving and was fined £1,200 and banned for 20 months by Clerkenwell magistrates.

Sheriff ruled out

A Scottish sheriff said he could not sentence a man who admitted housebreaking after he discovered his was the home the accused had broken into. Sheriff Andrew Bell was due to sentence Richard Cheyne for four theft charges but told Edinburgh Sheriff Court he was unable to continue. Cheyne, 28, was later jailed for three years by another sheriff.

Self-defence cases to be reviewed

Police to take softer line on charging 'have a go heroes'

By FRANCES GIBB, LEGAL CORRESPONDENT

THE Crown Prosecution Service is expected to issue new guidelines to police, warning them against rushing charges against "have a go heroes" who hit out in self-defence.

The guidelines, which also aim to eradicate regional variations in charging practice, are being drawn up after a review by the CPS at the request of Michael Howard, the Home Secretary.

There have been a series of high-profile prosecutions of people who have found themselves in court after tackling a burglar or other criminal attacking their homes or property.

Last month Mr Howard told the Police Superintendents' Association that people who use violence to defend themselves should be treated more sympathetically. He asked the CPS to look at charging practice in such cases as part of its wider review — already under way — of the new national charging standards on assault. It is expected to tell police to consider "have a go" cases carefully, taking all the circumstances into account.

Police will also be urged to

consult the CPS when in any doubt at the earliest possible stage, rather than have a case proceed and then be discontinued. The review is expected to report in the new year.

At present, the law allows for a person to use "reasonable force" in defence of himself or his property. But there is no consistency in charging.

Gary Slapper, a lecturer in law at Staffordshire University, says: "The problem is that the application of the law is vexed by a variety of regional and local interpretations by police officers of what amounts to reasonable conduct by someone trying to uphold the law."

The CPS is also carrying out a review of its new national charging standards for assault charges, before extending these to public order offences, road traffic offences and drugs offences. A spokesman said: "We are looking at how effective these have been and whether the standards need updating."

The national guidelines, produced in a joint venture by the CPS and police, were aimed at removing inconsis-

tencies in charging practice between police forces. The question of what to charge people with has traditionally been one of the most acrimonious between the CPS and the police. Prosecutors say police are prone to press charges higher up the scale than they need to such as actual bodily harm instead of common assault.

But there has been some concern among victim support groups that the new standards have led to a downgrading of charges. They believe that serious injuries which before might have been categorised as actual bodily harm are now being charged as common assault.

Neil Addison, a barrister in private practice and a former crown prosecutor, said: "The charging standards are a good idea — they bring openness about charging and will, I hope, raise standards. But the fear is that offences are being charged as common assault which before would have been charged as actual bodily harm — offences involving bruising, cuts and so on."

Law, page 39



Sergeant Tim Cowley being welcomed by his wife Sandra and son Matthew at Heathrow yesterday

Bullets flew during jungle rescue

By KATHRYN KNIGHT

A BRITISH Embassy aide who was held captive in the Colombian jungle for four months by political extremists flew home yesterday and was reunited with his wife and three-year-old son.

Looking tired but fit, Staff Sergeant Tim Cowley, 32, described how his captivity at the hands of left-wing guerrillas ended amid gunfire and grenades when Colombian National Police troops stormed the jungle to rescue him.

Sergeant Cowley, from Hull, an assistant to the defence attaché at the Embassy in Bogotá, had spent two years working in

Colombia as part of the Adjutant-General's Corps. His kidnapping by the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia group on August 12 came at the end of a day birdwatching with a companion in the southwest region of the country.

His companion Francisco had argued with the guerrillas for his release. "He is a very brave man and was given an ultimatum in the end, which was that I stayed and he left."

Sergeant Cowley said he had explained that the British Government did not pay ransoms but his captors had not believed him. "As a consequence, I spent 118 days walking around the central Cordillera in

Tolima at altitudes of up to 18,000 ft."

The first glimmer of hope came on Thursday when he was told he was going to receive his liberty the next morning. But after a gruelling eight-hour trek, in which he and his captors descended between 6,000 and 8,000 ft, and being tied to a tree for three hours, he was told that he would be held for at least another 15 days. "Shortly after that grenades went off, bullets started to fly as the Colombian police came to rescue me." As the guerrillas ran off leaving him tied and blindfolded, government troops rushed in under the cover of machinegun fire and rescued him.

Police pay £101,000 to jailed innocent

By STEWART TENDLER

POLICE agreed to pay £101,000 in damages and costs yesterday to a voluntary worker wrongly arrested and jailed for drug offences.

The High Court agreement is the eighth and biggest in a series of cases following allegations of police corruption over drug raids in the Stoke Newington area of northeast London in 1990. Scotland Yard has paid £420,000 over claims of false imprisonment, assault and malicious prosecution, and two cases have yet to be settled.

The court was told yesterday that Rennie Kingsley, 48, now of Hackney, east London, was arrested after officers smashed in his front door. Russell Miller, his solicitor, said Mr Kingsley was a "respected and valued" member of the community because of his work with housing projects. He was knocked down, handcuffed and eventually jailed for four months for possession of drugs. He was cleared when the Crown Prosecution Service did not contest his appeal, on the ground that the evidence of the police officers could not be relied upon.

The officers involved maintained their innocence. Mr Miller said, but the Commission did not contest Mr Kingsley's claim.



Lottery controversy: Sir Tim Bell and John Jackson

Lottery 'bribe'

Continued from page 1
he had not raised the issue of the bribe before because he felt it would achieve little and that it might appear like sour grapes. It was only when the Panorama team asked him what he knew about Mr Snowden that he decided to reveal the bribe now rather than in the autobiography that he is writing.

Mr Branson's account of the lunch was corroborated by his friend Dr Peter Emerson, the former dean of Westminster Medical School, who said that he had told him about it two days later. Dr Emerson said that Mr Branson had no doubts that Mr Snowden had been trying to bribe him.

At Westminster last night, Mr Davis was questioned by MPs about Mr Branson's allegations, about his flights in America courtesy of GTEch and about bribes that GTEch were alleged to have paid to a Californian senator. But he insisted: "I had no evidence that GTEch have in any sense misbehaved in their dealings

in connection with the National Lottery." He refused, however, to give MPs details of his investigations into the company before the franchise was awarded.

Asked about the flights within America, Mr Davis said that he had taken them to look at various lottery operations in October 1994. Camelot had already won the main lottery contract, but the scratchcard decision had not been made.

Questioned by Alan Williams, Labour MP for Swansea West, Mr Davis said he had no regrets about accepting the free trips.

Mr Williams asked him, "Do you think it is wise as a regulator to use one of the two private jets of GTEch?"

Mr Davis replied: "Absolutely yes. Had I wanted to visit a number of US lotteries by scheduled airlines it would have taken a great deal longer and cost the taxpayer a great deal more. I took advice and decided it was the right thing to do."

Dublin court orders IRA escapers to be extradited

A DUBLIN court yesterday ordered the extradition to Britain of Nesson Quinlivan and Pearce McAuley, the IRA terrorists who escaped from Brixton Prison in 1991.

Lawyers for Quinlivan, 30, and McAuley, 31, said after the hearing at Dublin District Court that they would appeal against the extradition orders, a process that could take up to 18 months.

Quinlivan and McAuley are wanted in Britain on charges of conspiracy to murder Sir

Charles Tidbury, the former chairman of Whitbread plc, conspiracy to cause explosions, escaping from lawful custody and causing malicious wounding in July 1991. They were awaiting trial when they escaped.

Vincent Wood, 32, an IRA sympathiser who hid a cache of Semtex explosive, some intended for an attack on the Prime Minister's country home, had his 22-year jail sentence reduced to 17 years at the Old Bailey yesterday.

TAXI DRIVERS TAKE VOW OF SILENCE

Until then, there's Glenfiddich to enjoy.



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'This is not just a school problem - kids in their mid-teens are running the streets around here'



Cardinal Basil Hume yesterday with Joanne Scott, vice-chairwoman of governors

Cardinal Hume urges killer to give himself up to police

By DOMINIC KENNEDY

CARDINAL Basil Hume celebrated Mass yesterday at the school where Philip Lawrence was murdered and prayed with children and staff for both the headmaster and his killer.

The Archbishop of Westminster gave a ten-minute homily inspired by John 15:13: "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends."

Later, outside St George's school, the cardinal called on the killer to give himself up. He said Christians must forgive, but attacked the values of a society that had lost respect for life.

Cardinal Hume, a former Abbot of Ampleforth, told the pupils and teachers, gathered in the dining hall for the service, that they should be inspired by the example of Mr Lawrence, who was stabbed after trying to save a pupil from being attacked.

"When Philip Lawrence appears before God, God will say to him, 'Well done, you are a good man, you did a good job. You died laying down your life for another person and that's a noble thing to do. Some time or other we will appear before God. We want him to say well done to us and that means being the kind of person Philip Lawrence was. That means being hard-working, disciplined and very generous and respectful towards each other.'"

The cardinal spoke from an



Lawrence: he was seen by his pupils as a friend

altar covered with a simple white cloth. There were floral tributes propped against it and a candle flickered on top. He was surrounded by a semi-circle of the school's 440 pupils and staff. Many children had arrived with flowers to join a steadily growing pile. There were both children and adults overcome by tears.

"The headmaster was a friend of the pupils, they were his friends," Cardinal Hume said. "It is right that we should cry. We have to mourn, we have to grieve, it's part of human living. I believe every teacher in this school would have done what Philip Lawrence did." The cardinal and another priest then gave Holy Communion to almost the entire school.

Afterwards Cardinal Hume urged the killer to contact the police and accepted that forgiving him would be difficult. "The young man who did this terrible crime has to acknowledge it, he has to be punished for it, he has to pay his debt. We have to try hard in our hearts to forgive. It comes slowly but it is part of our Christian thing to forgive."

He added: "We have to look at our society and at the kind of things that allow this to happen. Who are these gangs roaming the streets of this city? That's unacceptable. Why are they carrying weapons? That's unacceptable. All sorts of factors - it can be absence of family life, broken homes, absence of a job, unemployment, bad housing, young people with no hope - we have allowed life to become cheap. Life is sacred - all human life is sacred. We need to let that become part of our civilisation."

Ken Livingstone, MP, whose constituents have been increasingly keen to send their children to St George's since Mr Lawrence's appointment, said he had visited the school a couple of months earlier. "You could see the kids, realised they had a headmaster who loved them and cared for them. He went to his death to help a child. That says all you need to know about this man."

Two Triad-style teenage gangs are blamed for head's death

By MICHAEL HORSNELL
JOANNA BALE AND
STEWART TENDLER

TWO teenage gangs who modelled themselves on the Chinese Triads were responsible for the death of the headmaster Philip Lawrence, it was claimed last night.

Children on the streets around St George's Catholic School in Maida Vale, north-west London, said Mr Lawrence had intervened in a revenge attack against a 13-year-old pupil by members of the Wo Sing Wo (WSW) and 14K groups.

Detectives were at the school yesterday when it reopened after the death of Mr Lawrence, a father of four, on Friday. More than 200 statements have been taken. One senior police source said: "I am confident whoever did it will be caught very quickly."

The teenage gangs, who recruit members as young as



Pupils at St George's, which reopened yesterday with a special Mass

13, model themselves on the traditional Chinese organisations based in London's Chinatown. Membership is not restricted to the Chinese and the boys involved in the St George's attack were said to be multiracial, though Chinese-led. The 14K gang is based in the Latimer Road area of North Kensington, and the WSW in Angel, Islington.

The pupil whom Mr Lawrence, 48, had tried to defend was being interviewed by detectives yesterday. He was said to be "no angel" in an area where teenage boys had "taken over the streets".

A 15-year-old Asian boy, who described himself as a Triad member, said: "The 14K and the WSW came looking for him after a Chinese boy complained about harassment. They just meant to teach him a lesson. They wouldn't have been planning to kill him or the headmaster."

Vale, told how he was approached by 14K at an amusement arcade in Piccadilly. "They asked me and friends if we wanted to join. They said their leader was called Dragon, and we would be protected if anyone tried to attack us. I said I wasn't interested."

The WSW and 14K wear bandannas, baggy trousers and loose shirts, said to accommodate knives and other weapons. Senior members in their late teens favour designer

labels. One youth, wearing an Yves Saint Laurent shirt, described the progression from "jackings" - street robbery - to extortion. Many junior members collected protection money from restaurants and shops, he said.

Father Frank Ryan, director of the Marian Community Centre on the South Kilburn estate, said: "Kids in their mid-teens are running the streets around here. Any number of people have been nudged and some talk about it happening two or three times to them. This is not just a school problem, it is a community-wide problem."

"It is hard to do anything constructive for them, but we do our best. The trouble is that staff can be put in danger and so, to a certain extent, we have given up on the kids."

New barbarism, page 1
Libby Purves, page 18
Leading article, page 19

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Consumers' Association protests

Solicitors' curb on cheap conveyancing 'will double costs'

BY FRANCES GIBB, LEGAL CORRESPONDENT

A CURB on conveyancing by cut-price solicitors could double the legal fees charged to housebuyers, the Consumers' Association said yesterday. Law Society officers are proposing that a new level of charge is necessary to maintain standards of quality.

Low-cost solicitors are accused of cutting legal corners, increasing the likelihood of negligence claims. Under the proposals, any solicitor who charges rates below an official guideline would not be covered by the profession's indemnity insurance.

Scores of solicitors are expected to descend on the Law Society on Thursday for what is expected to be one of the most heated debates in the profession's history. A society spokesman said: "The debate on Thursday is not about price-fixing, but about the principle that the majority profession should not have to carry the cost of cheap conveyancing and provide insurance cover for it."

The proposed guideline fee is £250 plus 0.5 per cent of the house price. A Consumers' Association spokesman said: "We estimated this would take

a conveyancing fee to £625 for a £75,000 house." That figure was double the average price charged by solicitors now. The Law Society's own research has found that three quarters of conveyances are charged at less than £300.

The Consumers' Association was in the forefront of the move to end the solicitors' conveyancing monopoly ten years ago. Its spokesman added: "This is seeking to re-introduce the monopoly by the backdoor."

"What the Law Society has got to do is to ensure that all conveyancing solicitors provide a quality service and those who provide a poor service, which is not the same thing - should be penalised."

About 11,000 solicitors have publicly declared support for a campaign led by a Bourne-mouth solicitor, John Edge, to force action over low conveyancing fees, some of which are as little as £150. The argument over charges coincides with a continued slump in the market: total conveyances between January and August were down 9 per cent on the same period last year. Many small

firms are being squeezed out of business.

The proposals to stop the price war have been drawn up by a working party chaired by Martin Mears, the society president, and including Robert Sayer, the vice-president. Their report said that conveyancing fees were at "all-time low", and many believed this was strongly linked to a fall in conveyancing standards.

In a simple case, conveyancing can take five hours, but more complex cases can take up to 12-15 hours. Low-cost solicitors must be skimping on their work or delegating to unqualified staff, the report said.

Under the proposals, solicitors who fail to follow the proposed guideline would be refused indemnity insurance cover and instead would have to obtain cover on the open insurance market.

The new guideline fees would have to be approved by the Master of the Rolls. They would not be compulsory. Fixed scales of fees, enforceable by law, were abolished by the Government in 1972.

Law, pages 39, 41

More graduates find jobs but employers still seek high-flyers

BY JOHN O'LEARY, EDUCATION EDITOR

JOB prospects for graduates are continuing to improve, despite stiffer competition in the employment market.

Employment rates for the class of 1994 improved for the second year running, according to the annual survey by the Association of Graduate Careers Advisory Services. Touche Ross, the accountants that sponsored the report, said the survey showed an upturn in long-term job opportunities.

An additional 22,000 students graduated last year, the majority looking for immediate employment. The associa-

tion's report, *What do graduates do?*, said the larger pool allowed employers to select the best candidates. But some employers were still complaining that they could not find the high-flyers they sought.

Nigel Llewellyn, the national recruitment manager for Touche Ross, said: "There is fierce competition between employers for that one-star candidate. The employer market is becoming much more choosy and aware of the long-term value of real talent."

The proportion in work six months after graduation rose

by more than 3 per cent to 47.1 per cent. More of those finding jobs were in permanent employment, rather than the short-term jobs that have become increasingly common in the graduate market. Fewer than 10 per cent were out of work at the turn of the year.

The strongest demand was for graduates in computing and information technology, where 60 per cent of those leaving universities and colleges found immediate employment. There were also sharp improvements in mechanical and civil engineering,



The Princess of Wales setting off for New York, where Americans paid £850 to join her for dinner

New York honours charity Princess

FROM QUENTIN LETTS IN NEW YORK

THE Princess of Wales swept in to New York yesterday to accept a prize for charity work, talk to General Colin Powell, and pick up a few career tips from Henry Kissinger.

The Princess, who has lobbied for a future in diplomacy, accepted her award at a black-tie dinner from Dr Kissinger, the former US Secretary of State. General Powell, said to be a distant relative of the Princess, was also given a prize by the United Cerebral Palsy Foundation.

The New York Hilton dinner was the only official engagement on an "in-and-out", 24-hour royal visit. Tickets for the dinner sold out early, beneficiaries considering £850 a bargain for a night out with a royal. Placard guests included Walter Annenberg, the philanthropist, John Kluge, Randolph Hearst, the British ambassador Sir John Kerr, and Donald and Maria Trump.

The Princess's recent *Panorama* interview has been keenly discussed by Manhattan's moneyed Upper East Siders. Opinion is evenly divided. Some sympathise, but most Americans have little time for self-pity.

One New York newspaper greeted the royal arrival by printing a list of eligible bachelors ranging from John Kennedy Jr to Dr Christopher Calapai, a Park Avenue nutritionist with a gift for small talk.

The royal party arrived on Concorde and checked in, via the back door, to the £670-a-night Carlyle Hotel, an Art Deco landmark noted for its elegance and good views of the Manhattan skyline.

The Carlyle is in an area prone to jewellery thefts. In recent months a smooth-talking burglar has made a series of strikes, escaping with an estimated £160,000 in valuables. Given the Duchess of York's sorry experience in New York last week, police were on full alert yesterday. One officer said: "If Diana is sensible she'll have packed her imitation jewels."

Jail for jealous secretary and her hitman

BY A STAFF REPORTER

A LAUGHING hitman and the secretary who hired him to kill an imagined romantic rival were each jailed for seven years yesterday.

Terese Dorne was subjected to a "nightmare" of violence after an innocent drink with a businessman friend, Snarebrook Crown Court was told. First CS gas was sprayed into her face. As she screamed in pain, Raymond Johnson or his "unknown" accomplice slashed her across her forehead and then twice across her throat. They ran off laughing in what the prosecution described as a "display of true callousness".

In hospital Mrs Dorne, a mother of two, received more than 60 external stitches during a series of operations and will be scarred for the rest of her life.

Johnson, 25, of Walworth, southeast London, was convicted by a jury last month of conspiring to commit grievous bodily harm with intent. The woman who hired him, Diana Lewis, 24, of Leyton, east London, admitted the conspiracy charge before his trial began.

Passing sentence, Judge Pitman told Lewis that her jealousy had been as much obsessive as it was unfounded. "You decided that you would have her face mutilated to stop it," he said.

She was the "evil instigator" and the manipulator. "You formed a calculated plan over a period of weeks and got your way with terrible results."

Since then, Lewis had not shown a flicker of remorse for the injuries she had caused.

The judge described Johnson as an immature man who had fallen under the influence of a "formidable and tantalising" woman.

The court was told that Lewis had worked for an accountant in Highgate Hill, north London, and had been having an affair with a businessman who worked in the same building.

She became consumed with jealousy and presumed the worst after seeing Mrs Dorne, 36, who had recently joined the company, having a pre-Christmas drink with the man.

Relations between the two women deteriorated and Mrs Dorne began receiving anonymous phone calls at her home from Lewis. By the time she returned to work in the new year, "the stage had been set for an act of extreme violence". Andrew Lloyd-Eley, for the prosecution, said.

On January 9 Mrs Dorne left work at 4.30pm and went to her car. As she got in, one of two men who had smiled at her only seconds before leaped against the car door and sprayed CS gas into her face. Completely helpless, she then felt her face being "pulled". The court was told that as well as a huge gash in her forehead, her throat was cut twice. One wound ran from her Adam's apple round her neck, just missing the jugular vein.



Terese Dorne's face and throat were slashed in the attack by Ivor Raymond Johnson and an accomplice

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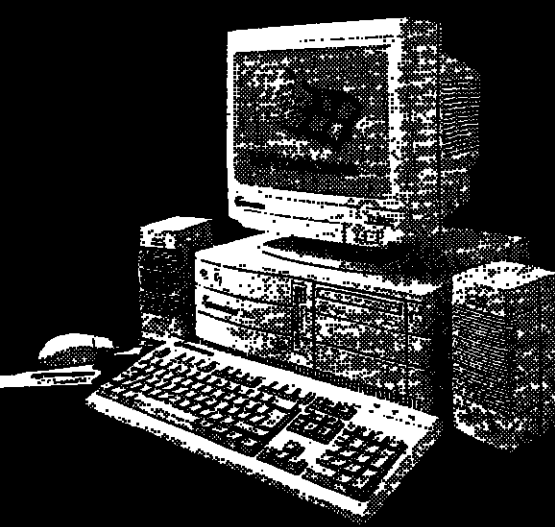
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Chance brings abuser to justice

By Gillian Bowditch

A CHANCE meeting of two women in a café led to their former PE teacher being sentenced to three years' probation for sexual abuse yesterday, nearly 20 years after the offences took place.

George Brough, 52, a former coach with the Scottish basketball team and a father of eight, pleaded guilty to abusing two female pupils at Holy Rood Roman Catholic High School, Edinburgh, when they were 15. As he was sentenced by Lord Johnston in the High Court in Edinburgh yesterday, one victim shouted: "What about our 19 years of hell, you pillar of the church?"

The women, now both 34, met by chance in a café in 1993. One confessed that she had been sexually abused by Brough. The other said the same thing had happened to her and they went to the police.

Craig Scott, for the prosecution, said both girls had problems at home and had confided in Brough, who took advantage of their vulnerability. His affair with one girl began after she went to his home to babysit. Mr Scott said: "He indicated to the girls that if they told anyone he would lose his job and perhaps his family and home."

Brough, who is now a taxi driver, left court with a priest. He was said to have undergone a "spiritual change" since the offences and was now a devout Roman Catholic.

Lord Johnston told Brough that it would not be in the public interest to jail him because of the length of time since the offences and because there was no suggestion that he might reoffend. He also ordered him to carry out 100 hours of community service.

After the case, one victim said: "He affected us so badly that one of us tried to commit suicide. I don't believe he has changed. He has shown no remorse and has hoodwinked church leaders."

Former teacher sparked international condemnation of electric lance



An injured whale being dragged to the side of a Japanese catcher ship. The electrocutions took eight minutes on average, but one took 23 minutes

Japan sues Briton over whale exposé

By Nick Nuttall, Environment Correspondent

A BRITON who exposed the use of electric lances by Japanese whalers is to be sued in a court in Tokyo today.

Mark Votier is expected to be fined about £60,000, with costs of more than £200,000, for breach of contract. It is alleged that he gave film footage of whales being electrocuted to television companies, despite signing an agreement not to.

The legal action, by the Institute of Cetacean Research, which is part-funded by the Japanese Government, is a result of Mr Votier's five months on board the whaling ships *Nishin Maru* and *Toshi* in 1992-93.

During the voyage he witnessed minke whales, allegedly caught as part of Japan's scientific whaling programme, being killed by lances discharging 220 volts. In May 1993 he released the video footage to television stations worldwide, including British broadcasters, prompt-

ing international condemnation. He said: "If I had not released the pictures I could not have lived with the decision. Altogether I watched 30 harpoonings. In about 50 per cent of cases the whales were immobilised instantly, and shackled to the side of the catcher ship for transport to the waiting factory ship."

"But in the other 50 per cent the whales were only wounded. To immobilise them, they were dragged to the bows of the catcher ship and speared with a lance containing a detachable electrode. The gunner then discharged 220 volts of electricity into the animal's body, in most cases causing it to react violently."

"The average immobilisation time, on a conservative estimate, is eight minutes. However, I did witness one particularly botched electrocution which took 23 minutes."

Mr Votier, 38, a former teacher, lived in Japan for seven years and became envi-



Mark Votier spent five months on board Japanese whaling ships. Electric lances are used on whales not immobilised by the explosive charges in harpoons



ronmentally active there. He helped to make a film with Granada Television on Japanese loggers in Borneo.

He now lives in London, and said Japan would not seek his extradition because it was a civil case. He fears, however, that it may seek to enforce any fines through the High Court. Vassili Papastavrou, a mar-

ine biologist with the International Fund for Animal Welfare, which is backing Mr Votier, said yesterday: "The institute is trying to stifle a basic human right — free speech. It should be condemned internationally by other governments for this court action. It is another attempt by the Japanese to

hide the barbarity of their whaling and particularly their cruel electrocution method."

There is a moratorium on commercial whaling, but the International Convention for the Regulation of Whaling allows members to grant themselves permits for whales to be captured for scientific purposes. Japan plans to catch

440 minke whales this year, an increase of 110 on previous years. It says it wants to study their health and age, and uses the lance instead of a humane-killing gun to preserve the whales for analysis. Critics fear the claim is simply a cover for supplying the whale-meat markets in Tokyo.

At the annual meeting of the International Whaling Commission in June, the British delegation called for a ban on the electric lance. It described the weapon as "extremely ineffective and cruel".

Scientists from New Zealand, whose paper was based partly on evidence gathered by Mr Votier, indicated that the lances were restricted to only 220 volts to protect whaling crews. This meant, however, that the whales were slowly fried rather than being killed quickly.

Delegates at the meeting voted 20 to four to suspend use of the lance, but the vote was not binding. An attempt to introduce a formal ban will be made next year.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Tory MP denies driving charges

Sir Nicholas Scott, the former Tory minister, denied a drink-driving charge yesterday, relating to an incident in which a three-year-old child needed treatment for shock.

The MP for Chelsea pleaded not guilty in his absence to driving with excess alcohol, failing to stop after an accident and driving without due care. Magistrates at Horseferry Road in London adjourned the case for trial on January 26.

Sir Nicholas, former Minister for the Disabled, was charged after his car allegedly shunted a parked vehicle into the boy's pushchair.

Soldier released

Private Stephen Jordan, 23, a guardsman held under close arrest for eight months pending a court martial on theft charges, was freed into open arrest after the Army bowed to pressure from two High Court judges. His lawyers withdrew their application for a writ of habeas corpus.

Screen debut

Unison, the health service union, is to become the first trade union to advertise on television. A £1.2 million recruitment campaign starts on Friday. The 50-second advertisement on Channel 4 features the voice of the actor James Bolam. A cinema campaign may run later.

Post stabbing

A postal worker was seriously ill after being stabbed at a sorting office in Paddington, west London. Kenneth Shaw, 48, was attacked after finding an intruder in the building. A colleague was treated for minor stab wounds. Police are questioning a 60-year-old man.

Shared asset

A four-seater lavatory in the grounds of Cannon Hall, near Barnsley, South Yorkshire, has been restored for £13,000 as a tourist attraction. The 200-year-old earth midden is thought to have been used by the Spencer-Stanhope family. The house now belongs to the council.

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Improperly sterilised cattle feed from rendering plants is blamed for outbreak of 'mad cow' disease

Energy-saving moves may have helped BSE to spread

By MICHAEL HORNSBY
AGRICULTURE
CORRESPONDENT

UNSTERILISED cattle feed is likely to have been the main reason for the outbreak of "mad cow" disease that has killed more than 155,000 animals and cast a blight over British beef, scientists say.

Changes in the way cattle feed was processed in the late 1970s and early 1980s, partly to save energy, allowed the organism that causes bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) to remain infectious. No one realised the dangers at the time.

Although rendering plants where feed is made have changed their methods, scientists say they cannot be certain that all the processes used now destroy the BSE agent completely.

Researchers found that four of the 15 processes now commonly used to render down livestock waste in the European Union produced meat and bone-meal with "detect-

A hospital patient has died of the human version of "mad cow" disease. Gloucestershire Royal Hospital confirmed yesterday that a patient had been a victim of Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease, but would not release further details at the request of relatives. The body has been taken to Frenchay Hospital, Bristol, for a post-mortem examination by a specialist pathology team.

able BSE infectivity". This was tested by injecting the material into the brains of laboratory mice which subsequently showed signs of the disease.

Chris Bostock, head of the molecular biology division at the Institute for Animal Health, in Compton, Berkshire, said: "Because of the post-1973 oil crisis there was pressure to adopt less energy-intensive methods and this led to lower temperatures in the rendering process."

Another important factor, the scientists say, was a sharp decline in the use of a chemical solvent to extract fats from livestock waste such as bone and offal. The steam treatment used to remove the solvent at the end of the process also

helped to inactivate the BSE agent. The chemical was phased out because it was thought to be hazardous to rendering-plant workers.

The findings, reported in *The Veterinary Record*, say: "It appears that the effective exposure of cattle to sufficient [BSE agent] to cause the disease could have been the result of a two-stage process involving the cumulative effect of the two major changes in rendering practices."

The practice of feeding cattle on high-protein meal and bone-meal, produced from the rendered-down bones, offal and other unwanted bits of livestock carcasses, increased hugely after the Second World War. It was found to boost

growth and milk yield and seemed a sensible way of recycling waste material. There are about 25 plants in Britain handling some 1.3 million tonnes of carcass remains.

BSE can survive superheated steam treatment at 135°C. Some of the methods examined achieved only about 120°C and not for long enough.

Regulations introduced throughout the European Union at the start of this year require rendering plants to observe minimum temperature levels. The inclusion of cattle and sheep remains in cattle feed has also been banned since July 1988.

As the controversy continued over the safety of beef, deer farmers and butchers yesterday reported "phenomenal" sales of venison. Nicholas Fletcher, a deer farmer from Auchermuchty, Fife, said sales had increased by 45 per cent last month. "We are working round the clock to meet orders." Beef suppliers have predicted a further drop in beef prices this week.



Workmen easing a model calf into position yesterday on a three-dimensional poster for the RSPCA highlighting the small size of veal crates used to transport calves on the Continent. The poster at Vauxhall, south London, on a site donated by Mills and Allen poster contractors, is campaigning against a crate system banned in Britain since 1990.

America's king of the Santas gives lessons in jollity

By ROBIN YOUNG

GRUMPY British Father Christmas is going on an American charm offensive under instruction from a consultant Santa Claus flown in from the United States.

Tom Valent, from Michigan, who has a master's degree in Santa Clausery and was official Santa of the Year last year, has been brought in by Index, the 130-store catalogue shop chain, to teach its Santas to be more convincingly jolly. Mr Valent, who runs a school for Santas in his home state, is to induct some 30 British redcoats into the subtle arts of festive jollity tomorrow at the Tower Theatre Hotel in London.

A spokesman for Index, part of the Littlewoods group, said the company had been concerned that British Santas might be too dull, and even deficient in knowing the names of their reindeer.

"Tom Valent is the world's number one Santa specialist and trains all the Father Christmases for the official Santa Claus Foundation in Greenland," the spokesman said. "British children are often left cold by characters who look more like Santa Flaws than Santa Claus. Tom Valent will run a one-day

school for our applicants, teaching them how to get the laugh right and the other do's and don'ts of the job."

Mr Valent's school for Santas is the oldest in the world, founded in 1937, and he has 20 years' experience in the role. Index employs Santas on a regional basis to make flying visits to up to ten stores in each area. "It is important to get the right Santas for this job so we wanted the best Father Christmas in the world to help us do it properly," the company's spokesman said.

Mr Valent is accompanied by his wife Holly, who helps to run his school in the persona of Mrs Christmas, an unfamiliar figure in cheerful British grottoes.

Selfridge's, the Oxford Street store, said: "The real Santa has been coming to our store every year since 1909. There is no charge to meet him and everyone is highly delighted to see him. We do not want any lessons from so-called Santa schools."

Harrods, whose Santa dispenses free books and badges, said: "There is only one Santa, and of course he is at Harrods. He is a very jolly character and we have had absolutely no complaints."

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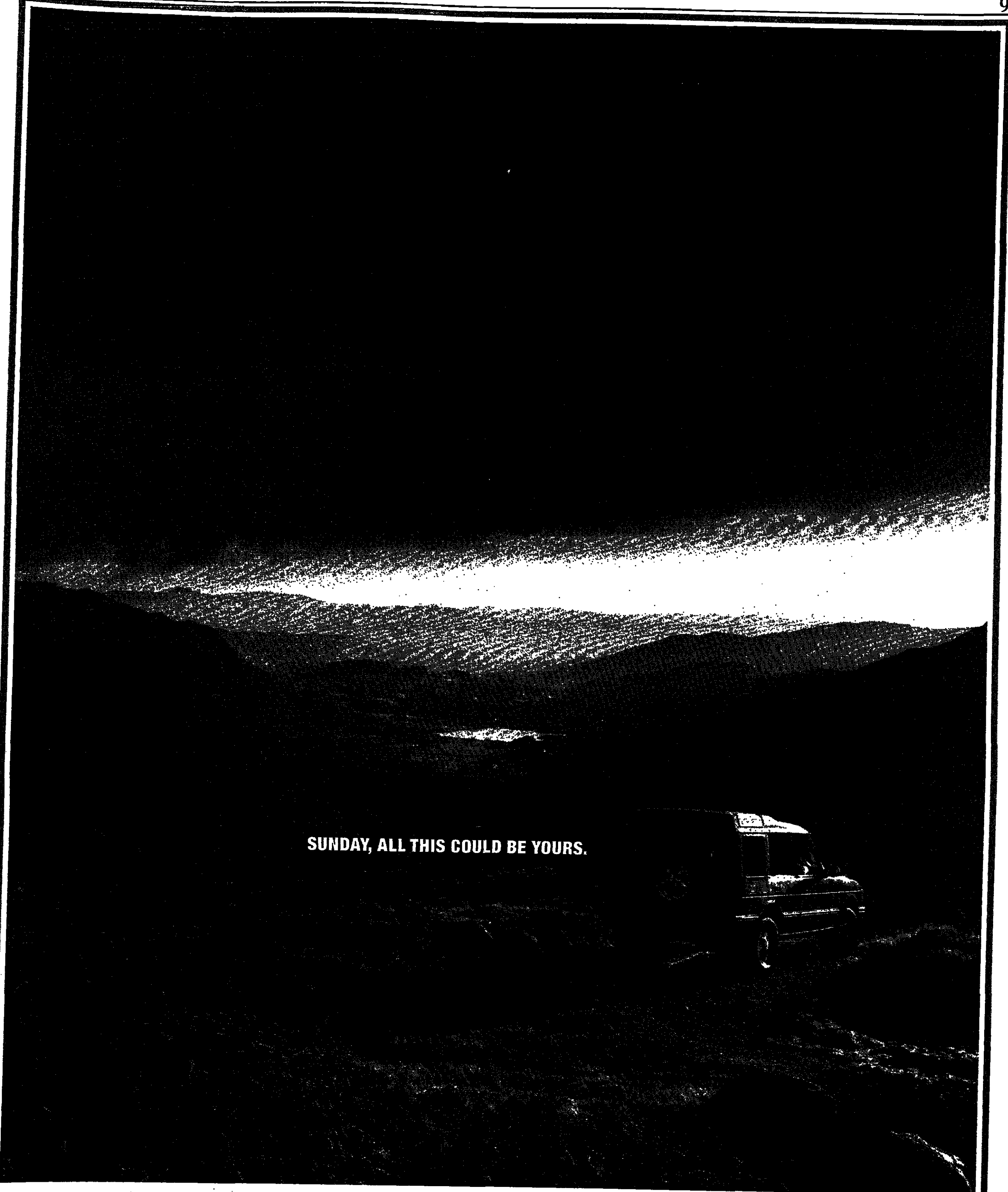
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Howell's criticism puts Major under renewed pressure

BY NICHOLAS WOOD, CHIEF POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT

JOHN MAJOR was facing renewed turmoil over Europe last night after David Howell, a former Cabinet minister, indicated that he was standing down at the next election partly because foreign policy "was coming off the rails".

Mr Howell, chairman of the all-party foreign affairs committee, accused the Government of becoming obsessed with Europe at the expense of British interests in the rest of the world. The Guildford MP's intervention came as John Redwood prepared to renege the internal Tory feud over a European currency.

Today, Mr Redwood, the former Cabinet minister who challenged Mr Major for the Conservative leadership in the summer, will renew his call for him to rule out a single currency in the five-year lifetime of the next Parliament or, at the least, postpone a referendum on the issue.

In an article in *The Times* today, Mr Redwood also criticises France for taking orders from Germany over a single currency.

With European Union leaders due to meet this weekend in Madrid to decide the name of the new currency and to debate Franco-German proposals for deeper integration, the pressure is building on the Prime Minister to stiffen his resistance to closer ties.

At a press conference today, Mr Redwood will launch a crusade to swing business opinion against a single currency as part of his moves to secure a manifesto pledge ruling it out. He will publish a

60-page booklet, which warns firms that economic and monetary union (EMU) would damage the British economy and impose higher costs on the 80 per cent of companies that do not trade abroad and will see no savings from lower currency transaction costs.

Mr Redwood, who plans a nationwide tour to put his case across, will urge companies to learn from their painful experience of the attempt to impose currency stability through the exchange-rate mechanism. The price would again be "unstable interest rates and output".

In his article, Mr Redwood points to the strikes and civil unrest in France as evidence of the folly of hastening to meet the Maastricht conditions for a single currency by the treaty deadline of 1999. He also accuses President Chirac of showing scant gratitude for Mr Major's support for his nuclear testing programme. "He deserved more thanks

than a hectoring joint letter from Germany and France saying they will press on with monetary union. It contained a sideswipe at British pragmatism for daring to question the policy. There is no point in supporting France if they take their inspiration or even their instructions from Berlin."

On BBC radio, Mr Howell indicated that his disenchantment with the Government's European policy lay behind his decision not to contest Guildford again. He said: "I have felt in recent years that foreign policy was coming a bit off the rails and we seem to have lost confidence, or an ability, to count our own enormous strengths and deploy them."

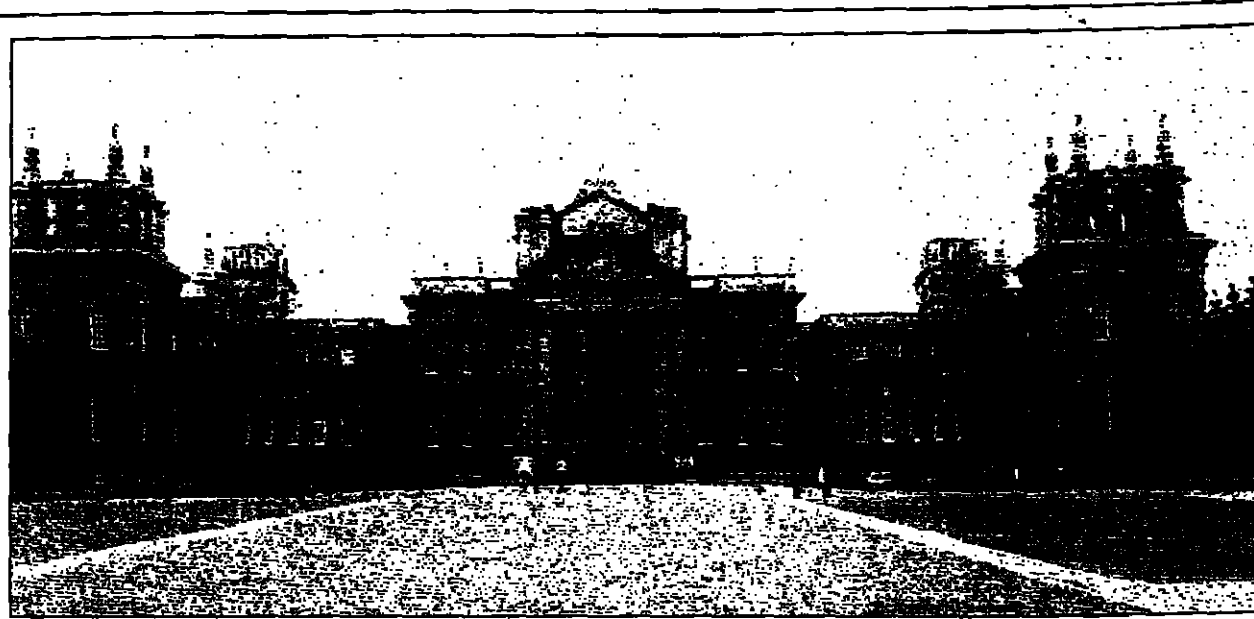
Mr Howell said later that after 30 years in the Commons it was time to move on. But at the same time, his disagreements with policy towards Europe and Bosnia had played a part in his decision. "I plough my own furrow on foreign policy and I am not too thrilled with the ethos of recent years."

He suggested that ministers were overlooking the fact that four fifths of Britain's commercial and financial interests lay outside Western Europe. "We are huge investors around the world," he said. "Vast income comes in from our overseas assets, from the Commonwealth, for instance, and South-East Asia. These are the areas where we have not pursued our interests enough."



Howell: Britain ignoring the rest of world

John Redwood, page 18



The landowners and peers met at Blenheim Palace, ancestral home of the Duke of Marlborough, below right

Worried aristocrats plan for a Blairite Britain

BY ALICE THOMSON, POLITICAL REPORTER

THE British aristocracy is so worried about Labour's tax policies that a group of landowners and peers met last week to make contingency plans for a Blair victory at the next election.

Emigration was even discussed as an alternative to struggling on in "genteel poverty" under their vision of a future Labour government.

Almost a hundred members of the aristocracy went to Blenheim Palace, Oxfordshire, for a "Managing Change" conference, at which they debated what to do if a Labour government began raising taxes and closing loopholes in the system.

The group, led by the Duke of Marlborough, discussed whether new Labour could be trusted to live up to its promises not to return to the days of unearned income being taxed at 98 per cent for the richest few. Many of them have expensive ancestral

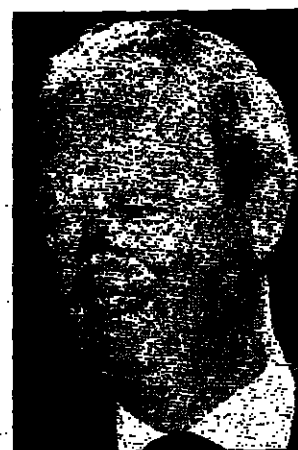
homes to run and are keen to preserve the family Gainsboroughs for future generations.

The duke said: "With a change of Government possible in under two years we need to consider what impact Labour might have on estates such as our own."

Another peer said: "We don't want to be caught with our pants down after the next general election. Many of us are struggling to keep up estates and if Labour decide to be just slightly tougher on us, they could force us to sell up or risk genteel poverty."

However, well-disposed Tony Blair is towards the middle classes. I can't see him inviting landowners along to No. 10 to hear our problems over beer and sandwiches."

Most were urged to realise capital gains early and to use up all their tax quotas. They discussed ways of passing on their inheritance and were



told to think about the possibility of emigrating. They were also advised to accelerate the realisation of income from bonuses, directors' remuneration and dividends. They were briefed by three of the best-known advisers to the Establishment: the accountancy firm Coopers & Lybrand, the land agents Smiths Gore, and the law firm Withers. The advisers told them what to expect from Labour and its tax, inheritance and rural policies. They also briefed them on the Budget and how to get the most out of it.

Coopers & Lybrand predicted income-tax rates of up to 60 per cent with capital-gains tax moving up sharply under Labour. They pointed out that Gordon Brown, the Shadow Chancellor, has said he will not hesitate to tackle "tax abuses and unfair privileges". John Orpen, head of the firm's private-client divi-

Howard denies asylum Bill is racist

BY JAMES LANDALE, POLITICAL REPORTER

MICHAEL HOWARD denied yesterday that his Asylum and Immigration Bill was immoral and rejected Labour claims that it would harm race relations.

Speaking as the Bill came up for second reading in the Commons, the Home Secretary told MPs that firm control of immigration was a vital part of maintaining racial stability. However, Labour accused the Government of trying to stir up racial tensions to win votes before the next election.

Mr Howard said he utterly rejected charges that the Bill was immoral. "It is not immoral to protect our asylum procedures against the current massive levels of abuse. It is not immoral to declare that in our judgment some countries do not give rise to a serious risk of persecution."

"It is not immoral to insist that people arriving from other democratic countries should return to pursue their claims there. It is not immoral to seek to protect employment opportunities for those entitled to live and work here." He was determined to maintain Britain's "proud record" on race relations. Firm immigration control was vital for that.

The Bill aims at cutting bogus asylum applications and speeding up appeals' procedures. It would create a "white list" of safe countries from which successful asylum applications are unlikely, a new offence for employers taking on illegal immigrants, and cut benefits for asylum seekers appealing against a rejected claim.

Jack Straw, the Shadow Home Secretary, said Labour would oppose the Bill and repeated the Opposition's call for the Bill to be sent to a special standing committee. He said the Tories were ready to stir up racial tension to win votes and warned: "This Bill is an enabling Bill, a blank cheque Bill giving wide, ill-defined powers to the Secretary of State to use in regulations."

IN PARLIAMENT

YESTERDAY in the Commons: questions to the Deputy Prime Minister, foreign ministers responsible for overseas development and the MP representing the Church Commissioners were followed by a debate on the Asylum and Immigration Bill, second reading.

In the Lords: debates on Criminal Injuries Compensation Scheme; Education (Scotland) Bill, second reading; administration of the Lords.

TODAY in the Commons: questions to social security ministers and the Prime Minister. Debates on the Health Service Commissioners (Amendment) Bill, second reading; Rating (Caravans and Boat) Bill, second reading.

In the Lords: debates on next year's European inter-governmental Conference; relations between Europe and the United States.

Forsyth warns of devolution danger to £14bn Scottish budget

BY GILLIAN BOWDITCH, SCOTLAND CORRESPONDENT

MICHAEL FORSYTH announced yesterday with a warning that any tampering with the Union could mean less money in future.

The Scottish Secretary said next year's budget, up from £14.3 billion this year, was more than 35 per cent higher per person, than funding for

England. Such a good deal did not "fall into our laps", but depended on having a government committed to the present funding arrangements and a Scottish Secretary in the Cabinet to ensure Scotland's needs were given due prominence.

Referring to opposition parties' plans for devolution, he said: "To tamper with the Union could weaken irretrievably the ability of the Scottish Office to set and meet the

sort of priorities I have outlined today." Those priorities include extra money for the police and the health service. The police authorities are to receive an extra £145 million over the next three years. The money will pay for 500 more officers — 300 of whom will be appointed next year — DNA testing and improved communications.

The National Health Service in Scotland is to receive a 3 per cent

increase. A further £522 million will be switched from management to patient care over the next three years. Mr Forsyth said the extra money would enable the health service to treat 53,000 more patients.

The education budget of £1.27 billion has been frozen, as has that for roads and transport. Nursery vouchers for pre-school children will be introduced in Scotland next year and the Assisted Places

Scheme, which helps families to send their children to private schools, will be doubled. The tourism budget is to rise by £3 million to £18 million.

But Mr Forsyth, addressing the Scottish Grand Committee, also called for belt-tightening and said cuts in Scottish Office administration would save £36 million. The £22 million plan to refurbish St Andrew's House, the Scottish Office's

Edinburgh building, is to be shelved. Scottish Enterprise and Highlands and Islands Enterprise, which support Scottish business, are to have 7.5 per cent budget cuts.

George Robertson, Labour's Scottish spokesman, accused Mr Forsyth of "pretending to be some sort of tartan Santa Claus" when he was presenting about £660 million in cuts in real terms over the next three years.

Tories shrug off blunder

BY JILL SHERMAN, POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT

SENIOR Cabinet ministers pledged yesterday to redouble their efforts to mount an aggressive propaganda campaign, despite Central Office's blunder last week in leaking a draft speech by Lord Mackay of Clashfern that was never made.

Attempts were also being made by senior Tories to play down rumours of a row between Michael Heseltine, the Deputy Prime Minister, and Brian Mawhinney, the Tory party chairman, over the presentation of policy.

A meeting of the Cabinet committee on the co-ordination of government presentation yesterday concluded that Dr Mawhinney should continue his high-profile campaign

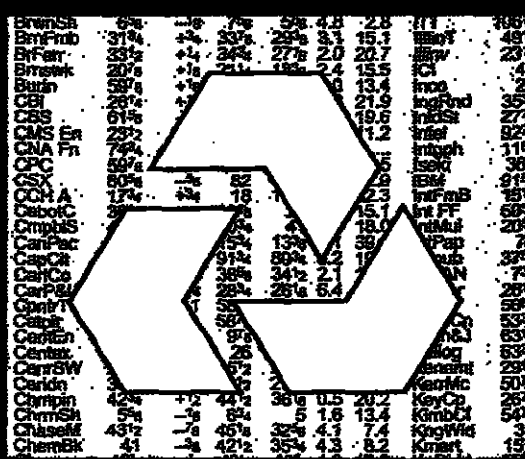
to try to match the tactics employed by Labour spin doctors. The ministers, including Michael Heseltine, Tony Newton, Viscount Cranborne and Dr Mawhinney, also emphasised that there should be no scapegoating of individuals, which would play into Labour's hands.

It was clear afterwards that Dr Mawhinney's colleagues were unhappy with the mistake made by his office last week when it briefed *The Daily Telegraph* on a speech the Lord Chancellor never made. Some ministers expressed concern that Labour had been able to exploit the mistake through the weekend.

Later the Deputy Prime Minister defended Dr

Mawhinney as "a very valued and upright" member of the Government. But in the Commons Mr Heseltine repeatedly failed to answer questions posed by John Prescott, the Labour deputy leader, on the details of the leaked speech.

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East Europeans hope role in peace force will boost Nato membership credentials

Troops from 32 nations to join Balkan mission

By MICHAEL EVANS, DEFENCE CORRESPONDENT

OPERATION Joint Endeavour, Nato's peace mission in Bosnia which will formally get under way after the treaty-signing ceremony in Paris on Thursday, will involve troops from up to 32 countries, including 20,000 soldiers from the United States and 22 from Luxembourg.

Every Nato country except Iceland, which has no army, is contributing troops and equipment for the 12-month deployment of the Implementation Force (Ifor).

Seventeen non-Nato countries have offered troops. Most of them have been accepted for the mission. The only countries not yet confirmed as participants are Bangladesh, Malaysia and Egypt. All three nations played a substantial role during the United Nations peacekeeping mission and are likely to join Nato's operation, but negotiations are still under way.

Planning for the peace operation has been so complex that Nato officials drew up three separate lists: "Green" for those countries all signed up and committed, "Amber" for the ones that have offered but with strings attached and "Red" for the countries whose involvement remains in some doubt.

Operation Joint Endeavour has provided an ideal opportunity for East European countries which want to become members of Nato to improve links with the alliance. Nato officials have said, however, that a willingness to join the Bosnia-Herzegovina operation would not be viewed as the next step towards alliance membership.

Polish commandos, Czech armoured units and troops from eight other former Warsaw Pact nations plan to deploy to Bosnia alongside their new Nato allies. Poland is expected to send up to 900 soldiers to join the American-led multinational division, based at Tuzla in northern Bosnia. The Czechs are offering an 800-strong mechanised battalion to serve with the British in western Bosnia.

Romania, Hungary, Slovakia and Ukraine are providing

engineers, transport units, field hospitals and infantry. Russia has offered 1,500 to 2,000 soldiers. Ukraine has offered Nato the 24th Mechanised Battalion, which is serving in Sarajevo with the UN at present, and a 500-man logistics unit. It is also offering ten transport aircraft but expects to be reimbursed for any flights.

Hungary, which has been

chosen as a staging post for the American 1st Armoured Division, has offered 500 engineers for road and bridge building, but wants its troops to be armed only with personal weapons.

All three Baltic States were eager to get involved. Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia have professed a desire to become members of Nato and this will be their first chance to demon-

strate their skills. Latvia hopes to send 150 soldiers next March or April, depending on financial arrangements.

The Latvian soldiers will arrive in Bosnia looking like British troops because they come from the new Baltic peacekeeping battalion which is being formed with the help of the British armed forces. A Latvian diplomat in London said: "They have been instructed in the British drill. It is not our way, but we are people who can quickly change."

The three smallest contingents will be from Lithuania and Estonia, each expected to send 30 soldiers to serve with the Danes and Finns respectively, and from Luxembourg which has offered 22 soldiers and 11 vehicles.

There are still some uncertainties over where some of the troops will be based and what their role will be. The Belgians have offered about 1,000 troops, but 700 of them are still on United Nations peacekeeping duties in Croatia's Eastern Slavonia province, which is returning to Croatian control after being overrun by Serb forces in 1991.

The Belgian Government wants to keep the 700 soldiers in Eastern Slavonia, where they are serving alongside a Russian battalion. Belgium has called on Nato allies to send more troops to the area because of the potential danger of conflict if the handover to Croatian control leads to violence. It is not clear whether this operation will continue to be under UN control or whether it will switch to Nato command.

In addition, a police task force is to be sent to Bosnia to reintroduce law and order into a country that has been overrun with bandits, black marketeers and thieves during the three and a half years of war.

The officers, some of whom may come from Britain, are to be deployed by the UN across Bosnia as the 60,000-man international peace implementation force keeps the warring factions apart over the next 12 months.

OPERATION JOINT ENDEAVOUR

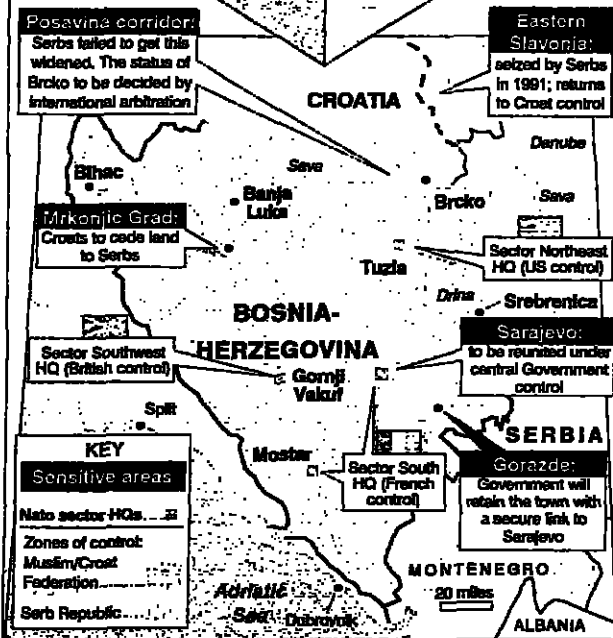
NATO FORCES

US: 20,000
Britain: 13,000
France: 10,000
Germany: 4,000
Italy: 2,300
Netherlands: 1,000
Spain: 1,250
Portugal: 900
Belgium: 1,000
Canada: 1,000
Belgium: 350-1,000
Luxembourg: 22

NON-NATO FORCES

Poland: 900
Czech Republic: 800
Russia: 2,000
Lithuania: 30
Malaysia: 1,600
Pakistan: 3,200
Hungary: 500
Slovakia: 300-400
Ukraine: 500
Finland: 450
Sweden: 670
Estonia: 30
Latvia: 150
Austria: 250
Bangladesh: 1,200

Bangladesh, Malaysia and Egypt are in negotiation but not yet confirmed as members of the peace force



Students demonstrate for a united Sarajevo yesterday as Bosnian Serbs prepared for a referendum on the city's status

Villagers await boom and lust

FROM ADAM LEBOR AT TASZAR AIR BASE, HUNGARY

A VILLAGE in southern Hungary is looking forward to an economic boom in its new role as staging post for 20,000 American Nato troops going to Bosnia. The Pentagon chose Taszar, with a population of 2,000 and home to a former Warsaw Pact air base, as it is only 30 miles from the Croatian border.

Agnes Tapaszti, a local bar owner, said: "We Hungarians are used to having foreigners coming and going through our country. We have had the Turks, Austrians, Germans, Soviets and now the Americans. At least they are an increase in quality."

"Someone in a car with diplomatic plates has already come in and looked around, and told us we needed some Western cigarettes and drinks if the soldiers came here. This is a financial opportunity we have to make the most of."

The operation to bring US troops to southern Hungary started in earnest at the week-

end with the arrival of 111 soldiers, who will create "an intermediate staging base" in readiness for the peace force.

"You'll have approximately 20,000 of the Nato forces flowing through here," said Colonel Ron Williams, who flew in on the first C130 from Ramstein in Germany. About 3,000 troops will be stationed at Taszar and in nearby Kaposvar. A third of them will be engineers and the rest logistical staff.

But some inhabitants of Kaposvar said they feared an influx of crime and Aids. "We are a peaceful community here. It is all going to change," said Tamas Talos. "It is not like when the Russians were here. They were never allowed to leave their base."

"These Americans will be free to roam all over the town. On television, you see GIs in Germany getting into fights on the street. I can imagine a prostitute waiting on every street corner."

Pragmatist wins all sides' respect

By OLIVER AUGUST

MAN IN THE NEWS

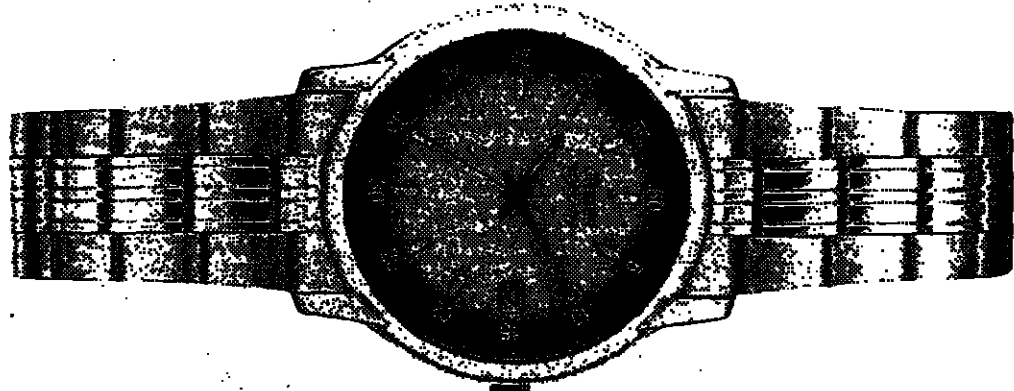
ing, while Herr Steiner, in Sarajevo, will implement the measures agreed at last week-end's London conference. These will include a programme to rebuild houses and restart public services.

Herr Steiner, a pragmatist, is the right man for the job, say Foreign Office officials.



Steiner: German expert is right man for the job

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Ordeal of pilots' families adds to pressure on Chirac

FROM BEN MACINTYRE IN PARIS

EARLY reports that two French pilots shot down over Bosnia last summer are still alive have brought hope to the airmen's anxious wives, but also the grim realisation that the men may have become political pawns in the hands of their captors.

Pavle Bulatovic, Defence Minister of the former Yugoslavia, told a Nato delegation visiting Belgrade that Bosnian Serbs would soon issue a "positive statement" on the missing men, raising hopes that Captain Frédéric Chiffot and Lieutenant José Souvignat, whose Mirage 2000 was shot down over the Bosnian Serb stronghold of Pale on August 30, may be alive and well. The statement would "satisfy" relations of the missing men, Mr Bulatovic said.

The families of the missing airmen have mounted a vigorous campaign to draw attention to them, striking a chord with the French public and bringing intense pressure to bear on the Government of President Chirac. With the Bosnian peace pact due to be signed in Paris on Thursday, M Chirac responded last week by threatening unspecified reprisals unless the Bosnian Serbs provided concrete information on their whereabouts by midnight on Sunday.

M Chirac telephoned President Milosevic of Serbia five

times, emphasising with increasing frustration that he holds him directly responsible for the pilots' safety. But as Sunday's ultimatum came and went, France appeared to back away from its threats, saying only that the peace process was being threatened by the lack of word about the downed pilots.

The French President agreed to meet the pilots' wives tomorrow after they accused the Government of dragging its heels and threatened to attend the signing ceremony. For Nathalie Chiffot and Isabelle Souvignat, government pressure to solve the mystery surrounding the fate of their husbands is welcome but belated, in the wake of four months of nightmarish uncertainty.

"We learnt everything from newspapers and the television. The Ministry of Defence told us nothing," Mme Souvignat said. "To sign the Bosnian peace treaty before our husbands are on their way home is out of the question."

The French Government has said that the signing will go ahead as planned.

The ordeal of the two wives has sparked widespread public sympathy across France and support committees have circulated a petition calling on the Government to increase pressure for the release of the

men. Captain Chiffot's father has lobbied local politicians in the South of France, while the symphony orchestra in Nancy held a fund-raising concert last week near the air base in Lorraine where the two men were stationed.

Since August the pilot's families have swung between hope and despair amid conflicting reports from Bosnia, first that the men were alive and well, but later suggesting they had been murdered, abducted or remain seriously injured in captivity.

In September, *Paris Match* magazine published photographs of the downed pilots, raising hopes of an imminent release. That was followed by strenuous but hitherto fruitless efforts, official and covert, to obtain firm news of the men and to win their release. One French report last week said that one of the men had had a leg amputated and that both were receiving hospital treatment and were too ill to be moved.

In October, Radovan Karadzic, the Bosnian Serb leader, said the men had been abducted by Muslim terrorists from a hospital in Pale.

The pilots' wives and their lawyer say that until last week the Government kept them in the dark and refused to make too big an issue of the missing men for fear of derailing the peace process. "I have been waiting a long time for that," Mme Souvignat told *Le Journal du Dimanche* after M Chirac issued his ultimatum last Tuesday.

But for the pilots' families the waiting may not be over yet. Despite the reports suggesting that the men are alive, speculation is rising that they might be hostages of General Ratko Mladic, the Bosnian Serb forces' chief, who could try to use them as a bargaining chip.

Mr Karadzic has also implied that he could accelerate the release of the men in exchange for assurances about the future of the Bosnian Serb population in Sarajevo. That suggestion was flatly dismissed by the French Government.

Juppé to talk with all union leaders next week

BY BEN MACINTYRE

IN a fresh concession to the unions whose strikes have paralysed France for the past 19 days, Alain Juppé, the Prime Minister, last night announced that the Government would hold meetings next week with all union leaders on the entire range of employment issues.

Earlier, striking French unions widened their demands after a series of meetings between M Juppé and union leaders ended in deadlock and a fresh burst of union defiance.

Marc Blondel, leader of the Force Ouvrière union, demanded negotiations over wages and unemployment, as well as M Juppé's package of welfare reforms which sparked the continuing wave of strikes.

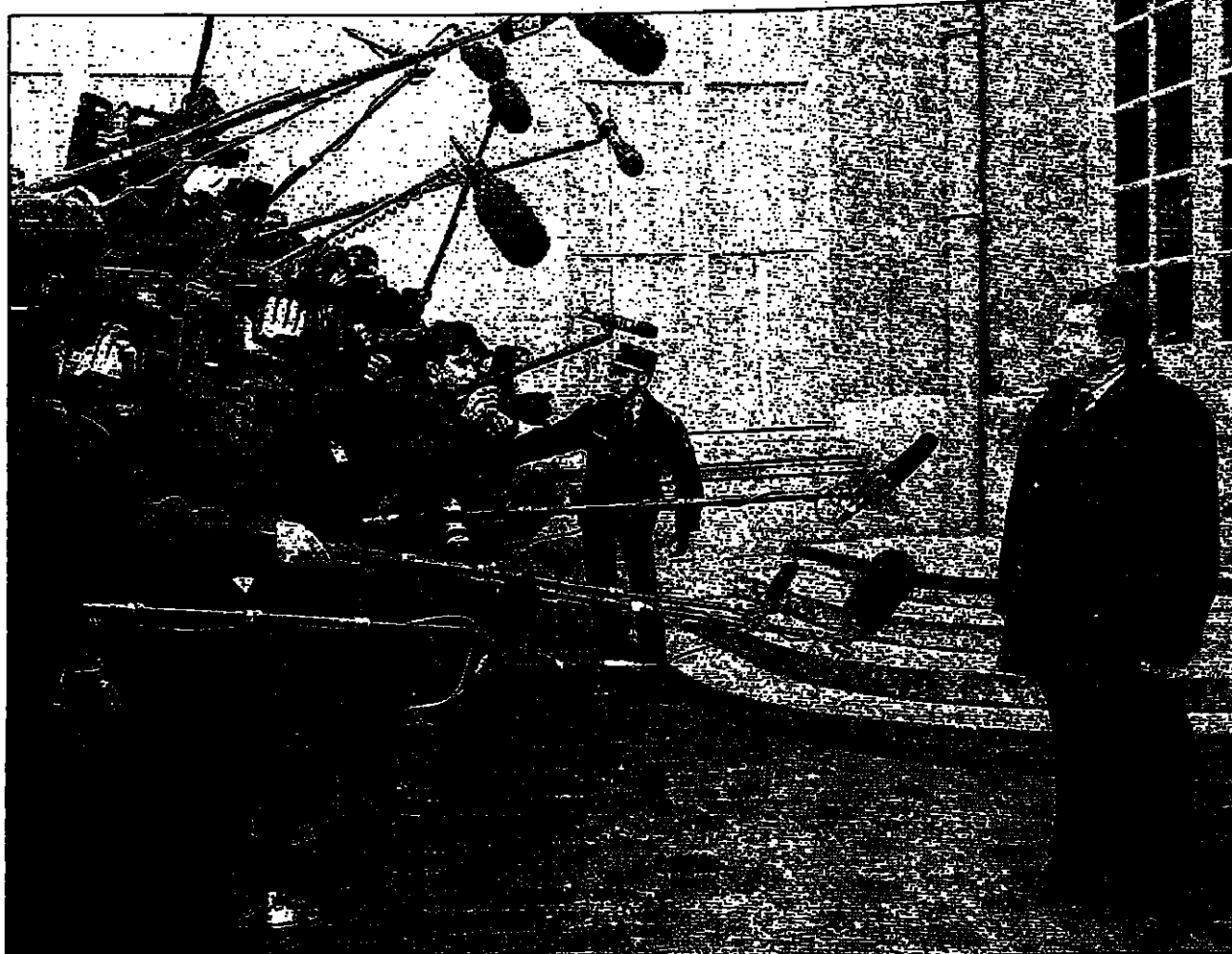
"I urged global talks, involving unions as well as business leaders and most certainly the Government, which should focus not only on the current crisis, but also on matters of unemployment and wages," M Blondel said, in fighting mood after meeting with the Prime Minister.

Union leaders also renewed calls for increased strike action and mass demonstrations to mark another day of action today as the crippling public-sector strike enters its nineteenth day.

After flatly refusing to negotiate for more than two weeks, M Juppé suddenly announced on Sunday that he was now prepared to hold direct meetings with union heads. He also offered concessions on some crucial aspects of welfare reform, while standing firm on the central planks of his plan to overhaul the indebted social security system and to reduce France's deficit in time for European monetary union.

But, instead of defusing the protest, the Government's more malleable stance seemed only to have bred new confidence and increased militancy among the strikers, who may now scent victory.

Most strike leaders appeared unready to compromise as they emerged, one after another, from face-to-



Louis Vianet, leader of the Communist-led CGT union, faces media representatives after seeing Alain Juppé, the Prime Minister, at the Hotel Mâtignon in Paris yesterday. There was "total disagreement", he told reporters.

Instead of defusing the protest, the Government's more malleable stance has bred new confidence and militancy among strikers, who may now scent victory

pressed Government.

"Alain Juppé takes a step back," declared one headline in the Paris press. "Juppé sounds the retreat," announced another newspaper. "Negotiations must end with something concrete, a document, promises," M Blondel said before meeting the Prime Minister.

Although public-sector workers have begun trickling back to work in the last few days, union leaders predicted another huge turnout in response to today's renewed strike call. Last week more than one million people took to the streets, and M Juppé has said that if the number of demonstrators exceeds two million his Government will collapse.

The Prime Minister said he was not averse, in principle, to a "social summit" involving all union leaders. "The important thing is to get around a table and find a solution," M Juppé said, noting that continued strikes would have "cata-



Juppé's concessions did not end strike chaos

strophic economic consequences". But M Blondel said after yesterday's meeting that he believed M Juppé was not prepared to open wide-ranging negotiations.

The Prime Minister must now walk a fine line, since further concessions would seriously undermine his remaining credibility. Financial

markets responded nervously to the perceived government retreat and the franc lost ground in early trading. The opposition Socialist Party has tabled more than 5,000 amendments to legislation that would enable the Government to push through reforms by decree, but M Juppé is expected to employ a constitutional amendment to cut short debate and sidestep the attempted filibuster.

France remained at a standstill yesterday with no trains, underground or bus services in the capital and many other cities. Airline unions have called for another strike on Friday and Saturday, compounding the pre-Christmas travel chaos. The South of France suffered a series of power cuts yesterday as striking electricity workers continued to disrupt power production.

The strikes have affected other public sectors such as hospitals, the post office, schools and docks.

In the southwestern city of Bordeaux, where M Juppé is Mayor, rubbish continued to pile up in the streets as a strike by rubbish collectors continued for a seventh consecutive day. Bus drivers and dock workers also maintained the work stoppage.



Lieutenant Souvignat, left, and Captain Chiffot: the downed officers' fate remains a mystery

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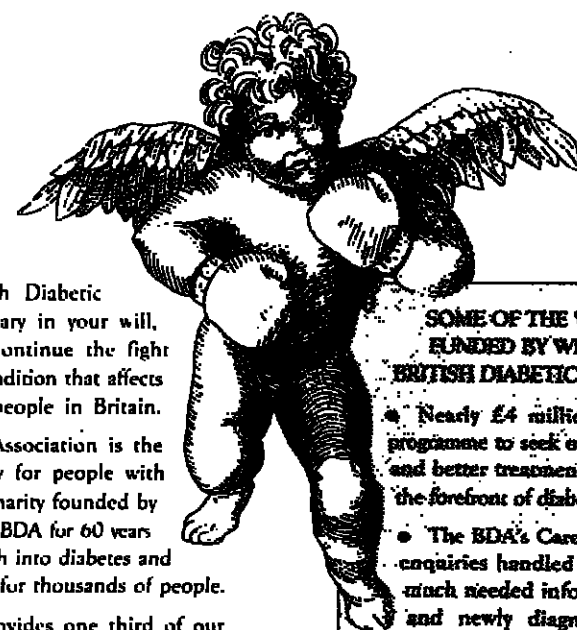
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TIMES 12/12

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Dini backs Kohl on deadline for single currency

FROM PETER BILD IN BONN AND JOHN PHILLIPS IN ROME

LAMBERTO DINI, the Italian Prime Minister, last night distanced himself from British scepticism over Europe's single currency and underlined his support for French and German plans for monetary union starting in 1999.

After a meeting in Bonn with Helmut Kohl, the German Chancellor, Signor Dini did confirm that he supported British ideas for a deeper study of the effects of a single currency on European Union states both inside and outside it. But he was clear that Italy backs the single currency timetable set out in the Maastricht treaty, even though the Italian economy is unlikely to qualify as a founder member of a new currency zone. The study could be completed within two years, he said.

Hints that Italy might help Britain to slow down progress towards a single currency — news that emerged after a meeting between John Major and Signor Dini last week — appear to have been overplayed by Downing Street. Their meeting in Florence took place a day before a summit between Herr Kohl and President Chirac.

The date for a decision to be taken on EMU remains spring 1998. There must be no delay and no procrastination, Signor Dini said. Nothing growing convergence among members, he said that even Italy might qualify in 1998 to join a currency club the following year. The Italian leader backed the Kohl-Chirac line

that weakening the Maastricht criteria or delaying the timetable for EMU "would be a big risk that Europe cannot afford". He said that it was false to interpret his meeting with Mr Major as support for slowing progress towards full monetary union.

Italy takes over the European presidency from Spain next year and will host the start of the inter-governmental conference at the end of March to plan enlargement and to reshape the institutions of the EU. The exercise is due for completion by mid-1997.

Signor Dini highlighted problems that could arise between members and non-members of a single currency club, the so-called "ins" and "outs", after 1999. Germany is worried about potential currency devaluations among the "outs" which would damage its export competitiveness. Ita-

ly is concerned that it could come under huge pressure from foreign exchange markets to raise interest rates to defend the lira, which could make single currency membership a distant dream.

"We have to be sure that economic and monetary union does not put the whole European edifice at risk," Signor Dini said. He added that he had told Herr Kohl that Italians were strongly pro-European; that was true whatever the complexion of the Government.

Without directly criticising Franco-German plans, Signor Dini was sceptical about the Kohl-Chirac move to insert a clause into the Maastricht treaty to enable members to opt out of decisions on European integration without holding up the rest of the Union. The proposed clause is seen as a warning shot to Britain to avoid foot-dragging, which would exclude it from the core of European decision-making.

Signor Dini opposed proposals to create a two-speed Europe. "Anything which tends to divide European countries would be negative," he said.

Yesterday, the Italian parliament began examining Signor Dini's 1996 budget to ensure that it would put Rome on course for meeting EMU targets. The Prime Minister is intent on reducing Italy's budget deficit from about 7.9 per cent of gross domestic product to the Maastricht maximum of 3 per cent.



Dini: rejecting British calls for EMU delay

Businessman on corruption charges to be head of Fiat

FROM JOHN PHILLIPS IN ROME

CESARE ROMITI, the managing director of Fiat who Italian magistrates want to try on corruption charges, yesterday was named the new chairman of the vast industrial empire to replace Gianni Agnelli.

A brief Fiat statement said that Signor Agnelli, who will turn 75 in March, is to leave the chairmanship of Italy's largest private company "in the next months". The appointment of Signor Romiti was a surprise because of the judicial woes of the managing director. Signor Agnelli's brother, Umberto, had been widely expected to take over the Fiat helm.

Signor Agnelli "will remain always close to Fiat for the most important decisions" since he remains chairman of

the IFI holding company that owns the industrial group, the statement said. The magazine previously announced in 1992 that he would stand down by 1994, but he remained as chairman to navigate his empire through a difficult period.

Magistrates in Turin last week requested that Signor Romiti stand trial on corruption charges together with the chief financial officer of the company, Francesco Paolo. Signor Romiti is frequently quoted on national economic and political issues. Most recently, the Fiat managing director had caused a minor political storm by indicating he has more faith in the former Communists, the Democratic Party of the Left (PDS), than the conservative Freedom Alliance, led by

media tycoon Silvio Berlusconi, who faces trial on corruption charges next month. Political commentators interpreted this as an attempt to curry favour with the magistrates in Turin.

Signor Agnelli told a conference of managers in Turin yesterday that Fiat now has "overcome the emergency phase of its accounts" and that he therefore would reinsert into the company statute a clause stipulating an age limit of 75 for operational jobs.

He said Signor Romiti will "assume responsibility of the company in the next years" to guide the "generational changeover" towards a younger management. It is assumed Giovanni Agnelli, Umberto's son, will eventually take control of the dynasty.



A policeman checks the debris after a letter bomb exploded yesterday at a post office in Graz, southern Austria. A second device did not explode. Police believe that the incident and earlier letter bomb attacks, in which four people died, were the work of right-wing extremists (Marcia Hill writes). Nobody was injured in the blast in

Austria mail blast

Graz, which is 100 miles south of Vienna. "It was like a flash of blue lightning. I thought it was a firecracker," one witness said. Police are examining the second unexploded bomb. This is the fifth series of bombs

since 1993. Four men were killed in Oberwart last February and more than 12 people have been injured, including Helmut Zilk, the former Mayor of Vienna. Police have issued a warning that the bombs have become more sophisticated and could be detonated by high-frequency radio signals, such as those from mobile phones.

Weary voters shun Zhirinovsky

FROM RICHARD BEESTON IN MOSCOW

RUSSIA'S nationalist demagogue, Vladimir Zhirinovsky, who was once tipped for the Kremlin leadership, is resorting to shock tactics to avert a humiliating defeat in parliamentary elections on Sunday.

According to the latest opinion polls and expert predictions, the maverick neo-Fascist, who secured nearly a quarter of the vote two years ago, is likely only to scrape into parliament.

"The electorate of Vladimir Zhirinovsky's Liberal Democratic Party of Russia is dwindling away and the party will be forgotten six months after the parliamentary elections," the *Rossiyskiye Vesti* newspaper predicted in an analysis of its decline.

An opinion poll released at the weekend showed the party in sixth place with just over the 5 per cent required to qualify for seats in parliament. The survey, published

in the daily *Nezavisimaya Gazeta*, suggested that Mr Zhirinovsky's party had secured 5.7 per cent support. The Communists had 22.9 per cent, the centrist Our Home is Russia had 10.9 per cent, the centre-left Women of Russia had advanced to 10 per cent, the liberal Yabloko had 9.5 per cent and the nationalist Congress of Russian Communities had 6.5 per cent.

The opinion poll appeared to confirm that Mr Zhirinovsky's opponents have learnt from his skilful 1993 campaign, when he manipulated the media and presented the only nationalist platform.

His attempt to repeat his coup has landed him in trouble. The Central Election Commission warned the ultra-nationalist at the weekend that, unless he toned down his rhetoric, it would recommend that his party be banned from participating in the elections.



RUSSIAN ELECTION

for the Jews. Despite such tactics, experts predicted that it was too late for a comeback, even allowing for Mr Zhirinovsky's considerable debating talents on television and the large percentage of undecided voters.

"Everyone knows everything by now, preferences have been made and the television campaign causes nothing but heartburn," said Mark Urnov, the head of the presidential analytical centre.

□ Chechen ambush: Akhmed Zakayev, a minister in the Chechen separatist government who has been involved in peace talks with Russia, was seriously injured and several other people were killed in an ambush on their convoy, Tass reported yesterday. Russian military sources said the attack happened near a Russian military post about 20 miles from Grozny, the Chechen capital. (AFP)

Killing of children becoming war tactic

By Peter Capella

WITH two million killed and about four million disabled in the past ten years, children are increasingly becoming the targets as well as the victims of modern warfare, according to Unicef.

In its annual report, *The State Of The World's Children*, the United Nations Children's Fund says that 90 per cent of the victims of conflict are civilians instead of soldiers, compared with 70 per cent during the Second World War and about 50 per cent in the 19th century.

The agency claims that children are the most vulnerable, and often face the choice of being viewed as a future enemy or being recruited as soldiers. The report quotes one inflammatory radio broadcast in Rwanda shortly before the genocide which said "to kill the big rats, you have to kill the little rats".

The agency blames more lightweight weapons for the "frightening escalation" in the number of child soldiers in 25 countries. It says children can be proficient killers and better soldiers than adults. "They do as they are told, they are less likely to run away and they do not demand salaries," according to the report.

Unicef also highlights the deliberate use of sexual violence against children in recent wars. During fighting in Bosnia-Herzegovina and Croatia, teenagers were deliberately raped "to force them to bear the enemy's child".

Unicef has produced an anti-war agenda that includes a pledge to boycott companies linked with landmine production. The report also underlines substantial progress in children's welfare accomplished in more peaceful regions in the past 35 years.

□ Congress critic: Daniel Spiegel, the US Ambassador to the United Nations in Geneva, delivered an unprecedented attack yesterday on "forces of reaction and isolation" in Congress, accusing them of driving the UN to the brink of bankruptcy with massive cuts in American contributions. "They are turning our country into the international equivalent of a deadbeat dad, the absent father who won't support his children," he said.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Six die in Madrid bombing

Madrid: Suspected Basque terrorists detonated a car bomb in a busy plaza of the Spanish capital yesterday afternoon, killing six people and injuring 18 others, three seriously, just days before a European Union summit here (Edward Owen writes).

Five of the six dead were civilian employees of the Spanish Navy, travelling in an unmarked minibus. The other fatality was a woman passer-by. Police suspected that the blast was caused by about 50kg of chemicals detonated by Eta separatists.

Nerve gas pleas

Tokyo: Two senior members of the Aum Shinrikyo cult pleaded guilty at a public hearing to spreading sarin gas in Tokyo's subway last March in an attack that killed 12 people, reports said. (AP)

Desert storms

Dubai: Heavy rains, hail and fog hit the desert Arab Gulf states, killing nine people in a road accident in Saudi Arabia and causing flight delays in the United Arab Emirates, officials reported. (AFP)

Arson deaths

Athens: An Albanian father, two of his children and a nephew died, and four other members of his family were in critical condition, after arsonists set fire to their apartment here. (AP)

Kaifu to quit

Tokyo: The former Prime Minister, Toshiki Kaifu, is to quit as leader of Japan's main opposition party, Shinshinto, and will back its secretary-general, Ichiro Ozawa, as his successor. (Reuters)

Burns victim dies

New York: Harvey Kaufman, 30, the subway clerk badly burnt when robbers set fire to his booth in an attack copied from a new film, *The Money Train*, has died. There have been more such raids. (Reuters)

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Democrats exploit Gingrich factor in California poll

FROM MARTIN FLETCHER IN WASHINGTON

THE people of San Jose, California, vote today in a congressional by-election, and the result will reverberate across the continent.

The Democrats have shamelessly turned the contest into a referendum on Newt Gingrich, believing that the man hailed as America's de facto President barely a year ago has become the Republican Party's biggest liability.

Just as the Republicans seized Congress by running against President Clinton in November last year, so the Democrats see challenging the House Speaker as their route to recovery next November.

Tom Campbell, the Republican candidate in San Jose, is a social moderate who disagrees with much of Mr Gingrich's agenda, but you would never know that from listening to Jerry Estruth, his Democratic opponent.

"Mr Gingrich has the most radical agenda in the history

of the country," Mr Estruth, a stockbroker, told every campaign rally. "Do you want to continue what Newt Gingrich has been doing, or do you want to say no to Newt Gingrich's agenda? If you're satisfied with the direction he is taking the country, then vote for Tom Campbell."

The Democrats' campaign literature refers to the "Gingrich-Campbell team". California's Democratic Party chairman even offered to fly Mr Gingrich out from Washington so he could campaign for his "old friend and ally, Tom Campbell". The strategy has paid off: Mr Estruth has steadily eroded Mr Campbell's daunting lead to the point that today's outcome is too close to call.

Ron Wyden, the Democratic candidate in a Senate by-election in Oregon next month, is also portraying his race against a moderate Republican as a "choice between

mainstream values and extreme values".

The public has recoiled in recent weeks from the perceived harshness of Mr Gingrich's "Republican Revolution". He is being investigated by an independent counsel for alleged campaign finance violations. The majority of Americans see him as abrasive and confrontational, and his petulant complaints about ill-treatment on Air Force One last month made him the subject of national ridicule.

Polls show that the Speaker is now as unpopular as President Nixon was at the height of the Watergate scandal and Republican congressmen have begun distancing themselves from him. Even Mr Gingrich has admitted that he fears he is undermining his own "revolution". When he returned to Washington, he promised to adopt a lower profile — a pledge few believe he is capable of fulfilling.



Lisa Marie Presley leaves Beth Israel Medical Centre North in New York after visiting her husband Michael Jackson, the pop star. Doctors said he was showing signs of recovering from a viral ailment that made him collapse at a rehearsal last week

Peres urges US to break Syria talks deadlock

FROM TOM RHODES IN WASHINGTON

SHIMON PERES, the Israeli Prime Minister, urged the United States yesterday to help to break the deadlock in peace negotiations with Syria and bring an end to conflict in the Middle East.

In his first visit to Washington since the assassination of Yitzhak Rabin, Mr Peres was expected to discuss with President Clinton the possibility of a formal alliance between Israel and America and to offer proposals to revive stalled talks with Damascus over the Golan Heights.

From his first day in office after the death of Mr Rabin last month, Mr Peres has made peace with Syria an overriding priority and said he had brought a number of ideas to the White House to help in engineering a settlement. In earlier visits to Jordan and Egypt, Mr Peres appeared to have gained support for a Syrian deal from King Hussein and President Mubarak.

"The Syrians are sending messages that they are prepared to listen to new proposals," he said at a memorial rally for Mr Rabin in New York's Madison Square Garden the previous day. "Now maybe we can [make] peace with Syria and Lebanon. If we succeed, this shall be the end of war in the Middle East."

Syria and Israel last held talks in June; they foundered over Israeli demands for early-warning stations on the Golan Heights, the plateau captured during the 1967 war which has become a symbol of division between the two countries. Syria has always made peace conditional on a complete withdrawal of Israeli

forces from Golan, while Israel has said that the scope of its pullout must depend on Syria's willingness for peace.

America has been working behind the scenes to push the process forward before the Peres visit. Mr Clinton has made the Middle East a foreign policy priority since the start of his Administration.

Dennis Ross, the chief US mediator in the Middle East, has held meetings with President Assad of Syria and it was announced that Warren Christopher, the Secretary of

Jerusalem: Israel is to build another 100 homes for Jewish settlers on the annexed Golan Heights which the Syrian Government wants back in exchange for peace, officials said yesterday.

Benjamin Ben-Eliezer, the Housing Minister, approved the building of the flats at Katzrin on Sunday, said Sammy Bar-Lev, the mayor of the Golan's main Jewish settlement. (AFP)

State, would visit Jerusalem and Damascus soon after Mr Peres's trip to Washington.

□ Rabat: Mr Peres plans to discuss ways of accelerating the Middle East peace process when he meets King Hassan of Morocco on his return from Washington tomorrow (Mark Hubbard writes). A senior source close to the King confirmed yesterday that Mr Peres had requested the meeting with the monarch in Rabat. Morocco has been encouraging the Israelis and Palestinians to exploit the momentum for peace created by the Rabin assassination.

Husain orders arrest of Israeli deal critic

BY CHRISTOPHER WALKER, MIDDLE EAST CORRESPONDENT

KING HUSAIN of Jordan has launched a crackdown against opponents of his 14-month peace treaty with Israel by sanctioning the arrest of one of his most outspoken and popular critics. Laith Shubailat has been charged with creating civil strife, an offence that could carry a death sentence.

Jordanian officials said the Hashemite monarch was trying to break down resistance among the Islamic-dominated professional unions, which represent more than 100,000 people. They have ordered the expulsion of any member working with Israelis.

Mr Shubailat, the head of the 35,000-strong engineers' union and a former MP, was arrested at the weekend,

sparking widespread protests. A judicial source in Amman said he had been "charged with violating the dignity of the King and incitement in breach of the criminal law".

He could face a life sentence with hard labour for incitement of civil war or calling on Jordanians to take up arms against each other, although the death sentence can also be applied if the incitement leads to material damage.

Before his arrest, Mr Shubailat said: "Jordan is boiling and sitting under a revolution much bigger than the 1989 revolution." He was referring to riots that erupted over soaring prices and prompted the King to call the first election since 1967.

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Peking may allow foreign press to attend Wei's trial

FROM JONATHAN MIRSKY IN HONG KONG

THE trial of Wei Jingsheng, China's most famous dissident, will open tomorrow and foreign reporters may be permitted to attend while Mr Wei defends himself. It was announced yesterday.

However, no foreign lawyers will be allowed to defend Mr Wei, the spokesman for the Peking Intermediate People's Court said. An international committee of former Attorneys-General, including Nicholas Katzenbach and Richard Thornburgh who served Presidents Lyndon Johnson and George Bush, chief justices, and bar chairmen from America, Canada, Britain, Singapore, and France have applied for visas to join in Mr Wei's defence.

He is charged with planning to overthrow the State and faces a minimum ten-year sentence and possible execution. In 1979 he was sentenced to 15 years in prison after publishing essays and writing wall posters attacking the Communist Party. Mao Tse-tung and Deng Xiaoping. Briefly released in 1983, Mr Wei was rearrested last year. After 20 months it was announced that he would be tried for sedition. He was nominated for a Nobel Prize this year. The spokesman for the Peking court said that, in accordance with the country's procuratorial system, judges were interrogating Mr Wei to examine the state procurator's charges. "There is no need for Wei's family to be present," he said. "This practice is the same the world over."

A panel of judges will conduct the trial, which could last only one day. In accordance with the maximum "verdict first, trial later", Chinese courts rarely find defendants not guilty and Mr Wei's punishment is likely to be harsh.

"You could not call this a secret trial. It is open," the spokesman said.

He added that Mr Wei's family could attend as well as "the public", which in China means selected witnesses. Some experts believe that Mr Wei may be deported, perhaps on medical grounds, in accordance with past trials of well-known dissidents — most recently that of the US citizen Harry Wu, who received a 15-year sentence for penetrating China's gulag system, but was expelled to the United States on the same day.

However, Mr Wu was an American for whom the White House spoke strongly. Other well-known Chinese dissidents who have been expelled in past years served as chips in Sino-American bargaining.

That game essentially is over and Peking knows it. In 1993, Mr Wei himself wrote to President Clinton that, for American capitalists, "anything goes" and that "hostage transactions used the freedom of the prisoner as a bargaining chip in the economic poker

game". But soon after his release in 1993 Mr Wei also said that, without international pressure, he would have died in prison.

When Helmut Kohl, the German Chancellor, visited Peking last month he handed over a list of political prisoners to his hosts, with Mr Wei's name at the top. When Peking responded by announcing its intention to try him, America and other countries responded rapidly. During his recent summit with President Jiang Zemin in New York, President Clinton is said to have inquired about Mr Wei and three other prisoners.

That contrasts with previous years when the officials of the United States and other countries made a point of inquiring about imprisoned dissidents — sometimes numbering several hundred — whose names were on lists.

In March 1993, John Shattuck, the Assistant Secretary of State for Human Rights, met Mr Wei in Peking. Mr Wei was almost immediately rearrested, as was his secretary, who remains in prison. Since then most of the very small dissident community in China, who in any event were in only loose contact with each other, have been silenced. At least a dozen members have disappeared without trace into the maw of the security police system.

Of those, Wang Dan, who had already served a four-year sentence as a Tiananmen "black hand" and been paroled, is the most famous. His mother and the wives and mothers of other detainees have clamoured for news of their relations but without success.

Leading article, page 19



Wei foreign lawyers have been excluded

South Korean prosecutors reopen Chun bribe inquiry

FROM AGENCE FRANCE-PRESSE IN SEOUL

SOUTH KOREAN prosecutors yesterday reopened an investigation into corruption scandals from the 1980s involving former President Chun Doo Hwan, already detained over his role in a 1979 military coup.

Prosecutors said they are also preparing to add corruption charges to the list when Mr Chun, who is on hunger strike in jail, is indicted this month for masterminding the coup. The former dictator was jailed on December 2 on charges of arresting senior army commanders in 1979 and of ordering soldiers to shoot pro-democracy demonstrators in the city of Kwangju.

For the past nine days, Mr Chun, 64, has been drinking

only barley tea to protest his innocence. He has lost almost a stone but prison doctors check his health twice a day, officials said. Prosecutors said they had interviewed several business tycoons in the past week about Mr Chun's activities and confirmed that in 1988 he raised more than \$390 million in a slush fund.

"Some conglomerate leaders have been investigated to see whether Chun has salted away any money and if so how much," said Choi Hwan, the head of the Seoul district prosecutors' office. News reports said Mr Chun collected between \$6.5 million and \$13 million at a time in return for allowing a conglomerate to take over an insolvent but

potentially lucrative firm. For a licence to open a golf course, Mr Chun allegedly collected between \$13 million and \$6.5 million. Prosecutors said the businessmen involved would not be charged because of a five-year statute of limitations.

Mr Chun was succeeded in the presidency by his 1979 military coup colleague, Roh Tae Woo, who has been jailed after admitting to raising a \$650 million slush fund while in office from 1988 to 1993. Prosecutors who are investigating bribes to Roh questioned Kim Yong Ho, the Seoul branch head of the US Lockheed Martin company, yesterday over South Korea's decision to buy American-made fighter jets.



Three rare Sumatran tiger cubs make their public debut at Taronga Zoo in Sydney yesterday, six and a half weeks after their birth. The species is close to extinction, with at most 600 in the wild and 200 in captivity

Embassies tighten security after Hun Sen denounces the West

FROM TOM WALKER IN PHNOM PENH

WESTERN embassies are tightening their security arrangements and expatriates have been advised to stock food after Hun Sen, Cambodia's Prime Minister, stepped up his attacks on "foreign interference" in the affairs of his destitute country.

Speaking outside a military rehabilitation centre at the weekend, the former Communist repeated his threat of demonstrations against Western powers, defying calls for the release of Prince Norodom Sirivudh from jail. He also promised a new clampdown on press freedoms.

"I have called for a patriotic movement to protect the independent sovereignty of this country," he said in a rambling diatribe before 2,000 crippled soldiers. Buddhist monks and flag-waving children. "Let Khmer solve Khmer problems themselves."

Swinging from one extreme to another, Mr Hun Sen backtracked from threats he made last week — taped and verified — to storm embassy compounds, promising instead that any errant demonstrators would be shot. "If they disturb embassies," he said,

"please shoot on the spot. Embassies can be considered as independent land."

Far from reassuring diplomats, his remarks have served only to increase fears that he is taking Cambodia back down the path of isolation. "I waver on the question as to whether he is mad," said one official. Sources confirmed that agents have visited embassies to strengthen security. The Cambodia Daily, an English-language newspaper, last week reported briefings by

French and American organisations, and said expatriates had been warned to avoid crowds, stock food and to register at their embassies.

The paper's days may be numbered, as Mr Hun Sen singled out it and the Agence France-Presse news service for criticism. "The ministry has to immediately investigate those newspapers that publish against the truth," he said. "Why is it allowed to be based in Cambodia?"

Journalists caught "turning white to black", he said, faced punishment. "If there is a grenade explosion at the embassy, any who exaggerate the truth will be arrested." Turning to the two Western reporters present, from The Times and Australia's News Corporation, Mr Hun Sen demanded: "Those few pointed noses, what newspapers do they work for?"

Events this year, Mr Hun Sen's tenth in power, have shown his increasing discomfort with free speech. He has been linked with two grenade attacks — on a newspaper editor's house and a rally by his coalition's liberal Buddhist partners — and the sacking of

a newspaper office. Mr Hun Sen had uncannily given a warning of violence days before each event.

Apart from the local press, Mr Hun Sen has been rattled by international reports depicting him as a dictator in waiting. Journalists have focused on heroin trafficking, illegal logging, rampant prostitution and kickbacks from Malaysian developers.

Prince Sirivudh, a leading light in the royalist party that partners Mr Hun Sen's People's Party in the Government, was one of a handful of politicians trying to stop the rot.



Hun Sen: threat to arrest journalists

Rwanda tells aid agencies to leave

FROM SAM KILEY IN NAIROBI

RWANDA yesterday ordered 38 aid agencies running programmes worth millions of dollars to leave the country within a week and leave their vehicles and equipment behind. The move was seen as a protest against the slow prosecution of those responsible for the genocide of a million Rwandans last year.

The Rwandan Government, dominated by the Tutsi tribe, appears to have targeted French agencies in particular, because the French Government supported the previous regime with arms and ammunition up to, and during, the genocide committed by Paris's allies.

Agencies ordered to leave include Médecins sans Frontières (France), Action International Contre Le Faim (France), Terre des Hommes Suisse, Médecins du Monde and Care Australia. The expulsions of Médecins sans Frontières and Care are particularly puzzling because the two organisations have been strong supporters of the Rwandan Government's demands that Hutu extremists who planned the atrocities last year should be tried and punished, rather than receive international aid donations in their camps in Zaire and Tanzania.

Médecins sans Frontières France and Care Canada have refused to work inside the Hutu refugee camps in protest at intimidation of their workers and the rearming of the Hutus by French arms suppliers, which continued at least until last July, after a million Tutsis and Hutu moderates had been slaughtered in Rwanda.

Christine Umuntu, the Deputy Rehabilitation Minister, said that the expulsions were irreversible because the relief organisations had been given a year to register with the Government and had failed to comply. "All equipment destined for relief is supposed to remain in Rwanda, with local non-governmental organisations or with other government agencies," she said.

The Government, smarting at the slow response of donors in supplying it aid directly, has already ordered the 1,800 United Nations "blue helmets" stationed there to leave.

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Slapped cheek disease is a common childhood complaint

When ruddy cheeks are not healthy

IF A child whose complexion is normally pallid suddenly looks like a subject in a Mabel Lucy Atwell illustration, the cause may not be burgeoning good health but slapped cheek disease. Technically known as *Erythema infectiosum*, it is spread by a small round virus, Parvovirus B19, usually by coughs and sneezes but sometimes through transfusions.

The infection is normally caught in childhood and immunological tests on the blood of adults show that 60 per cent have had the disease. Although little known, slapped cheek disease is so common that it is also called Fifth Disease, as it is one of the five common infections of childhood.

The rash is fairly striking: the child, usually aged between two and 14, has bright red cheeks, just the type portrayed in Mabel Lucy Atwell's illustrations and in most late 19th-century child portraits. The rash may spread to the rest of the body a day or two after it has appeared on the cheeks. There it appears as a fine blotchy rash — sometimes described as lacy — on the arms, legs and trunk but, unlike many other rashes, it only rarely involves the palms and soles.

The rash is also unusual in that for some months afterwards, sunlight, emotion, heat or fever will trigger a recurrence of the bright red cheeks. The disease is associated with a mild constitutional upset and usually a minimally raised temperature. The incubation period is four to 14 days and incidence of the disease is cyclical. For a couple of years it is seen only sporadically; thereafter for the next two years it usually occurs in epidemics.

A long review of Parvovirus B19 in the *British Medical Journal* emphasises that children who catch Parvovirus B19 have it easy. In adults it can cause very much more sinister troubles.

In adult infections, particularly if the patient is a woman, the virus can be a cause of acute arthritis. When submitting blood for analysis during the investigation of a case of joint pains, doctors rarely ask for immunological tests to disclose the presence of B19 infection. A recent study, also in the *BMJ*, showed that in 6.7 per cent of those in whom rheumatoid arthritis was suspected, the cause of the joint disease was Parvovirus B19.

In 90 per cent of patients with arthritis, the joint pains have disappeared within two months. In the others, it can be persistent and sometimes lasts for years. Other patients who catch B19 complain of numbness and tingling in their hands and feet, for it can be a cause of peripheral neuropathy.

SOME OTHER groups of adults are vulnerable to serious ill-effects if they catch B19.

As with the rubella (German measles) virus, so with the Parvovirus — both can cross the placenta and affect the unborn baby. About 10 per cent of foetuses in women who are infected by Parvovirus die as a result. Fortunately, if the baby survives, there is no evidence that it is any worse for the experience. Abortion is therefore not considered in these cases.

Patients who are immuno-compromised may develop severe anaemia and others who have some chronic form of anaemia may suffer a crisis during an infection.



DR THOMAS STUTTARD

The new way to stop your baby crying

Osteopathy is the new method of treating children for complaints from autism to crying. Julia Llewellyn Smith reports

RYAN, a blond three-year-old, is lying on his back, eyes closed in blissful peace. His mother sits beside him, holding his hand tightly. A woman sits behind him, massaging his head with light, almost imperceptible motions. Ryan is a regular visitor to the Osteopathic Centre for Children in London. He has severe cerebral palsy and on his first visit, aged 11 weeks, he was not expected to survive.

"When he was born he was officially dead and for a long time he was a very sick boy," explains his father.

"His epilepsy was so severe that for a time he was having 100 fits a day." Now Ryan's parents, who cannot be named because of a pending negligence suit, report that his progress has improved remarkably. "Before he was so drugged that he just lay there like a stuffed doll. Now it's like having a child. He's lively and demanding. He hasn't had a fit in 14 months and, although we were told he wouldn't feed, he's an excellent feeder," says his father. "We're talking now about sending him to school in the new year."

Once a week Ryan's family make a three-hour round trip to the OCC in Cavendish Square, stone's throw from Oxford Street. The OCC receives 20,000 visits a year from 6,000 children, whose complaints range from severe handicaps to autism, glue ear, colic, asthma and simple irritability.

Adults have been consulting osteopaths for more than 30 years, and now it is becoming a popular way of treating babies and children too. Osteopaths believe that many illnesses begin when parts of the body's structure come out of alignment. With gentle manipulation, the balance can be restored and illness cured. Stuart Korth, the founder of



Lady Mancroft and the Hon Arthur and Georgia Mancroft with Stuart Korth

the OCC, has no hard data to support his claims, but is convinced that his treatments can revolutionise children's healthcare.

Mr Korth would like every baby to be checked by an osteopath immediately after birth. A baby goes through tremendously compressive forces during its journey down the uterine canal, and the 29 bones which make up the newborn skull can be pushed out of alignment, hindering the circulation of the "shock absorber" fluid, which bathes the brain and nerve centres. This can put pressure on parts of the brain and on the nerves which originate there and run to every part of the body. This, in turn, can lead to physical and nervous disorders in infancy such as eczema, bed

wetting and hyperactivity. "The health potential for a lifetime needs to be enhanced," Mr Korth says. "Adults can be helped by osteopathy to a modest degree, but generally there is much less you can do. A fretful baby may have spinal curvature as a result of the birth process. If this is left untreated, he will have a digestive or nervous disorder in later life. A pubescent girl who falls heavily and locks her pelvis will have gynaecological problems when she is older."

Ryan had severe oxygen starvation at birth, but his nervous system is still developing and is highly malleable. By working on the spinal column and the skull, the manual technique helps to overcome the inertia in the parts of the system that have been damaged. It doesn't overcome the damage, but the system can function better.

The OCC, founded five years ago, is a charitable foundation, with parents being asked to make a minimum donation of £10 for each treatment. "A private practice in London would ask for about £50," says Mr Korth. "We turn away no one and always have a waiting list."

In the centre's communal consulting room babies are crying and toddlers crawling. One child is having its nappy changed. Jessica Barker, who is nearly three, is sitting on the floor studying *Thomas the Tank Engine*. A severe asthmatic, she had previously been admitted to hospital three times.

"Seeing the change over the last year is just incredible," says Jessica's mother, Victoria. "Before when she caught cold, it would inevitably go to her chest and she would end up taking Ventolin and steroids and staying in hospital for three or four days. Now she doesn't get into such an acute phase, she doesn't need drugs and she doesn't need to go to hospital. A quick visit here is all she needs. In time, I am absolutely convinced that this treatment will eradicate the asthma." Mr Korth explains that Jessica's breathing is being improved by manipulating the ribcage.

"I used to be very cynical, but at one point, I was at breaking point, totally exhausted," Victoria says. "Stuart put me on the couch and put his hands on my lower stomach. I felt this whirlwind as the tension and stress was lifted right out of the top of my head."

Anna Brown, two, visits the OCC once a fortnight for treatment of irritability. "She had a forceps delivery and I had quite a hard time," explains her mother, Julie. "If a long time elapses between visits she starts screaming, so now we try to catch it before it starts. After a visit here, she's a different child." Mr Korth claims that through gentle, mechanical movements Anna's compromised immune system can be improved and the lymphatics, fundamental to dealing with infection, strengthened.

It is difficult to find a doctor of conventional medicine who has anything to say against paediatric osteopathy. "I don't see any immediate objection," says Professor David Harvey of Queen Charlotte's and Chelsea hospitals. "What we want, as with all alternative and complementary medicine, is more research, both on the basis of the treatments and whether they work or not."

There is no regulatory body for osteopaths, although one should be established within the next year, but Mr Korth has not heard of any serious damage inflicted by an unqualified "therapist".

Despite the rave reviews, Mr Korth is anxious to stress that he is not offering a miracle cure. "There is a science to this. It is logical. It looks peculiar but it's not."

● The Osteopathic Centre for Children, 19a Cavendish Square, London W1 (0171-495 1231)



Cranial manipulation can "realign" the bones of a child's skull after the trauma of childbirth

Anglo-American research could ease joint pain

Anjana Ahuja reports on new hope for victims of arthritis

THE SUDDEN Siberian spell has deepened the misery for sufferers of rheumatoid arthritis, an inflammation of the joints which affects about one in 100 people. Although there is no cure there are many treatments, none ideal. Now two companies, one British and one American, have found a way to block the swelling which could offer better relief and, perhaps, a cure.

RA is the most severe form of arthritis. It is an autoimmune disorder, turning the immune system into the body's worst enemy. The body's defences attack healthy tissues, causing painful inflammation in finger, toe, ankle, knee and shoulder joints. This destructive process is triggered by an overproduction of tumour necrosis factor (TNF). This normally protective substance goes haywire, destroying the tissue in joints.

In broadly similar, but separate, research by Immunex, an American biotechnology company, and British Biotech in Oxford, TNF is inhibited. The American trials, conducted with the University of Alabama, showed that two thirds of patients injected with high doses of this inhibitor enjoyed pain relief. Swelling was reduced in 58 per cent of cases. Final clinical trials will begin next year and the company predicts a drug within two years.

TNF but also matrix metalloproteinase, thought to be responsible for breaking down joint tissue. The compound thus has the potential to stop the disease in its tracks. Success for Immunex and British Biotech would mean a significant improvement in existing treatments and therapies. Steroids used to be administered for pain relief but have obvious drawbacks. Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) can cause peptic ulcers. Existing anti-rheumatic drugs can slow down the progress of the disease but none has shown the capability of stamping it out completely.

IRRITABLE BOWEL SYNDROME

The Central Middlesex Hospital NHS Trust has set up the IBS Appeal to fund a research programme to investigate the causes of Irritable Bowel Syndrome and to develop cures. As part of its fund raising activities, the Appeal publishes the quarterly IBS Bulletin. This reports on the progress of the research and provides advice on the management of various aspects of IBS.

In the Christmas issue, the researchers discuss:

- over-eating and drinking,
- foreign travel for IBS sufferers,
- abdominal pain in IBS,
- three case histories on how IBS pain has been successfully treated,
- new treatment for the hypersensitive gut,
- questions & answers and a review of a recent video on IBS.

An annual subscription to the IBS Bulletin is £12 including p.p. Alternatively, the Christmas issue only, due to be published by mid December, is £3.

Please send your cheque made payable to IBS Bulletin to: IBS Bulletin Subscription Dept (T12) Central Middlesex Hospital NHS Trust, 10 R.O. Box 18 East Sussex TN6 1ZY

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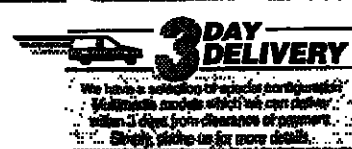
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Glories of the hills: how the landscape of northern England will be transformed by a year of visual art commissions

كلنا من الأصل

What Barbie tells us about ourselves

However embarrassed we are by Barbie, little girls like dolls and always will. So is there really any point in banning her from the Christmas stocking?

ON FRIDAY, the Editor of *The Times* gave not exactly a call to arms but rather to the barricades. Barbie should be banned. Death to Barbies everywhere.

The editorial was eloquent on the perniciousness of this iconic doll, with its sinister emphasis on the etiolated figure and its cramping insistence on an insidious and unrealistic model of feminine perfection. Why indeed should we want such a repellent creation to fall into the hands of our daughters?

The thing is, it isn't quite like that. Those of us who have in our fierier and more militant youth fought against the sexist stereotyping and brainwashing we saw enshrined in those too-too pretty, pointy-bosomed, clothes-mad dolls, don't need persuading that Barbie is, to say the least, an undesirable influence. But it is not we, the parents, who foist these idealised and idolised bimbos on our children. There is a whole, terrifying freemasonry of little girls out there demanding Barbie dolls from parents who are appalled at the request and reluctant to accede to it.

Few people become parents without realising that there is



Doll-sized fashion victim: liberal-minded parents everywhere can only apologise in silence and wonder where they went wrong when their daughters discover Barbie

more to sex differences than mere conditioning. Perhaps this came as no surprise to earlier generations, whose idea of civilised society was that girls were girls and boys were boys, and that's how they should stay. But to those in their thirties and forties, it was an accepted tenet of their youth that sex roles were as defined by politics as by nature, if not, indeed, more.

But children have a way of confounding many of our deeper-seated beliefs: suddenly we have a girl who refuses ever to wear trousers, and insists not only on dresses, but that they be pink and with bows; or a boy who knows the names of cars before he can say his own and has a whole arsenal of imagined weapons.

innate differences between the sexes from first-hand, intimate observation of the full gender range — and would anyway not presume to. Although it is tempting to view one's own children as representative specimens, there is certainly more to character formation than the sex genes. That much is obvious. But those sex genes are not negligible either: they make their presence felt too much to be ignored.

So perhaps all of us react too strongly in the opposite direction. We feel ourselves impotent to stop the full force of nature, and begin to question why we should even try. I did not give my daughter a doll, and didn't want her to

be fed with all that girly stuff, but when she was given one for her first birthday she fell on it with such passion and rapture that I felt ashamed of my earlier churlishness. Now, as she approaches two, she is ferociously attached to any doll that comes her way. "My baby, my baby," she swoons. A miniature pram seems to be a universal early feminine object of desire. I look around at the daughters of all my friends, and see them behaving in exactly the same way.

None of my friends are like a pendulum do: we assure ourselves it is all in the genes: it is nature, not conditioning. But I wonder if we are not simply denying our influence in this. I don't say that a girl-child wanting a doll or a boy-child wanting a

fire engine are either good or bad things. Although, as long as we recognise what is going on, stereotype may — up to a point — have its uses. Bruno Bettelheim pointed out the importance of fairy-stories in *The Uses of Enchantment*, and it may be no less the case that certain toys, which we may find alarming in the way they reinforce gender-types, have an important role for children. It doesn't mean that they or we succumb long-term to the propaganda.

It is not that there are no differences, but maybe we are too quick sometimes to locate and recognise certain of them. Often it is our response, as parents, that makes them more salient, more fixed than they would be. Perhaps it is the case, too, that as the roles of the sexes have become less fixed in society we work out some of our confusion through our children. I notice particularly that women who have always made a point of ridiculing the old macho image of men tend to take a covert pleasure in the rowdy maleness of their sons, their delight not voiced but evident and encouraging all the same. Perhaps, too, those daughters in pink of nonsense, resolutely undecorated women are acting out their mothers' fantasies of an illicit alter-ego. If that seems to be putting it too strongly, I think it is nevertheless true that, even as we condemn it, we sometimes allow our children to express those parts we refuse to recognise in ourselves.

More bull than beef

AT THE weekend I was watching a rerun of *Educating Rita* on TV. At one stage, Julie Walters's Rita talks, as she lights up, about everyone packing up smoking because they're frightened of cancer. "Cowards," she sneers.

It seems to me that is exactly the attitude being taken towards those who have decided to give up beef: at best it's sissy, at worst a symptom of craven, self-obsessed hypochondria. But of course, the BSE issue is not about beef: it is 100 per cent pure, ground politics.

"Mad cow" disease, or its possible human counterpart, is what the crisis would appear to be about, but what it is really about is trust. Our disillusionment with politics, our growing cynical belief that politicians have their interests, not ours, at heart, that the Government is thigh-high in sleaze is what motivates the anti-beef consumer. Those who are frightened to eat beef are scared because they no longer feel they can trust their Government.

True, the particular nature of this fear taps into a vulnerable spot. The growing pressure of vegetarianism and the post-religious emphasis on the great god, Nature, reinforce the anxiety about potentially infected meat. The seeds have already been sown to equate flesh with poison. Indeed, it was an act against nature to feed sheep's corpses to cows. But only in these times would there be such a consensus that this unnatural act deserved an almost biblical punishment.

It is strange, though. The Tories have always avowedly been the party of choice; but if we choose not to eat beef then suddenly choice is not so good after all. We are not exercising a right: we are subversively perpetuating a great wrong.

'I know what it is to throw out the garbage'

Former Ralph Lauren shirt salesman
Giles Coren catches up with
his old boss, the doyen of design



Giles Coren meets Ralph Lauren for the second time

The first time I met Ralph Lauren I was not allowed to talk to him. I was permitted to shake his hand, to say good morning, and then to go about my business. I was not allowed to initiate conversation. He had a lot of hands to shake. He was a very busy man.

And so was I. For nine hours a day, six days a week I folded shirts, plumed them, stacked them and sold them. In the Polo Ralph Lauren boutique in Paris. It was whispered that my lovingly tended shirt wall turned over \$2 million a year. But \$2 million represents only two thousandths of a per cent of Mr Lauren's \$4 billion dollar business. Enough for a handshake: not enough for a chat about the weather.

Ralph, as he is respectfully known, is a messianic figure in his stores. The history of his genius is a constant topic of conversation: "You know, Ralph not only introduced the wide tie in 1967, but he invented the pleated tie-knot

too." We were told what to wear for the day, so that no two salesmen would be dressed the same (down to socks and underpants, only the purest Polo is acceptable). His itinerary was choreographed like a papal walkabout.

On the famous morning, as his little shadow rounded the corner of the roughwear department (he stands only 5ft 6in in his cowboy boots), I turned from the plaid, zip-fronted, brushed canvas overshirt I had been pretending to fold for the past three hours, and shook his hand.

Thus, I was rather saddened

last Thursday, at a party given in his honour at the Royal Academy in London, when he did not wave across the room at me and come striding across to ask how I was. Perhaps he was distracted by Patsy Kensit. But I bet she never sold a shirt for him. Nor did Mariella Frostrup or Viscount Linley but they all got the big "Hello".

I probably looked too shabby, despite being clad in Polo head-to-toe. But then I always am, and have been ever since Paris. I have wardrobes full of the stuff — given to me as uniforms. I wash my car with \$100 sea island cotton

boxershorts, worn through at the crotch, and the cat sleeps on worn-out \$1,000 cashmere sweaters. But I do not have any other clothes, and the years have taken their toll on my Ralph wardrobe. Nursing a glass of champagne at the

Royal Academy, in my virgin merino wool Polo silhouette number 3 weekend jacket, and bottle green pants, I looked less congruous than Michael Foot at the Cenotaph. And I failed to talk to him again.

When I met him for an interview after long preliminaries with press attachés, he recognised only my tie.

With his collection of sports cars and country homes, he is one of the few men who actually lives the life his customers dress for. It is a long way from his Jewish upbringing in the Bronx, as Ralph Lifshitz (yes, really).

"My life is very normal though," he insists. "I work hard all week, and I have a wife and children, and I know what it is to throw out the garbage. So I never feel out of touch with reality."

He wanted to wear. In Lauren's own person rests his entire empire — the clothes, the lifestyle, the name, the tan — all is created in his own image, and to say too much about anything risks shattering a myth and a sales graph.

So, he will not be drawn on whether, as the son of a Russian Jewish emigré, he has any resentment for the establishment Wasps who inspired his clothes. "I would not want to be one of them," he admits. "I am glad I have worked for what I have, and earned the right to enjoy myself."

This is all part of the regular guy thing — the insistence that his clothes are "not about fashion, but about life". Even a brain tumour is grist to that particular mill. "It happened at the same time as I was on

the cover of *Time* — an incredible feat — and no one knew about it but me. Lying in the hospital, I realised that no matter how successful you are, you are always alone."

Everything is unreal. "I have lived through these unreal moments, through being applauded on the catwalk, and through thinking I was going to die, and through starting with nothing and building up a \$4 billion business. It is unreal at every level."

And unreality is exactly what I was selling in Paris. Every hacking jacket I sold to a man who had never seen a grouse, every pair of jodhpurs to a woman who had never touched a horse, and the jeans specially "antiqued" to look as if you lived on a ranch. Like Ralph, I was selling a life that didn't exist.

I told him, finally, about our little Paris rendezvous. A worried frown creased the billion-dollar tan. "Did you like me?" he asked. And for a moment, I actually believed he cared.

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We deserve better from France

John Redwood rings the bell a third time against monetary union

The Bellman in *The Hunting of the Snark* says: "What I tell you three times is true." Europe has been warned three times about the dangers of a single currency.

When the Deutschmark and the Ostmark were prematurely brought together, hundreds of thousands in the East lost their jobs. Taxes shot up in the West to subsidise their neighbours, struggling with an unrealistic and unchangeable exchange rate.

When the European currencies were together in the narrow bands of the exchange-rate mechanism, most countries had to put their interest rates up to damaging levels, and even so were forced into devaluation. And now, France has high unemployment and a large deficit. Trying to meet the government borrowing condition for monetary union has precipitated a major strike and civil unrest.

Three times we have been warned that monetary union is bad for jobs, bad for economies and bad for Western European governments. Yet still there are those who want a European banker engaged at enormous expense

like supporting Britain. John Major tried hard to win M. Chirac over to our cause in his recent meeting. He faced down the hostile response of British and Commonwealth opinion to defend M. Chirac's insensitive decision to test nuclear weapons. He deserved more thanks than a hectoring joint letter from Germany and France saying they will press on with monetary union, and containing a swipe at British pragmatism for daring to question the policy. There is no point in our supporting the French if they take their inspiration or even their instructions from Berlin. Nor is there a lot of point in supporting a Prime Minister who has not prepared properly for the fight, and has now conceded the first EU demand.

A much more productive piece of diplomacy was John Major's visit to Italy. Many countries in the EU now know they will not be allowed to join a single currency, or doubt its wisdom. Italy, Greece, Portugal and Spain realise the game is up for them. The Danes remember the scepticism shown by their referendum, and would be cautious of more commitment. Sweden is openly questioning the Maastricht

criteria and timetable. Belgium will tell itself that it is a special case, but it cannot possibly repay more than half its national debt in the next three years, and so cannot be eligible. John Major is right to question the wisdom of a plan which will at best split the EU in two.

Major was chided for his pragmatic doubts

At Madrid, Britain has a unique opportunity to change the EU. Britain should say firmly that there can be no single currency under Maastricht. No country is going to meet the currency criterion, let alone the deficit, interest-rate and inflation criteria. The EU should welcome this as good news. It should turn to promoting business and jobs. If Germany cares about Europe, it will cut its interest rates to relieve the pressures on France.

Most businesses in Britain serve a local or national market. For them a single currency has costs but no benefits. And the principal foreign exchange commission costs for big business are into and out of dollars — which would remain. Meanwhile, every retailer would need tills to handle the new currency alongside the old, and every cash dispenser, ticket and vending machine would have to be changed.

At home, John Major should reassure people by insisting that Britain will not enter a single currency without a referendum. Tony Blair should be urged to agree to this. The Prime Minister should go further by ruling it out during the lifetime of the next Parliament. Europe is not ready for it. It would cost business dear for no good reason. It is time to save Europe from itself. For the single currency is a Boojum, you see.

The author's A Single European Currency is published today.

In the air

MOHAMED AL FAYED, the owner of Harrods and irritant of select Conservative MPs, is suing the Aberdeen firm of architects which restored his Highland castle more than three years ago.

The Swiss-registered holding company of his Balmaghie estate is demanding £500,000 damages for alleged breach of contract and negligence, involving repairs to the roof and the external fabric of the 600-year-old Balmaghie Castle.

The castle, near Tain in Easter Ross, is the former seat of the Clan Ross and was bought by Al Fayed in 1972. Since then, he has extended the original 60-acre estate to over 40,000 acres, spending more than £20 million on castle and estate.

The Egyptian tycoon has his own kilt and pipers, and has assumed the mantle of a Scottish laird, although he has banned commercial shooting on the estate. Recently, he has the castle "re-harled" in natural sandstone, giving it a fetching pink hue.

A statement for Al Fayed issued yesterday from his Glasgow solicitors, McClure, Naismith, Anderson and Gardiner, confirmed that legal proceedings against the William Cowie Partnership and its

two partners, William G. Cowie and Harry McNab, have begun at Edinburgh's Court of Session.

But the Cowie Partnership is preparing to fight its corner. "The allegations are entirely rejected," said a spokesman. "The architects fully performed their obligations."



King of the castle

and will defend this action strenuously."

Stephen Hawking has been back at his bestseller, *A Brief History of Time*, to add another chapter and some illustrations. The addition, entitled "Worm Holes and Time Travels", has nothing to do with terrestrial beings beloved of gardeners.

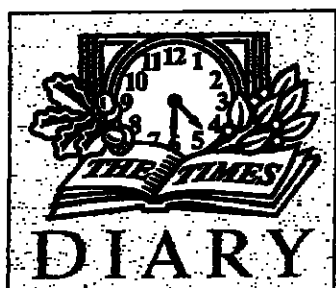
Scotch myths

ETIQUETTE posed some ticklish problems at a recent exhibition of works by Prince Henry of Hesse at the Fine Art Society in London. European royal families packed the rooms, and foremost among them members was a British contingent consisting of the Princesses Margaret, Alexandra and Michael of Kent.

There was trouble, however, over Princess Margaret's preferred tippet which is Famous Grouse (two cubes of ice and a dash of Highland Spring). One of her henchmen had demanded that it should be made readily available.

The Scottish head of the Fine Art Society, Andrew McIntosh Patrick, was faced with a dilemma, since his boss runs Bells whisky and forbids any other on the premises. So which brand did they eventually sup?

"I'd prefer to allow that to remain a mystery," said McIntosh guardedly.



Clowns too?

DONS IN OXFORD say they're mesmerised. A professional juggler from a circus in Vermont has been admitted as a Rhodes Scholar. Tobias Ayer, 20, was among 32 Americans who learned at the weekend that they had been awarded the prestigious two-year scholarships. None of the others had circus experience.

Mal-lined

FUR HAS BEEN flying at Cambridge after the University Council's proposal to introduce a degree of Bachelor of Theology for Ministers. Trouble has centred around

Ayer, a senior at Massachusetts Institute of Technology in Cambridge, Massachusetts, learned to juggle from a book, and became good enough to perform for a circus in his hometown of Burlington, Vermont. At Oxford, he'll be juggling with linguistics.

The suggested design of a gown for holders of the degree.

One graduate, John Horton, is particularly exercised and has made his views clear to the Senate. "The proposed hood with black fur leaves something to be desired. It breaks the pattern of the Cambridge bachelors' hoods, and the use of black fur is clearly anomalous."

A compromise has been reached, and white fur is to be used, with the dove-grey silk of the Divinity department.

Duchess oblige

ALTHOUGH Lavinia, Duchess of Norfolk, died on Sunday, there are hopes in sporting circles that the tradition she fostered for many years will not die with her. For many years, visiting touring Test sides have played the traditional opener against the Duchess's own XI in Arundel at the beginning of the season.

The Earl of Carnarvon, who hosts similar matches at Highclere, is concerned to see the tradition flourish. "Here at Highclere, as well as in Arundel, we stage at least ten matches a year. I do hope that the tradition will be maintained as it should."

The author worked at Central Office until recently.

The Pekin

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Scapegoat of Smith Square

Central Office is a mess, says Edward Heathcoat-Amory

He coped with Peter Brooke's paternalism, Kenneth Baker's self-obsession, Chris Patten's intellectual self-assurance, Norman Fowler's indecision and Jeremy Hanley's enthusiastic incompetence. But four months of Brian Mawhinney have finally driven him out. Last month, almost unnoticed, John Gardiner, private secretary to five Conservative Party chairmen, sought political asylum at the British Field Sports Society.

This should have triggered warning bells. Mr Gardiner was a Central Office survivor, one of the semi-permanent staff who outlast changes at the top because they are the guardians of the institution's folk memory. His departure signalled the dramatic changes currently being made at Tory headquarters by its ambitious new party chairman.

The extent of Dr Mawhinney's ambitions only became public knowledge last week, when an attempt by his press office to take the political initiative badly backfired. It leaked a controversial speech which it claimed the Lord Chancellor was due to deliver. But Lord Mackay of Clashfern chose to humiliate Mawhinney publicly by publishing a letter repudiating the views attributed to him. The row illuminated Mawhinney's determination to make the Government dance to the party's tune in the run-up to the election.

Dr Mawhinney, in common with the Prime Minister, knows that presentation, as much as tax cuts, is the key to the next election. Afraid to tackle real issues for fear of widening divisions within the party, the Tories must rely on slick delivery of the few policies on which they can agree. So Mawhinney has quietly pushed through a wide-ranging reform of the Smith Square machine, with the intention of taking a firm grip on policy presentation, and of securing his own political future.

Central Office has been "reformed" before. Kenneth Baker ran up a seven-figure overdraft for changing the carpets. Norman Fowler's much-trumpeted restructuring of the party machine in 1993 was little more than a cosmetic post-election retrenchment. But Mawhinney's determination to remake Central Office in his own image has initiated the most radical shake-up for many years.

The most high-profile departure so far has been the gentlemanly Hugh Colver, communications director, whose midnight flit amid a blaze of unwelcome publicity should allow Mawhinney to appoint a more brutally effective successor. The unrelated exit of Andrew Lansley, head of research, has given Mawhinney the opportunity to bring in Danny Finkelstein, the Majorite former director of the Social Market Foundation, who enjoys more influence with No 10 than his right-wing predecessor.

Mawhinney has gone on to reorganise the press office. Tim Collins, *Star Trek* enthusiast and successful veteran of Major's battle bus during the 1992 election, has become a "media adviser". Vanessa Ford, the chief press officer, has moved to run Mawhinney's private office, and journalists from *The Times* and *The Sun* have been recruited to improve Central Office's ability to spin stories.

Dr Mawhinney has also brought in a series of young MPs, including his PPS, the influential right-winger Alan Duncan, to reinforce his grip on the institution. Mr Duncan has already been linked with an attempt to identify alleged instances of bias by the Speaker, Betty Boothroyd. Finally, the shake-up appears to have been the key factor in persuading Paul Judge, the multi-millionaire chief executive, to leave abruptly. However, no heavyweight has been found to be the new communications director. Many of the new team are inexperienced, and Labour's publicists are exploiting this to the full.

Mawhinney has been obliged by the Prime Minister to share the presentation brief with Michael Heseltine, Deputy Prime Minister and enthusiastic tree planter. With his eye on a place in the history books, Heseltine makes an awkward partner on this bed of nails.

But Mawhinney has greater difficulties with other Cabinet members. Many of those who are not busy lining up directorships for their retirement are jockeying to replace a defeated John Major. Finding ministers for political talk-shows is a growing problem for Tory media schedulers.

The last two chairmen, Fowler and Hanley, did not attempt to dictate policy to ministers. Mawhinney hopes to change that. But he has few personal friendships on which to draw, and cannot rely on the support of his closest ally, the lame-duck Prime Minister.

Mawhinney's Smith Square is becoming less right-wing, more professional, more determined to succeed at the election, and may well be far more influential in the event of a Conservative defeat. But without support from Cabinet heavyweights, the party chairman's attempts to reform Central Office will have no effect on the electoral fortunes of the Government. For all his ruthlessness, Dr Mawhinney looks likely to become the scapegoat for an election defeat.

The author worked at Central Office until recently.

FREEZING FOG

Peter Brooke 12 XII 95

Barbarians at the gate

Are schools to be places of hope and inspiration, or slums of despair?

Philip Lawrence died a hero's death, doing his duty to his pupils. Somewhere on the far side of shock and misery, that fact may one day help them, and eventually help his own children too. For the rest of us, it does one salutary thing: it reminds us of what a school is for.

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle knew. In the adventure of "The Naval Treaty", Dr Watson sits with his friend as the Portsmouth train goes through Clapham, looking with distaste at the "sordid enough view". Holmes has seen more, he says: "Look at those big, isolated clumps of buildings rising up above the slates, like brick islands in a lead-coloured sea."

"The board-schools?" says Watson. "Lighthouse, my boy! Beacons of the future! Capsules with hundreds of bright little seeds in each, out of which will spring the wiser, better England of the future."

Holmes says no more, but the image stands: a message from 1894 to 1995 about what a state school must be. A beacon, a lighthouse, an eminence.

In Maida Vale, with the barbarians at the gate, Philip Lawrence would probably have agreed. His last interview suggests a man who kept his lamp well trimmed. He had a confiscated Ninja weapon in his desk drawer; he talked of "not tolerating anti-social behaviour"; after "seven or eight last chances", he expelled. He had known the greener islands and calmer seas of the independent sector, and observed that whereas there "the teacher would literally go to sleep and still all the pupils would get started As", at an inner-city comprehensive "virtually anything that pupils achieve is the result of the work of the teachers and supporting staff". He knew his job, and by all accounts, did it.

This is too sombre a moment for political sniping; no need anyway, since both main parties now appear committed to virtually identical education policies. But it should be said that in the past few decades the idea of a school as beacon and lighthouse has been disastrously eroded. Schools are betrayed both by those who see them as soft, unjudging, refuges of mere "caring", and those who judge them as businesses. Above all, they are betrayed by those who do not respect their unique position in society. We have let the status of teachers plummet from one direction they have been routinely insult-

ed, patronised and blamed by government; from the other (perhaps not quite coincidentally) they have been physically assaulted by pupils and parents.

As for head teachers, this lack of respect makes it hard for them to show firm leadership. Before the disaster at the gate of St George's, the last thing we read on the subject was a spat between the party leaders about which had the most hawkish approach to retraining, "assessing" and sacking heads. Governors are becoming so trigger-happy that in June the general

management team abuzz with business-school theory — time enough for that when the poor lambs join the BBC. I want them to be led and inspired. I want the kind of teachers who suddenly drop a subject period to hold forth about Sparta, or Salman Rushdie, or the *Galileo* mission; the kind of head who would rather fall behind with the paperwork than miss a chance to get out in the playground and sort out some real problems. Above all, I want recognition that the standards of business and industry do not and never will apply to schools. A school — a state school, anyway — cannot write off losses or dump unreliable suppliers. Those losses are children, and those faulty suppliers are parents. Many head teachers must dream sometimes of retooling the assembly line with a load of shiny new parts; but they wake to the knowledge that the sullen, spotty, aggressive, emotionally damaged nuts and bolts of their job will never go away.

Libby Purves

heads must be strong leaders: forceful, sometimes ruthless, visionary, morally certain yet humorous and affectionate towards human diversity. It is a tall order. And just as doctors should not be regarded as plumbers, head teachers should not be treated like football managers. More is asked of them, so more is owed to them. Again, no party politics: I fully acknowledge the complacent shambles the last Labour administration permitted in schools and colleges of education. But it is a fact that the Conservative Government has been demoralisingly high-handed with the teaching profession. I see that the National Curriculum Council has finally apologised to primary heads for the chaos that heralded the curriculum's beginnings, when schools — my own children's included — were driven to distraction by overambitious instructions. The staffroom used to look as if leaflets had been dumped in it by a

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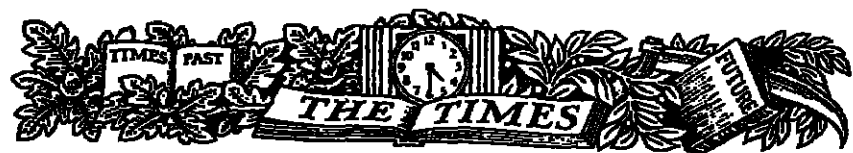
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ROLE OF HONOUR

Philip Lawrence's legacy is the way he ran his school

The stab wound which killed Philip Lawrence on Friday continues to exact its bitter toll. The Prime Minister was said yesterday to be "appalled and shocked" by the murder; he, Michael Howard and Gillian Shephard are still considering ways of preventing a similar tragedy in the future. At Mr Lawrence's school, St George's Roman Catholic Comprehensive, Cardinal Basil Hume conducted Mass and told children that God would tell their murdered headmaster that he was a "good man". Pupils were guided through a "special programme" to help them to cope with the shock of grief.

Since Mr Lawrence's death all decent people have asked what can be done to stop such barbarity. As we said yesterday, there is clearly scope for some revision to the law governing the possession of knives. As in Scotland, the burden of proof ought to lie with the defendant to prove he was carrying a blade for legitimate reasons.

Necessary as it is, such regulation would not address the brutal street culture which led to the stabbing of this decent man. To say as much is not a counsel of despair. Mr Lawrence's work at St George's was proof of how much can be achieved by a committed leader who has a clear vision of his role. He confronted the group of older pupils who were running the school; he expelled those who were consistently antisocial; he told children that "there is a difference between right and wrong. There is no relativist position." The spirit of rigour and discipline he promoted helped to improve the school's examination results by 16 per cent this year. Although Mr Lawrence will be remembered for the dreadful manner of his death, his true memorial will be the honour of the school he moulded.

The decline of the stable nuclear family, of the old-fashioned neighbourhood and of the Church's parochial structure has imposed a heavy burden upon schools as civic institu-

tions where children are drilled in the basic values of citizenship. Sadly, this shift of responsibility began at the worst possible moment, when comprehensive schools were themselves embracing a progressive ideology completely unsuited to this social task. Too often in recent decades, children have been taught in the classroom that their own impulses are as valid as the moral framework that society tries to impose upon them. Basic concepts such as right, wrong, good and evil have been pushed to the margins of the curriculum.

There are encouraging signs that the tide is turning. There have always been excellent disciplinary heads such as Mr Lawrence. Now they are being actively encouraged by the delegation of power to schools and the increasing influence of parents. For many years, schools were branch offices of a town hall education system. Now they are once again becoming focuses of community loyalty, responsive to the needs of the people they serve and free to pursue special interests within the limits of the law. It is increasingly possible for ambitious heads to make a difference.

This is a daunting challenge. A head teacher cannot possibly be expected to fulfil the role of educator, priest, parent and policeman — although this is precisely what Mr Lawrence seems to have done. However successful he or she is in reforming a school and inculcating basic morality in its pupils, what happens outside its walls cannot be controlled from within: increasingly so, if the number of children permanently excluded continues to rise as it has in the last few years. With inspired leadership, schools can work wonders. But they cannot solve all the social problems of their communities. If the death of Mr Lawrence encourages local agencies of all kinds to confront this reality and co-operate accordingly, it will not have been entirely in vain.

SPIN WIMPS

Why not apply to communicate the Conservative message?

The Tories are in a spin. For years they were used to effortless superiority over Labour in the propaganda game; for at least the past 12 months they have been regularly bowled by their opponents. "Unfair!" they cry, "Not out!" The truth is that the other team has become more skilled at political googlies. Bleating in an unsporting manner will not help the Conservative Party one bit.

On Sunday Michael Heseltine managed to declare with a straight face that "the present standards of media manipulation have never been seen in this country before". They might not have been seen from the Labour Party for some time; they have often been delivered by the Conservatives, generally by Conservative spokesmen, both official and unofficial, who were proud of their party and prepared to spend time and money promoting its strengths.

All democratic parties need experts in putting their message across: it is nothing to be ashamed of. All democracies require independent journalists to clear a path through the propaganda that is produced: Britain has many such hardworking men and women. But all sides also need to keep their skills honed if they are to prosper. As Hugh Colver, the recently departed director of communications at Conservative Central Office, put it with brutal honesty: "We continue to manage to fall on banana skins and machinegun ourselves in the foot all too often," thereby aiming a few more rounds of ammunition at the party's toes.

Last week Central Office briefed *The Daily Telegraph* that Lord Mackay was set to attack the judiciary in a Guildhall speech. Since the dinner had already taken place, and the Lord Chancellor had restricted

himself to proposing the toast, this mix-up could hardly have been better for Labour. John Prescott duly jostled with Mr Heseltine over the issue yesterday. But what did the Deputy Prime Minister expect? To suggest, as he did, that Labour was behind the bad publicity for the incident seems — to purloin a phrase — to be a symptom of the advanced stages of paranoia. The story told itself, with no need for any opposition spin.

The Conservatives must somehow counter the deftness which Labour is displaying these days. Tony Blair immediately changed his speech on Friday to capitalise upon Central Office's mistake. Government ministers, frequently hampered by the demands of office, are leaden-footed in comparison. And their party is still without a communications director of the stature it requires.

Who, they lament, would be prepared to take such a job? Are not the skills of an alchemist needed to turn their base message into gold? The answer is no. The Government has much to its credit. It has lost the art of making the best of its achievements — and of reacting nimbly, rather than just brutally, to assaults from the other side.

To take over now at Smith Square, with the party at its nadir, ought to be the most attractive of propositions. Whoever runs its communications, the Tory party is likely to be more popular in a year's time than it is now, simply because of the political and economic cycles. Few now expect it to win the next election, however: so the new director of communications will hardly be blamed for its defeat. A prosperous future beckons, even for the man or woman who merely makes the result less bad. The party should be besieged by applicants.

SHOW TRIAL

The Peking regime is itself in the dock of history

The trial beginning today of Wei Jingsheng, China's leading dissident, looks like following a predictable course: at its conclusion the full weight of the Communist State is ready to be thrown against a man who has already spent 16 years in prison, and who is accused, alone and apparently without any outside help, of attempting to overthrow the Chinese State during his brief 20 months of liberty. The message of the trial and of the inevitable verdict is one of intimidation to other dissidents. The proceedings bear all the marks of a show trial in the classic Stalinist sense.

Behind the flimsy charges are the real concerns of China's divided and ailing leadership. Mr Wei's "crime" was that he mocked the icons of communism. He poured scorn on party propaganda, denounced the occupation of Tibet, revealed the misery that Mao's economic policy had inflicted on the countryside. In 1978 he gave a warning that Deng Xiaoping would one day become a dictator. And then, while serving his long sentence, he was brazen enough to write to Mr Deng and denounce him as a man "who will be laughed at and condemned by history".

Such lese-majesté is deeply wounding. Face, dignity and respect are values as important to the Communist leadership as they have always been in Oriental society. Ad hominem attacks smack of an insolence intolerable to most leaders, and particularly resented when they come from a man who should have been "one of us" — the son of a senior party official. The Chinese fear is that Mr Wei voices what millions dare not utter.

Sniggering will lead to disrespect, and disrespect to disobedience, the argument runs.

Some comparison can be drawn with the Soviet discomfiture over dissidents. In both cases, criticism was regarded as a mortal danger to a brittle leadership: and China's leaders know only too well the fate of the Soviet system. Mr Wei, however, has never had the public standing of Sakharov. Kept in isolation while in prison and under surveillance night and day after his release, he has never been able to use his personal charisma to found a cohesive opposition.

Mr Wei's courage has attracted the admiration of the West, and this has added to the embarrassment of his dissent. It has also ensured that his trial will be followed with critical interest. That puts the Peking leadership in a dilemma. It is extremely loath to allow any semblance of concession to foreign pressure, and hardliners argue that to give human rights groups a locus in Chinese internal affairs is a recipe for disaster. Others, however, believe that Chinese foreign policy interests are better served if Peking opens the trial to outsiders and defiantly publicises its case against Mr Wei.

All factions will argue that China has little to fear from a guilty verdict: the United States has already shown itself reluctant to promote the priority of human rights, a stance that other Western nations have already reluctantly adopted. Western pressure might secure Mr Wei a reprieve from execution; but little better can be expected for this brave and bitterly persecuted man.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

1 Pennington Street, London E1 9XN Telephone 0171-782 5000

'Moral relativism' and the murder of a head teacher

From Mr Nicolas Walter

Sir, William Rees-Mogg ("The headmaster's lesson for us all", December 11) is guilty of mere propaganda in blaming the death of Philip Lawrence on "moral relativism"; of dirty propaganda in linking murder with divorce, and of disgusting propaganda in blaming the ills of society on "the children of Freddie Ayr".

He may argue for his idea of right and wrong, but he may not allege that other people whose views happen to be different have no idea of right and wrong, and he should not sneer at a dead philosopher whose views on the subject were more reasonable and realistic than his own.

One form of moral relativism in this country is the pluralism and tolerance which enable members of all religions and none to play a full part in society — something which should be welcomed by William Rees-Mogg as well as "the children of Freddie Ayr". He is able to complain about and even vote against "no-fault" divorce; others are able to argue and vote the other way. This is democracy; he prefers aristocracy.

Perhaps he is right, and relativism has gone too far. But he is wrong to pretend it has gone so far that any serious person says there is no such thing as right and wrong.

Yours etc,
NICOLAS WALTER,
Rationalist Press Association,
88 Islington High Street, N1,
December 11.

From the Bishop of Worcester

Sir, Many will want to applaud Lord Rees-Mogg's words. Furthermore, the heroic faith of Frances Lawrence with her young family is deeply moving and a cordial for drooping spirits.

I regret, however, that Lord Rees-Mogg chooses this occasion to make charges of "moral relativism" against the Church of England bishops. These are inaccurate. It seems as if he does not hear all the debate on the Lord Chancellor's Family Law Bill. Perhaps I may be allowed to quote from my own speech: "We are letting down our children and thereby placing a time bomb under our society..."

I went on to say:

We as bishops stand four-square behind marriage and the family. They are within the order of God's creation and the basis of a stable and wholesome national life. We uphold the highest possible standard for marriage, but we are also pastors.

I went on to say that legislation cannot be merely for the elect but for those in need. "Those who are well have no need of a physician." This theme was repeated by the other bishops.

There was much more in my speech. Could Lord Rees-Mogg read his *Hansard* (November 30, cols 715-6) and perhaps say some words of good will towards the Church of England in tune with the season?

Yours sincerely,
PHILIP WORCESTER,
The Bishop of Worcester,
Hartlebury Castle,
Kiddermistrie, Worcestershire,
December 11.

From Mr Guy Hordern, JP

Sir, The Bishop of Rochester (Credo, December 9) advances the interests of Church and State when he pertinently writes: "It is difficult to imagine the Church being content with a 'no-fault' divorce." His recognition of the cardinal importance of responsibility, justice and faith within marriage is most welcome.

The Christian understanding of marriage is derived from God's love for us within which our fault is forgiven through the sacrifice of Christ, who also gives us an eternal relationship with Himself unbroken by our death.

To seek to eliminate fault as a contributory reason for divorce (as the Family Law Bill proposes) will further distance the divorce laws from a Christian understanding of marriage. To condone, and even to advocate, the elimination of fault (as some bishops and a former archbishop did at the Bill's second reading on November 30) constitutes a serious failure by the established Church to ensure that vital legislation is based on foundational Christian truth.

Yours sincerely,
GUY HORDERN,
124 Gough Road, Birmingham,
December 11.

Costs against JPs

From Mr M. Meredith Hardy

Sir, On the question of the legal liabilities of magistrates (letters, December 4, 6), I remember that this problem came up in the late 1980s when I was a chairman of several appeal tribunals and an immigration adjudicator. My colleagues and I were very concerned about possible liability, for our judicial decisions, brought by disappointed or dissatisfied litigants. The mere costs of defending such actions could be a matter of great concern to the lawyers undertaking these public duties.

We were reassured by the Lord Chancellor's Department at the time that we could assume we had the same immunity as judges in general and there was no need for concern. We always assumed that this covered stipendiary magistrates as well.

It seems absurd that lay magistrates cannot count on such immunity. It must be in the public interest for them to do so. Everyone in the country owes a debt to these dedicated people who undertake to administer 95 per cent of the work of the criminal courts for no monetary reward. Even a few cases of awards of costs could have a serious effect on future recruitment of JPs.

Yours faithfully,
M. MEREDITH HARDY,
Radwell Mill,
Baldock, Hertfordshire,
December 7.

Drink-drive limits

From Mr Benjamin Frank

Sir, The Government has again rejected a call to reduce the alcohol limit for drivers (News in brief, December 5) on the basis that it believes people will simply ignore a lower or zero limit. The fact is that some people will drink to excess before driving regardless of any limit, while some responsible people are caught out trying to stay within the present one.

In the course of my duties as a police sergeant I have dealt with several people who genuinely believed they would be within the limit by having "only a couple" of drinks. I have a certain sympathy for them. Unfortunately, in the real world, differences in physical make-up and the strength of drinks make it difficult to predict how much drink will keep them within the limit.

Notwithstanding this, it has been shown that just one drink significantly increases the chance of having an accident. The Government ought not to encourage motorists to gamble when the cost of losing is so high.

Yours faithfully,
B. FRANK,
28 Herriot Way,
Thirsk, North Yorkshire,
December 7.

Business letters, page 29

Letters should carry a daytime telephone number. They may be faxed to 0171-782-5046.

Rethinking investment in the arts

From the Chairman of the London Arts Board

Sir, Your leader on arts funding ("The right subsidy", December 7) is well taken. This board is grateful for the capital funds which flow from the National Lottery. Lottery rules have, however, created a paradox: riches for buildings while activity costs are squeezed beyond the limits of good business sense.

Valuable as your proposals are, it is premature to tinker with the lottery rules. The real need at this point is for a new look at the case for investing in the arts, not simply as part of the nation's intellectual and aesthetic life, but also as part of the enterprise economy. The lottery, important as it is, is but one source of this investment.

The case rests on three propositions. Investment in making the arts widely available is desirable. Such investment will be wasted unless the place of the arts in the national curriculum and discretionary student grants are

maintained. Similarly, investment in capital infrastructure will be pointless if investment in people and productive activity is run down.

The lottery rules should be considered as one part of a coherent philosophy for investment. Those responsible for policy should bear in mind the importance of the arts and arts institutions to the reputation and economy of the nation and the high degree of efficiency achieved by the arts in applying public money.

Arts bodies do not on the whole attract the hostile attention of the Public Accounts Committee. Would that the same could be said for immensely more costly projects and programmes elsewhere.

Yours,
CLIVE PRIESTLEY,
Chairman,
London Arts Board,
Elme House, 133 Long Acre,
Covent Garden, WC2,
December 7.

Older workers

From Mr Eric Reid

Sir, The Association of Retired People and Persons Over Fifty agrees with the sentiment expressed in your article, "Defusing the age bomb" (Law, December 5), that "much more needs to be done to reduce the injustice faced by older workers".

There are little doubt that severe skills shortages will occur as the "baby boom" passes its peak, which is why employers should be seeking ways to retain and re-train their senior workers rather than discarding them.

Recognising the effect on the economy of the "demographic time bomb", we are campaigning in Britain for a flexible decade of retirement between the ages of 60 and 70. We would welcome the introduction of appropriate legislation along the lines of the Age Discrimination in Employment Act

now in force in America. Unlike "voluntary" redundancy or "early retirement" (which, these days, can begin at 50 or even earlier in the UK) the US Act gives older workers the freedom to choose whether or not to continue to work — a choice which is increasingly being denied to our own workforce.

We have already elicited a commitment to age legislation from any future Labour government and hope that David Winnick's Private Member's Bill (scheduled for February 1996) proscribing age limits in job advertisements will find the support it deserves from MPs of every political persuasion.

Yours faithfully,
ERIC REID
(Vice Chairman),
The Association of Retired People and Persons Over Fifty,
Greencoat House,
Francis Street, SW1,
December 5.

Rail delays

From Mr Peter Burfoot

Sir, According to your report, "Thaw is bad news for queues of rail travellers" (December 8), passenger service operators "are expected to lodge large claims for compensation from Railtrack". Passengers, however, have no right to make corresponding claims against operators except under the provisions of the 1992 British Rail Passenger's Charter.

For example, six journeys made by me over the last three days were extended by an average of 42 minutes (an increase over the normal journey time of 82 per cent) because of cancellations and delays. Under the terms of the division on which I travel, however, the great personal inconvenience and loss of business time I suffered will only be compensated if, during the entire 12 months up to November 1, 1996, either more than 2 per cent of trains on this division have been cancelled or more than 20 per cent of

them have been classified as "late".

There is, therefore, ample opportunity on the part of the operators to run only a fair-weather service and even cancel trains to ensure that they are not late, or allow trains to run late instead of cancelling them (depending on what is required to maintain the two sets of statistics below the levels at which compensation is payable); and presumably pocket the compensation from Railtrack.

Let us hope that when the Charter is reviewed in the light of privatisation we will see the abolition of the exclusion clauses in the Passenger Conditions of Carriage and their replacement by a compensation code which is both instant and directly related to the cancellations and delays suffered by individual passengers on the particular journeys made by them, even if they are season-ticket holders.

Yours faithfully,
PETER BURFOOT,
64 Baker Street, W1,
December 8.

Labour policy on school standards

From the General Secretary of the National Association of Head Teachers

Sir, Both your leader and the article by Janet Daley today make a number of crucial points regarding the Labour Party's policy statement on standards in schools. I would add more.

Schools are run by governors and heads not by local education authorities. Indeed, it would be disastrous if we were to return to the pre-1988 position when LEAs last had real power. Accordingly, the effectiveness of Labour's policy will depend not upon local authorities but upon governors and heads.

The Labour Party appears to have a touching faith in the ability of local authorities to "deliver the goods" on standards, but I think it would be much better advised to rely upon those who are actually responsible for running schools.

It might be regarded as good politics to be seen to be tough on the teaching profession, but you are quite wrong to argue that teachers do not have the esteem accorded to nurses and ambulance workers. Your own recent MORI poll (report, November 24; letters, November 30) demonstrated that teachers were substantially ahead of most professions in the eyes of voters and lay third in the popularity stakes, behind the medical profession and the police.

Accordingly, exaggerated criticism of the teaching profession may rebound on those who think this will win them high marks in the political popularity stakes. The reality is that standards will only be raised by a positive approach to the teaching profession, not by unrealistic talk about getting rid of incompetent staff by short-circuiting existing procedures.

The sooner national politicians realise that they cannot control the education service in the way some would wish, and that they have to work in co-operation with the governors and heads of 25,000 schools, the sooner we will raise standards to the levels to which every sensible person in the education service aspires.

Yours faithfully,
DAVID HART, General Secretary,
National Association of Head Teachers,
1 Heath Square, Bolto Road,
Haywards Heath, West Sussex,
December 6.

From Mrs Sheila Faith

Sir, When I was a school governor in the North East of England during the 1970s I was dismayed by the Labour Party's addition to mixed-ability classes and teaching methods, which were designed to promote egalitarianism but seriously damaged children's education.

It has been very difficult to impose Conservative ideas on education while Labour local authorities, some of the teachers and the Labour Party itself were determined to continue with their doctrinaire approach.

In spite of fierce opposition from Labour, the Government has achieved a great deal in raising standards in schools. It must nevertheless be a great relief that the Opposition is now admitting the damage its ideology has done to education in the past.

Yours etc,
SHEILA FAITH
(Conservative MP for Belper, 1979-83),
11 Merlin House,
Oak Hill Park, Hampstead, NW3,
December 6.

Listing on demand

From Mr George Ferguson

Sir, I propose the "hit-listing" of buildings, by popular demand, for which grants should be available to encourage their demolition before the Heritage Secretary proposes their preservation (letters, November 15, 30).

Maybe this scheme could be run by the Secretary of State for Health.

Yours etc,
GEORGE FERGUSON,
Ferguson Mann (architects),
Royal Colonnade,
18 Great George Street, Bristol, Avon,
December 8.

Untimely hatched

From Mr Ken Woodford

Sir, An unseasonable arrival in our garden this Advent Sunday: a wild duck leading her nine newly hatched ducklings from their nest. Global warming or coming in from the cold?

Yours faithfully,
KEN WOODFORD,
Yonderwood, Orney Hill Farm,
Witney, Oxfordshire,
December 3.

Bird brained

From Mr Alan Millard

Sir, Is the profound brain specialisation which enables chickens to use each of their eyes for different purposes (report, December 9) similar to the human hearing mechanism which allows information to go in one ear and out the other?

Yours faithfully,
ALAN MILLARD,
8 Medina Court,
Marine Parade West,
Lee-on-the-Solent, Hampshire,
December 9.

LAVINIA DUCHESS OF NORFOLK

Lavinia Duchess of Norfolk, LG, CBE, Lord Lieutenant of West Sussex, 1975-90, and widow of the 16th Duke of Norfolk, died at Arundel Park on December 10 aged 79. She was born at Kingston Hall, Nottingham, on March 22, 1916.

LAVINIA Duchess of Norfolk had a unique role at the 1953 Coronation. She took the part of the Queen at the rehearsal in Westminster Abbey, cast by her husband, the late Duke of Norfolk, who as Earl Marshal was in command of the ceremonies. The 1953 Coronation was different from all others. It was the first to be televised and television was comparatively new.

The Duke, who had run a previous coronation as well as royal weddings and funerals since he was a young man in his twenties, did things with great aplomb. Nothing was left to chance. However, he was fearful of television, knowing that any mistake would be magnified by the cameras and seen by millions around the world. So he decided that everything must be exhaustively rehearsed. Stopwatches timed every move. Precision was paramount. And, because of this, his wife became involved.

She already had experience of a coronation. When the Queen's parents were crowned in 1937 the Duchess held the canopy over the Queen. And it was later that year that she married the Duke of Norfolk.

The story goes within the family that she had first seen him a year before in his role as Earl Marshal at the State Opening of Parliament and had said to a friend: "He's the man I want to marry." The marriage at Brompton Oratory, Knightsbridge, shortly after the Coronation caused much interest. She was Protestant; he was Roman Catholic and referred to "as England's leading Roman Catholic layman" — though in fact there is no such title.

The Duchess enjoyed standing in for the Queen. She had an implicit sense of fun. During the rehearsal period a woman friend telephoned one day to ask her to the races. The Duchess replied with mock seriousness: "Not that day... I'm having my coronation again."

The rehearsals were heavy and solemn, lacking the interest of the real thing. The Duchess could see the funny side. At one rehearsal her husband became exasperated by the bishops and said in an aside, sufficiently loud to be overheard by the Archbishop of Canterbury: "If the bishops don't learn to walk in step we'll be here all night." During a break in proceedings the bishops slipped silently away to Westminster School for some practice — to return, according to the Duchess, "absolutely top perfect".

The Duke was very fortunate in his wife. He could be gruff, taciturn, even dismissive. Her ebullient touch with a charming smile was always there when needed. There was the incident at the

Investiture of Prince Charles as Prince of Wales at Caernarvon in 1969 with many politicians about. The Duke never liked politicians, feeling that they heat about the bush and sometimes never got to the point at all.

As everybody waited for the start of the ceremonies George Thomas, the Secretary of State for Wales, asked the Duke if he would like a cup of tea. "Never touch the stuff," came the reply. "Perhaps a drink?" came the next. "Wrong time of day," in a flash the Duchess was engaging those around her in conversations, telling the Welsh how enormously impressed she and her husband were by the arrangements.

At the age of 21 she became mistress of Arundel Castle, home of the Norfolks for over a thousand years. It looks like a fairy-tale castle on top of a hill, with turrets and towers and the town of Arundel curling round beneath the moat, the drawbridge and the battlements. When the Duchess first moved in, it had old-fashioned kitchens, long dark corridors and 150 rooms, some of which had not been entered for years.

As things turned out she was only to live there for some twenty years. In 1959 the Duke, with four daughters, decided that he was not going to have a son and heir, and that the castle, with the dukedom, would pass elsewhere in the family. He built a fine Georgian-style house overlooking a great sweep of Sussex some distance away and called it Arundel Park. It was intended as a house for his wife after his death and, in the meanwhile, the plan was to let it.

As soon as it was finished, the Duchess and her daughters moved in. They liked it. The Duke followed. However, for the next 15 years till his death he would leave Arundel Park every morning after breakfast, go to the castle where he was born, and spend the day, returning to his family before dinner. He used to tell friends: "To me, Arundel is the castle."

The Duchess had laughing eyes, beautiful, very thick wavy hair and she maintained her girlish figure right into her seventies. She was a good organiser and had the determination to achieve most things she set out to do.

It was not until she was 59 that she fully blossomed as a person. That year, 1975, she became Lord Lieutenant of West Sussex, the first woman to be one of Her Majesty's county representatives in England.

The scope of her commitment was enormous, and with only two years in the job she led the county appeal for the Queen's Silver Jubilee Trust, and astonished fellow Lords Lieutenant by getting the biggest collection of any county. She worked out her own plan of campaign. Her main target were the schools. Since her own children's schooldays she had always had a good touch with schoolmasters and schoolmistresses. Her compliments were appropriate and the result of



what they instantly recognised as solid homework. The children were out working like beavers on the collection.

She was born Lavinia Strutt at Kingston Hall, Nottingham, the home of her father, the 3rd Lord Belper. Her mother, the Hon Eva Bruce, was a daughter of the 2nd Lord Aberdeen. She was not close to her father as she grew up, but influenced her with her own dedication to public service.

The Struts were merchant princes, Derby spinners, who owed much of their fortune to a friendship and business association with the Arkwrights, founders and developers of the spinning frame that revolutionised the spinning industry. The original Lord Belper, like many others

after the Industrial Revolution, got his title thanks to a mix of business acumen and political patronage. In 1852 he entered the Cabinet as Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

Lavinia Strutt was educated at Abbots Hill, the independent girls' school in Hertfordshire; its fine buildings and spacious playing fields can be seen from the M25 motorway. Here her love of sports and a competitive urge giving her the will to win came to the fore. Hers was usually the rallying call in lacrosse matches and she played tennis for the school.

When she was six, her parents divorced and two years later her mother married Lord Dalmeny (he had earlier been

married to the Duke of Westminster's daughter, Lady Dorothy Grosvenor, the eldest son of the 5th Earl of Rosebery (the former Prime Minister).

Soon afterwards he succeeded to his father's title. In his new stepdaughter he had a sports person after his own heart. He captained Surrey at cricket and in 1952 became president of the MCC. He was also master of the Whaddon Chase Hunt, the most fashionable pack in the London area, and he inherited a racing dynasty that kept on winning, including the Derby in 1939 with Blue Peter.

As a teenager she was riding Lord Rosebery's big thoroughbred horses, leading the Whaddon Chase field of top doctors, lawyers and City men over the stout hedges and deep ditches of this closely-fenced Buckinghamshire country. She was exceptional on a horse. She could ride anything. Soon, and still in her teens, she was winning point-to-point races on her stepfather's horses with her distinctive racing colours, a big Mickey Mouse on her jersey. That brought trouble: the Walt Disney Corporation claimed copyright and Mickey Mouse had to go.

In the 1920s and the 1930s social life revolved round country house weekend parties. These were on a scale never seen before and never to be revived so fully after the Second World War. The quality of Lavinia Strutt's tennis made her a welcome house guest, especially in Scotland where she and Lord John Hope (later Minister of Works under Harold Macmillan and now Lord Glendevon) made a formidable mixed doubles pair. Both were later to play at Wimbledon, but not together.

After she married in 1937 both she and her husband devoted themselves to racing. They bred their own horses, had them trained in the castle stables and raced them. In more than 50 years they had only three trainers in a sport noted for its disagreements between owners and trainers. John Dunlop, there for 25 years, was the longest-serving. For the last few years the Duchess's daughter, Lady Herries, took over training her mother's horses.

The late Duke finally achieved a lifetime ambition when the home-bred Ragstone won the 1974 Gold Cup at Royal Ascot, a year before his death. (He was the Queen's representative there for many years.) The Duchess, after his death, was not put off breeding, as so many others were, by the invasion of Middle East owners and their horses costing millions of pounds.

Two of her best home-breds were Moon Madness, winner of the St Leger at Doncaster in 1986, and Sheriff's Star, who came home with the Coronation Cup at Epsom in 1989. But the big sensation was the bay, Celtic Swing, bred by the Duchess though no longer owned by her, and trained by Lady Herries. Unbeaten in top races in 1994, he was rated by the handicappers as the best two-year-old to race in England in the past 17 years, and

earlier this year won the French Derby.

The Duchess had what seemed an innate gift for targeting a particular horse to a particular race. Time after time she won races in this way that nobody expected her to win. Every Sunday there was a special ritual. She and her trainer would meet at her home, each horse and its progress would be fully discussed, and race entries made.

After the Duke of Norfolk's death in 1975 his widow developed and secured the future of the family's private cricket ground as a memorial to him. Since 1956 the Duke had invited the visiting overseas Test teams to have their opening match against his XI on this ground, modelled on The Oval, and founded by his father in 1895.

The tradition was continued by the Duchess with the visitors coming to play against her XI. And the Arundel Castle Cricket Foundation holds fresh hopes for the future. Its school has taught some 80,000 boys and girls from places with no facilities to play the game. They come in all weathers and enjoy the benefit of two 150,000 indoor practice sheds which John Paul Getty presented to the Duchess.

The extent of her official and charitable engagements was formidable, especially in her years as Lord Lieutenant of West Sussex, 1975-90. Most days after breakfast she would load her dogs in the station wagon and get in beside her chauffeur. As they criss-crossed Sussex, or went to engagements further afield, *The Sporting Life* spread out on her lap, the two would discuss the day's racing down to the most unimportant of selling plates. She did 600 or 700 engagements a year. When she had finished with the Lord Lieutenantcy, she was actively engaged in almost one hundred charities at national and local level, some for more than thirty years.

In Sussex, people wondered if she ever took a holiday, although she did in fact like to go to the South of France for a summer holiday, and to play the tables at the casinos. Back home those with sharp eyes knew if she had won. She would return with a collection of splendid Parisian silk ties, which she gave to men who, as she put it, "gave time to West Sussex".

Those who contributed to West Sussex in any way were entertained at Arundel Park. Her husband, as head of the College of Arms, was the supreme arbiter on precedent for official functions, but she had her own way of doing things. She would sit on the floor and lay out her plan for dinner parties. Then a smile would cross her face as if she had found a winning move at chess. "These two don't exactly see eye to eye. I'm putting them together. They'll live up to that end of the table," she would say.

In 1971 the Queen appointed her a CBE, and in 1990 a Lady Companion of the Garter, the first non-royal woman to be honoured in this way.

She is survived by her four daughters.

ROBIN GANDY

Robin Gandy, mathematician and logician, died on November 20 aged 76. He was born on September 22, 1919.

WITH a keenly original intellect which could pierce the complexities of mathematical logic, Robin Gandy provided a decisive influence on the post-war development of this field of study. He earned a national and international reputation for his work on both generalised and higher type recursion theory, seeking to develop a theory of computation on

infinite amounts, or types, of data.

His name was given to the Gandy Selection Operator, a theorem describing a theoretical mechanism for picking certain desired indices of higher type functions; the Gandy Theorem, on ascertaining when inductive definitions in a certain theory close up; and the Spector-Gandy Theorem which characterised certain sets of numbers defined in a higher order logic.

Gandy held a fellowship from 1969 onwards at Wolfson College, Oxford. Here, as both friend and mentor, he was to

influence a new generation of mathematical logicians. He also, alongside John Shepherdson, helped to establish in 1978 the British Logic Colloquium — a national association aiming at the furtherance and dissemination of research in logic — and was its founding president. In recent years his study was on ultrafinitism which, broadly speaking, is the idea that only a finite quantity of numbers may be necessary for mathematics.

A well-known figure at academic conferences, Gandy worked in many areas of

modern logic, often writing on philosophical issues. It was largely due to his influence that mathematical logic — a field in which he had started out almost alone — was developed into what it is today, a thriving area of study steadfastly established in the British Academy.

Robin Gandy was born in Peppard, Oxfordshire. He was educated at Abbotsholme and at King's College, Cambridge. After Part II of his Mathematical Tripos he joined the Army in the ranks, but was eventually commissioned into the Royal Electrical and Mechanical

Engineers as a radar specialist.

As an undergraduate he had met Alan Turing, well known for his contributions to the wartime code-breaking team. Turing's work on the foundations of the theory of computation in the 1930s had been seminal. He and Gandy were to meet up again in 1944 at Hanslope Park where Gandy had been sent to work on a speech decipherment system christened "Delilah" at Gandy's suggestion. A lasting friendship developed and Gandy was later to edit Turing's papers. He was at work on the fourth and last volume at the time of his death.

In 1946 Gandy returned to Cambridge to complete an optional third part of his Tripos and gained a Senior Optime in 1946. He stayed on there to write a thesis on the foundations of mathematical physics (1952), at the same time becoming a lecturer in applied mathematics at Leicester.

In 1956 Gandy moved to Leeds, and more firmly into logic, helping to create a mathematics and philosophy course there, before being recruited by Max Newman (who had also recruited Turing) to Manchester in 1957 to take a chair in mathematics. Under Gandy's professorship the study of logic developed and in 1969 Manchester hosted the summer meeting of the Association for Symbolic Logic. During his time at

Manchester, Gandy also published the series of papers in both generalised and higher type recursion theory which were to establish his name as a leader in his field.

In 1966 Wolfson College, Oxford, was founded, and three years later Gandy moved there to take up a university readership. Working alongside Michael Dummett, he helped to teach the newly established undergraduate degree in mathematics and philosophy. He inspired enormous interest from his students and research flourished. Whereas at Manchester he had tutored only three postgraduates, at Wolfson he found himself supervising almost thirty.

Gandy was renowned for his friendly guidance. "Make your thesis read more like a Dashiell Hammett novel," he used to say. He was a man who hated the pomposity and humbug so often prevalent in academe. A born raconteur with a commanding voice and a gently self-deprecating sense of humour, his parties held in his Wolfson penthouse were eagerly anticipated events. He was an excellent cook, especially renowned for his home-made ice-cream, and a diner was never complete without Gandy producing his snuff box and passing it round.

Gandy always organised the annual Guy Fawkes party for his college, and it was appropriate that on his retirement in 1986 Wolfson fitted him with a dinner and a magnificent fireworks display. His mathematical colleagues from around the world, and



most of his students, honoured him with a special conference at Greynog, Powys. Robin Gandy was unmarried.

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ON THIS DAY

December 12, 1885

The illustrator of this edition of Charles Kingsley's popular fairy tale was Linley Sambourne (1844-1910). He was a contributor to *Punch* for over 40 years and succeeded Sir John Tenniel as cartoonist-in-chief.

Mr. Sambourne has been steadily making way in the public estimation ever since he began to draw for *Punch*, now several years ago. His talent is like that of no one else. As a political and social caricaturist he resembles neither Leech nor Tenniel, and he has nothing in common with the slighter though very admirable artists of past generations, such as "H.B." and Gillray. He combines the most curious power of seizing a likeness; and over and above these gifts he has those of a first-rate draughtsman. All this is aided by the knowledge of the habits and forms of living

creatures of all sorts, especially of sea creatures; so that in his caricatures we often find ourselves transported from Westminster to "the deep's untrodden floor," or to the regions which nothing more human has ever visited than the dredging-tackle of the Challenger. It need not be said that in illustrating "The Water-Babies" Mr. Sambourne has found himself very much at home. Tom's adventures with the big brown trout, or with the lobster, suit him perfectly; he is excellent with the group of eels that are starting for the sea, and the foolish sun-fish that has lost its way finds in him a portrait painter equal to the representation of utter fairy. His single human figures are capital too; such as Mr. Grimes imprisoned in the chimney, little Ellie, and best of all, Professors Huxley and Owen examining a bottled water-baby. We could have wished that he had not ignored some of the delightful scenes which follow upon Tom's discovery of his water kindred; but perhaps Mr. Sambourne wished to avoid direct competition with Sir Noel Paton. Altogether, the volume can be recommended as something more than a "Christmas book" of exceptional value.

"The Water-Babies: A Fairy Tale for a Land-Baby." By Charles Kingsley. New edition, with 100 illustrations by Linley Sambourne. Macmillan and Co. 1885.

Manager of the month employs waiting tactics to scoop the £500 prize for November

Perseverance pays as Pav T turns its season around

The fates in football can be fickle. The great football brains plot and scheme and lay their plans for a season of success, but a duff decision by the referee, a dodgy tackle, a defender caught day-dreaming and you are a goal down and on the brink of waving goodbye to another three points in the Premiership.

Mr Thiruchelvarajah knows the tricks the fates can play. He selected his Interactive Team Football (ITF) team at the start of the season then sat back to watch them perform. Rather than get involved in the hurly-burly of the transfer market, he stuck with his side as they struggled through the opening couple of months. It was a good team, but not a great team; hardly championship contenders but never relegation candidates for all that.

And then came November. Suddenly his players — enigmatically named "Pav T" — began to turn it around. His selections were doing better and the teams they played for were quietly notching up good results in the Premiership. The points started to flood in. Through November he amassed 84 points and with them won the manager of the month award and its £500 winner's cheque.

At last his faith in Neville Southall (Everton), Denis Irwin (Manchester United), Sol Campbell (Tottenham Hotspur), Erlend Johnsen (Chelsea), Keith Curle (Manchester City), David Howells (Tottenham Hotspur), Andrei Kanchelskis (Everton), Nicky Summerbee (Manchester City), Peter Beardsley (Newcastle), Peter Ndlovu (Coventry City) and Alex Ferguson (Manchester United) had paid off.

At the start of the season, Manchester City were not so much wavering as drowning at the bottom of the table, but their future looks a lot brighter with a few wins under their belt. Spurs, too, although not in the same dire straits as City, were hardly looking like title winners in the early stages but now they sit in fifth



IN ASSOCIATION WITH



place in the Premiership. As for Newcastle, it was November last year when their campaign fell apart, but this year they seemed unbeatable.

However, November's successes are now only history. On Saturday, Mr Thiruchelvarajah's team managed a miserly 11 points thanks to Manchester City being hammered by Middlesbrough, Manchester United drawing with Sheffield Wednesday, Newcastle losing to Chelsea and Everton not playing.

The only ray of hope came from Ndlovu scoring in Coventry's 5-0 thrashing of Blackburn. Maybe Mr Thiruchelvarajah knows something we do not and maybe Coventry will carry Pav T up the table into the New Year.

If your team could be doing better, with your players lacking form and fitness, you can move into the transfer market to improve your fortunes. ITF has a transfer system which allows you to change up to two players each week. Which players you want to change are up to you, although you must replace the outgoing player with one from the same category (ie, a full back with a full back) and keep within your £35 million budget.

The ITF transfer system also allows you to adjust your team if one of your players is actually transferred out of the FA Carling Premiership. He would then no longer be eligible for ITF and would have to be replaced. Any overseas or Endsleigh Insurance League players who move into the Premiership during the season will become available for transfer.

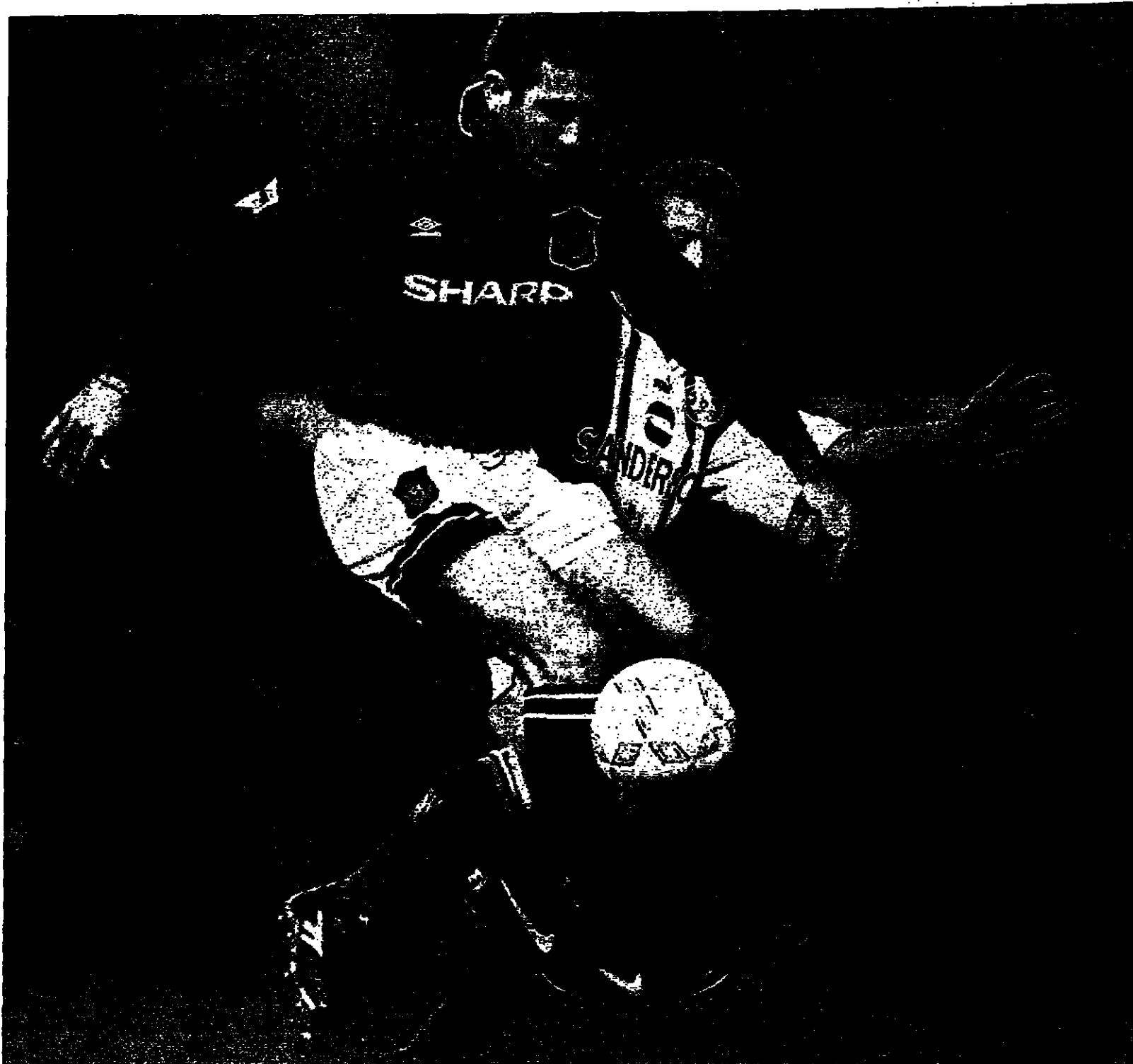
You can make transfers only by telephone. Using a Touch-tone (DTMF) telephone (most push-button telephones with a * and a hash key are Touch-tone), call the 0891 333 331 line during the times given. Calls will be charged at 39 pence per minute cheap rate, 49 pence per minute at other times. If you are calling from the Republic of Ireland, you must call 004 499 020 0631 and you will be charged at 58p per minute.

If you are lagging behind the leading team selectors, the transfer system will be an appealing option to you in the chase for the £500 prize or the monthly £500 prizes.

With ITF, not only are you pitting your selectorial skills against other readers of *The Times*, you are also matching your wits against those in the know. Premiership players have entered sides of their own, and Steve Ogrizovic, of Coventry City, gives his selection on the opposite page. Like him, you may spend £8 million on Matthew Le Tissier — but will he do better than cheaper alternatives?

All matches in the Premiership and those in the FA Cup involving Premiership clubs count and your players and manager win and lose you points. With KBT Ltd setting the early season pace, it is time for you to delve into the transfer market?

□ All transfer queries regarding Interactive Team Football should be directed to 0171 757 7016, while all other inquiries can be made on 01532 485 122.



Eric Cantona's two goals for Manchester United on Saturday gave sign of more to come. Is it time to purchase him for your ITF team?

HOW THE SCORING SYSTEM WORKS IN ITF			
All FA Carling Premiership and FA Cup matches in the 1995-6 season count for points. Every goal and penalty counts.			
POINTS SCORED			
Goalkeeper	4pts	Striker	2pts
Keeps clean sheet*	3pts	All players	1pt
Full back/Central defender	3pts	Appearance†	1pt
Keeps clean sheet*	3pts	Manager	3pts
Midfield player	1pt	Team wins	1pt
Keeps clean sheet*	2pts	Team draws	1pt
POINTS DEDUCTED			
Goalkeeper	2pts	Booked	1pt
Concedes goal	2pts	Concedes penalty	1pt
Full back/Central defender	1pt	Misses penalty	1pt
Concedes goal	1pt	Scores own goal	1pt
All players	3pts	Manager	1pt
Sent off	3pts	Team losses	1pt

* must have played for 75 minutes in the match
† must have played for 45 minutes in the match

HOW TO MAKE A TRANSFER IN ITF	
Call 0891 333 331	
*Calls cost (per minute) 39p cheap rate, 49p other times. Rep. 58p	
If calling from the Republic of Ireland, call 004 499 020 0631	
You can make transfers only by telephone using a Touch-tone (DTMF) telephone (most push-button telephones with a * and a hash key are Touch-tone). You will need your two-digit selector's PIN, which must be typed in and not spoken. Follow the simple instructions and use the players' five-digit codes.	
The line is open from 6pm on Tuesday until 11pm on Saturday; from 9pm on Saturday to 11pm on Sunday and from 6pm on Sunday until 3pm on Monday. If there are no matches, the line will also close at 3pm on the day of the match (or matches) and re-open the following day at 6pm.	
You may make up to (but no more than) two transfers a week. Each transfer is a separate transaction and you must set a player before you can buy one.	
A player transferred out of your team must be replaced by a player from the same category — for example a full back for a full back.	
When purchasing a player you must ensure that the team value still falls within your £35 million budget (even if your next transfer would rectify any overspending) and does not contain more than two individuals (two players or one player and a manager) from the same club.	
Your new player only starts to score points for you when his transfer is registered. The score of the player transferred out is taken at the time of transfer; he then ceases to score for you.	

THE WEEK'S TRANSFER DETAILS			
Code	Player	OUT	Value
41605	L. Johnson	Sub	£0.75m
		Coventry	
Player	Old Club (Code)	New Club (Code)	Value
S. Sellers	Newcastle (40008)	Bolton (42008)	£2.5m

THE LEADING 250 SELECTORS IN INTERACTIVE TEAM FOOTBALL

Pos	Team	(Player's name)	Pts
1	Kewin Kickers	(K. James)	326
2	Tommy Cockles XI	(Mr P. Johnson)	300
3	Stevens Lions 5	(S. Brewer)	294
4	Gohills Gods 65	(Mr B. Gohill)	293
5	Twilight United	(P. C. Dilworth)	292
6	Stevens Lions 7	(S. Brewer)	291
7	They're Here	(Mr P. Johnson)	291
8	Teddy Five	(Mr B. Bead)	291
9	Rosies Supers	(P. Sutton)	291
10	Gary Pearce	(G. D. Pearce)	289
11	Al's Alcorns	(A. Hancock)	289
12	Tyres Blue Noses	(S. Tye)	288
13	James Boys Six	(M. L. Jones)	288
14	Nigel's Flight Foot	(Mr D. Patel)	288
15	M. I. Blues	(P. C. Hancock)	288
16	Jessicas Darlings 4	(Mr A. Naddon)	285
17	Barnet FC	(Mr P. Johnson)	284
18	Joynes Jugs	(K. Hughes)	282
19	Harrington Inter	(Mr D. Lovell)	282
20	Lions Longshots	(C. Loxton)	282
21	Amnash	(A. Mathewson)	281
22	OHME	(R. Mathewson)	281
23	My Cat Bailey	(Mr P. Johnson)	281
24	The Young Guns	(S. Shepherd)	280
25	Transporter	(A. Jenkins)	279
26	Wellton Wanderers	(S. Lee)	279
27	Nirvana FC	(Mr J. Donovan)	279
28	Fomby Flyers	(A. Norton)	278
29	Madrid Knights	(R. Jenkins)	278
30	Stevens Lions 8	(S. Brewer)	277
31	Mac United	(T. McCuskey)	277
32	Jesmond 1860	(S. Murray)	277
33	Sunderland Stars	(K. Brown)	277
34	Leopards	(Mr P. Grogan)	277
35	Partisans	(E. Donald)	277
36	Stevens Lions 6	(S. Brewer)	275
37	Barnwell United	(R. Barnham)	275
38	The Conjurors	(Mr D. J. Farmer)	275
39	Roadside Rangers	(Mr D. Green)	275
40	KP Fantasy Team 4	(K. Patel)	274
41	Goal Diggers	(C. Stacey)	273
42	Phyctic TV	(T. Vardy)	273
43	Jacobsville FC	(Mr A. P. Jacobsville)	273
44	Forgies Fury	(P. Simpson)	273
45	Stevens Lions 2	(S. Brewer)	272
46	Glow In The Dark	(G. Smith)	272
47	Phyccio And Smith	(K. Booth)	272
48	Percys Progress	(M. Persich)	271
49	No Fear Unit	(G. Saunders)	271
50	Beardsleys Hair	(Mr P. Johnson)	271
51	Stevens Lions 1	(S. Brewer)	270
52	Grove Rovers	(T. Tommerson)	270
53	The Cakes Eaters	(Mr S. Hughes)	270
54	Wallace Wanderers	(M. Haugh)	270
55	Barnet Buy Cole	(Mr P. Johnson)	270
56	Razor's Raiders	(R. A. Knowles)	270
57	The UK Beavers	(J. Elvine)	270
58	Francis Caldwell FC	(F. Caldwell)	270
59	Netbusters	(C. B. Mitchell)	269
60	Brookborough	(S. Brooks)	269
61	The Black Knights	(R. A. Green)	269
62	Fair Fair Flagler	(C. Woodward)	269
63	Mercer's Men	(D. Bowdler)	269
64	Beast Rangers	(Mr D. Crowe)	269
65	Mean Machine	(Ramesh Patel)	268
66	Richies Rovers	(R. Lovell)	268
67	Nookies Bears	(S. Cozane)	268
68	Incatia	(P. Hama)	268
69	Mikes Dream Team	(S. Daly)	268
70		(M. Armstrong)	268

FIND OUT HOW YOUR TEAM IS DOING

Call the ITF hotline on 0891 774 796

Check your points total and your ranking. You need a Touch-tone (DTMF) telephone (most push-button telephones with a * and a hash key are Touch-tone) and your two-digit selector's PIN. The line is open from noon today.

65	Firefly City	(I. Harrison)	268
66	Chip N' Dale XI	(Mrs E. L. Arrowsmith)	268
67	Daniel James XI	(S. Reynolds)	268
68	Apollis 2	(S. Lewis)	268
69	Mad XI	(D. Rogers)	267
70	Only Can Sever	(M. McCown)	267
71	Hull Red Devils	(G. Foster)	267
72	Scud 4	(S. Brewer)	267
73	Robbo's Army	(P. Callaghan)	267
74	Blazy Dynamo	(L. Gilbert)	267
75	Long Live The Queen	(L. Wilson)	267
76	Bassett's Bouncers	(J. Hurd)	267
77	The Premier Raiders	(Miss C. Ella)	267
78	Martinez 5	(T. Martin)	267
79	Kins Kickers	(G. Sutton)	266
80	Redcor	(S. Thompson)	266
81	Howies Heroes	(Mr H. West)	266
82	Gosbee Softboard	(C. Ambridge)	266
83	No Defence OK	(J. B. Portwood)	266
84	Carling XI	(P. Parke)	266
85	Moneybags United	(P. Estridge)	266
86	Swains Drifters	(A. J. Phillips)	266
87	FC Woodies	(A. Williams)	266
88	Short And Stubbs	(K. Booth)	266
89	Scol Unit	(S. Scollick)	266
90	Finglen Flyers	(E. Ronald)	266
91	Wheres Botham	(Mr P. Johnson)	266
92	Henry Hilda	(Mr J. Thompson)	266
93	Pig In A Poke	(Mr J. Waters)	266
94	Walling Warriors	(P. Shanks)	266
95	Here We Go	(R. Smith)	266
96	Doogs	(R. Booth)	266
97	Melids Skill Monsters	(M. Meldrum)	266
98	Rueful Rabbits	(J. Whateley)	266
99	Bon Accord	(I. Nelson)	266
100	MGM	(M. Morgan)	266
101	Morse The Pud	(Mr I. Patrick)	266
102	Bohnen Forest	(S. Burn)	266
103	Shrew Voles	(H. Brasher)	266
104	Newcastleians	(E. Donald)	266
105	Flair	(E. Shatto)	266

112	The Wee One Too	(A. Nelson)	263
113	Quinton Forest	(J. Baker)	263
114	Stevens Lions 3	(Mr D. Conroy)	263
115	Adams Man Or God 1	(R. Pike)	263
116	Kingsland Rovers	(G. Bell)	263
117	Oh Nicks Evans	(Mr P. Johnson)	263
118	Gary's Heroes	(Gary Johnson)	263
119	Strike FC	(A. Koutsoudis)	263
120	Lucka Rovers 3	(N. Butler)	263
121	Synthetic Dozen	(Mr J. Donaldson)	263
122	Hall Unit	(T. Hall)	263
123	Adams Man Or God 2	(A. Overton)	263
124	Adams Man Or God 3	(S. Kempner)	263
125	QR Auctioneers A	(M. Parish)	263
126	Monster Monster	(Mrs G. Keynes)	263
127	Real Athletic	(J. T. Luckman)	263
128	Death Or Glory Boys	(K. Doughty)	263
129	Sporting Sliders	(R. Patterson)	263
130	KBT Ltd	(J. Abu. Hejeh)	263
131	Podgale Foulers	(M. Stacey)	263
132	The Doug Hutchies	(M. Cant)	263
133	Essex Eagles	(Mr T. Stabelford)	263
134	Good Times United	(M. Gale)	263
135	Gales Champions	(M. F. Arnone)	263
136	Semif ITF	(Mr A. F. Winter)	263
137	Widners Wanderers	(R. Edmondson)	263
138	Edgemoor United	(M. Greenall)	263
139	Adams Man Or God 4	(Mr J. Donaldson)	263
140	Terry's Tigers	(B. Macdonald)	263
141	Synthetic Dozen	(J. Davies)	263
142	Newcastle Browns 2	(J. Buckle)	263
143	Brown Montego	(K. Cochran)	263
144	Warren Wizards	(D. Radway)	263
145	Roller Rovers	(M. Stacey)	263
146	Rapid Overton	(A. Norton)	263
147	The James Gang	(O. Miller)	263
148	The Otters	(Mr J. R. Reader)	263
149	Cameron Athan	(Mr P. Johnson)	263
150	I Love Esther	(Mr M. James)	263
151	Overhill Rovers	(R. Radway)	263
152	The Midfield	(M. Stacey)	263
153	M. S. Allstars	(J. Cook)	263
154	Good Work Fellows	(C. Mill-Hornes)	263
155	Outsiders	(Mr B. Harwood)	263
156	Buzz Brusters	(A. Evans)	263
157	Green Wonders	(Mr P. Johnson)	263
158	ADB Sign Shearer	(D. Radway)	263
159	Roller Rovers	(M. Laine)	263
160	Len's Ltd	(A. Moore)	263
161	Adam's Athletic	(R. James)	263
162	Why Denny Dicks	(A. R. House)	263
163	Andys Athletic	(J. Andreas)	263
164	Mama Ranus FC	(D. Burt)	263
165	Donnas Doughnuts	(J. S. Dhesi)	263
166	Abernathy Villa	(A. Graver)	263
167	Norfolk N Good	(S. Bartlett)	263
168	Street FC	(G. Fallowfield)	263
169	Whirly Boogers	(S. Adams)	263
170	Wolves Of Fairlie	(M. Armistead)	263
171	Blaines United	(Mr D. McManus)	263
172	Bora In Tashkent	(A. Radford)	263
173	Radford Rovers	(E. M. Young)	263
174	Kings	(D. Marsh)	263
175	Tabletoppers XI	(N. Prastell)	263
176	Herbert's Heroes	(L. A. McCole)	263
177	PSV Betanik	(Mr P. J. Butler)	263
178	PJB Rovers	(Mr G. Crutchley)	263
179	Fantasy Formbook	(D. Walbourne)	263
180	It's All Over	(Mr W. H. Ball)	263
181	The Caprice		263

263	182	Alan Sugars Huge Ego	(Neil Emmerson)	256
263	182	Blackbeards	(W Gayle)	256
263	182	Severn Legal	(M Moore)	256
263	182	—	(E Scott)	256
263	182	View Forth	(Mr J Taylor)	256
263	182	Bill And Ben United	(B Robinson)	256
263	182	Allstars	(Mr W P Davisworth)	256
263	182	Partizan Beograd 1	(Mr D Stojkovic)	256
263	182	The McNameys	(I Broadsmith)	256
263	182	Al Jout Fox	(Mr J Reader)	256
263	182	Chris's Miracles	(C Dunes)	256
263	182	Allstars XI	(D Sime)	256
263	182	Being Boing Baggy	(T Horne)	256
263	182	Poundswick Pupils	(J Pletter)	256
263	182	Oncenashuamoon	(Mr D Clarke)	256
262	182	MH Rovers	(M Hall)	256
262	182	Wahley Wanderers	(S D Whately)	256
262	182	The Good Bad & Ugly	(K Booth)	256
261	182	OK United	(—)	256
261	182	Robe Redhot Rovers	(R Cook)	256
261	202	Turners Earners 2	(P Turner)	256
261	202	The Specialists	(F Leverage)	256
261	202	County Pine A	(J Hunt)	255
261	202	Gulfer Khan United	(F Mahmood)	255
261	202	Nell's Noddies	(Mr B O'Sullivan)	255
261	202	—	(N Thompson)	255
261	202	St Remy Strikers	(G Dabnor)	255
261	202	Lappo Geckhorns	(H Underwood)	255
261	202	Dyffarnwy Mall	(R Owen)	255
261	202	Orbital Brushes	(Mr S Broome)	255
261	202	Who Needs Mark	(N Persich)	255
260	202	Jones Boys Four	(L M Jones)	255
260	202	The Talent	(S Cole)	255
260	202	Russell 3	(D Shuter)	255
260	202	Tigwens Two	(L Lindstrom)	255
260	202	Highgate United	(R Pryce)	255
260	202	Choppers Eleven	(Mr P Chambers)	255
260	202	Hells Angels	(H Thompson)	255
260	220	Wannabee Stars	(A P Harris)	254
260	220	Nobby One	(A Brown)	254
259	220	G Force	(W Gyan)	254
259	220	Garden FC	(K Wan)	254
259	220	50K Pickup	(N Griffin)	254
259	220	Luskearny City	(R Harris)	254
259	220	Howells That	(S Howells)	254
259	220	Inter Red Dragon	(D Williams)	254
259	220	Windsor Plumbers	(K David)	254
259	220	The Rising Storm	(Mr D J Hemsby)	254
259	220	Keegandonwong	(R J J Pook)	254
259	220	Col's Deft Team	(C Yates)	254
259	220	JSU 16	(J Sutton-Jones)	254
259	220	Real Palace FC	(Mr M A Sadler)	254
257	220	Spud Unit	(R Gray)	254
257	220	Russell 1	(D Shuter)	254
257	220	Fantasy Football	(Mr G Crutchley)	254
257	220	Forman's Finest	(A Forman)	254
257	220	Clares Ducks	(T Collier)	254
257	236	Willington United	(W Liu)	254
257	236	Silktown Rovers	(S Cowan)	253
257	236	Aller Park Rovers FC	(A Davis)	253
257	236	—	(—)	253
257	236	Taylor Cockrels	(J Taylor)	253
257	236	Betty Reserves	(Mr M Wasil)	253
257	236	Mo's Magic XI	(Mrs M Nicholson)	253
257	236	Skintamaroff FC	(D Patton Jr)	253
257	236	Sack A Ferguson	(Mrs E A Crossley)	253
257	236	Ayrswane Rangers	(Mr G W Smith)	253
257	236	Clarke's Kickers	(G Clarke)	253
257	236	The Masked Tumbler	—	253

The players' overall and weekly scores and their values if you are considering the transfer option

Code	Name	Team	Em	Pts	Wk	Av
10101	T Flowers	Blackburn Rovers	5.00	-9	-23	
10102	B Minns	Blackburn Rovers	1.00	0	-1	
10201	P Schmeichel	Manchester United	5.00	0	+6	
10301	M Crossley	Nottingham Forest	2.50	-1	-18	
10302	T Wright	Nottingham Forest	1.00	0	0	
10401	D James	Liverpool	3.50	+5	+14	
10402	A Warner	Liverpool	0.25	0	0	
10501	J Lukic	Leeds United	3.00	-1	0	
10502	M Beoney	Leeds United	0.75	0	0	
10601	P Smilek	Newcastle United	3.00	-1	-1	
10602	M Hooper	Newcastle United	1.00	0	0	
10603	S Hladik	Newcastle United	3.00	0	+4	
10701	I Walker	Tottenham Hotspur	2.50	+5	-2	
10702	E Thorstvedt	Tottenham Hotspur	1.00	0	0	
10801	A Roberts	Queens Park Rangers	1.50	0	-7	
10802	S Dykstra	Queens Park Rangers	1.00	0	0	
10803	J Sommer	Queens Park Rangers	1.00	-1	-18	
10801	H Segers	Wimbledon	1.50	0	0	
10802	N Sullivan	Wimbledon	0.75	0	0	
10903	P Heald	Wimbledon	1.50	-1	-36	
11001	B Grobbelaar	Southampton	1.50	0	0	
11002	D Beasant	Southampton	0.75	+5	-11	
11101	D Kharine	Chelsea	2.50	+5	+12	
11102	K Hitchcock	Chelsea	1.00	0	0	
11201	D Seaman	Arsenal	5.00	+5	+31	
11202	V Bartram	Arsenal	0.50	0	0	
11301	K Pressman	Sheffield Wednesday	2.50	-8	-17	
11302	C Woods	Sheffield Wednesday	2.50	0	0	
11401	L Mikosko	West Ham United	2.50	0	-1	
11402	L Sealey	West Ham United	0.50	0	0	
11501	N Southall	Everton	2.50	0	+2	
11502	J Kearn	Everton	0.75	0	0	
11601	S Ogrizovic	Coventry City	1.50	-2	-15	
11602	J Gould	Coventry City	0.75	0	0	
11603	J Flann	Coventry City	1.50	0	-28	
11701	A Cotton	Manchester City	2.50	0	0	
11702	A Dible	Manchester City	2.50	0	0	
11703	E Impey	Manchester City	2.00	-7	-11	
11801	M Bonnich	Aston Villa	2.50	-1	+15	
11802	N Spink	Aston Villa	1.00	0	0	
11901	A Miller	Middlesbrough	2.00	0	+3	
11902	G Walsh	Middlesbrough	0.75	-1	+19	
12001	K Brannagan	Bolton Wanderers	0.50	-1	-43	
12002	A Davison	Bolton Wanderers	0.50	0	0	

Code	Name	Team	Em	Pts	Wk	Av
20101	H Berg	Blackburn Rovers	3.50	-4	-1	
20102	G Le Saux	Blackburn Rovers	4.50	-4	-2	
20103	J Kenna	Blackburn Rovers	3.50	0	+8	
20201	D Irwin	Manchester United	4.50	0	+12	
20202	P Parker	Manchester United	2.50	0	+6	
20203	G Neville	Manchester United	2.50	-1	0	
20204	P Neville	Manchester United	0.75	-1	+4	
20301	S Pearce	Nottingham Forest	4.50	0	+8	
20302	D Lytle	Nottingham Forest	3.00	0	+5	
20303	A Haslam	Nottingham Forest	1.00	-1	-9	
20401	R Jones	Liverpool	3.00	+4	+20	
20402	S Bjombye	Liverpool	3.00	+4	+4	
20403	S Hartness	Liverpool	0.75	+3	+22	
20501	T Dorog	Leeds United	3.50	0	+9	
20502	G Kelly	Leeds United	3.00	0	+8	
20503	N Worthington	Leeds United	1.50	0	-1	
20601	J Beresford	Newcastle United	3.00	0	+17	
20602	M Hottiger	Newcastle United	3.00	0	0	
20603	W Barton	Newcastle United	3.00	0	+16	
20701	D Austin	Tottenham Hotspur	2.50	0	+4	
20702	J Edinburg	Tottenham Hotspur	1.50	0	-3	
20703	S Campbell	Tottenham Hotspur	1.50	+4	+14	
20704	D Kerslake	Tottenham Hotspur	1.00	0	0	
20705	C Wilson	Tottenham Hotspur	2.50	+4	0	
20801	D Bardsley	Queens Park Rangers	2.00	0	-5	
20802	R Breve	Queens Park Rangers	1.50	0	-4	
20803	N Zelic	Queens Park Rangers	2.50	0	-3	
20901	A Kimble	Wimbledon	2.50	0	-2	
20902	G Elkins	Wimbledon	1.50	0	-8	
20903	K Cunningham	Wimbledon	1.50	0	-11	
20904	R Joseph	Wimbledon	0.75	0	0	
21001	J Dodd	Southampton	1.50	+4	+10	
21002	F Bonell	Southampton	1.00	+4	+6	
21003	S Charlton	Southampton	1.50	0	+3	
21101	S Clarke	Chelsea	1.50	0	+3	
21102	S Minto	Chelsea	1.50	0	+3	
21103	A Hall	Chelsea	0.50	0	+9	
21104	A Myers	Chelsea	0.50	+4	+13	
21105	T Phelan	Chelsea	1.50	+4	-1	
21106	D Petrescu	Chelsea	2.50	+7	+11	
21201	L Dixon	Arsenal	3.00	+4	+29	
21202	N Winterburn	Arsenal	3.00	+3	+31	
21203	S Morrow	Arsenal	1.50	0	0	
21302	I Nolan	Sheffield Wednesday	2.50	-3	-5	
21303	P Atherton	Sheffield Wednesday	2.50	-4	-2	
21401	J Dicks	West Ham United	3.50	0	+3	
21402	T Breacker	West Ham United	3.00	0	-5	
21403	K Brown	West Ham United	0.75	0	0	
21404	K Rowland	West Ham United	0.75	0	+10	
21501	G Abbott	Everton	2.50	0	+10	
21502	E Barrett	Everton	2.50	0	+4	
21503	M Jackson	Everton	1.50	0	+10	
21601	D Burrows	Coventry City	1.50	0	-2	
21602	A Pickering	Coventry City	1.00	0	-3	
21603	S Morgan	Coventry City	0.75	0	0	
21604	M Hall	Coventry City	0.75	+1	-16	
21702	R Edgill	Manchester City	1.50	0	-1	
21703	D Brightwell	Manchester City	0.75	0	0	
21704	J Foster	Manchester City	0.75	0	-1	
21801	G Charles	Aston Villa	2.50	0	+22	
21802	S Staunton	Aston Villa	4.50	0	+3	
21803	A Wright	Aston Villa	2.50	0	+22	
21804	P King	Aston Villa	0.50	0	0	
21805	B Small	Aston Villa	0.75	0	0	
21901	C Blackmore	Middlesbrough	1.00	0	+26	
21902	N Cox	Middlesbrough	1.00	0	+24	
21903	C Morris	Middlesbrough	0.75	0	0	
21904	C Fleming	Middlesbrough	0.50	0	0	
22001	G Bergsson	Bolton Wanderers	0.50	-1	-13	
22002	S Green	Bolton Wanderers	0.25	0	-11	
22003	J Phillips	Bolton Wanderers	0.75	0	-14	
22004	A Todd	Bolton Wanderers	0.75	0	-2	
22005	S McAnesple	Bolton Wanderers	0.50	0	+1	

Code	Name	Team	Em	Pts	Wk	Av
30101	C Hendry	Blackburn Rovers	4.50	0	+9	
30102	I Pearce	Blackburn Rovers	3.50	0	+3	
30103	N Marker	Blackburn Rovers	0.75	0	0	
30104	A Reed	Blackburn Rovers	4.50	-2	+13	
30201	S Brails	Manchester United	4.50	0	+17	
30202	G Pullister	Manchester United	1.50	-1	-1	
30203	D May	Nottingham Forest	3.50	-1	-12	
30301	C Cooper	Nottingham Forest	3.00	0	0	
30302	S Chellie	Liverpool	3.00	0	+17	
30401	P Babb	Liverpool	3.50	+4	+1	
30402	N Ruddock	Liverpool	1.00	+4	+20	
30403	J Scalls	Liverpool	0.75	0	+4	
30404	M Wright	Liverpool	3.50	-1	+13	
30405	D Matos	Leeds United	3.00	0	+11	
30501	D Wetherall	Leeds United	1.50	0	-1	
30502	C Palmer	Leeds United	1.00	0	+1	
30503	J Pemberton	Leeds United	1.50	0	-1	
30504	P Beesley	Leeds United	1.00	0	+1	
30505	R Johnson	Leeds United	1.50	+3	+5	
30601	P Albart	Newcastle United	4.00	0	+3	
30602	S Howey	Newcastle United	3.00	-1	+18	
30603	D Peacock	Newcastle United	3.00	-1	+15	
30701	G Mabbitt	Tottenham Hotspur	2.50	+4	+10	
30702	C Calderwood	Tottenham Hotspur	2.50	+4	+9	
30703	S Nethercott	Tottenham Hotspur	0.75	0	-1	
30704	K Scott	Tottenham Hotspur	0.75	0	0	
30705	J Cundy	Tottenham Hotspur	0.50	0	0	



Ogrizovic is mean when it comes to conceding goals but generous at dispensing advice to other Coventry players

Planning for the future

Steve Ogrizovic, the Coventry goalkeeper, makes his ITF choice

I WAS hoping that my team would be doing well. It would look quite good on my CV when I am looking for a job after I stop playing, see, I spent millions and I achieved this. But, looking at the way my team is performing at the moment, I do not think there are going to be too many chairmen calling me up with offers. At this rate, when I retire they are going to have to shoot me like they do horses.

As the Professional Footballers' Association (PFA) representative at Coventry I got a group of the lads to enter at the start of the season. It was all a bit of fun and, to be honest, once the teams were picked, that was it. I actually thought I had selected Les Ferdinand, but I had not and that was a mistake. As a result, I thought I was doing better than I am.

I have been working with the PFA for about 10 years now. The club 'rep' acts as the link between the union and the players. We are an extra mouthpiece to spread the gospel. Most people think we are only there to help with contracts and transfers, but there is more to it than that. The PFA is very important for the players for a whole range of reasons. We can help with anything from mortgages to pensions to investments and planning for a life after football.

I know that when I retire I want to stay in football — it has been my life for 20 years. But I also know that there are far

more people wanting to stay in the game than there are jobs for them — although I do not think picking teams is my strong point — not judging by my Interactive Team Football (ITF) selection.

I have no experience in management, but it seems to me the best tactic is to pick players who will score goals. You pick the strikers and four attacking midfielders and then mix and match with the defenders. Unfortunately, I have been a bit unlucky with injuries and teams not doing so well as I thought.

I picked David Platt because he will always score goals from midfield, but I have been unlucky with him because he has been injured for a while. Andy Impey is another one — he does attack but when I have seen him play this season he has been playing at right back. In defence, I thought Pemberton was a good bet because I thought Leeds would keep a clean sheet more often than not, but they have had a bit of a dip in fortune.

Some things have gone right. Nigel Winterburn is my top points scorer, which is no surprise. Arsenal are always tight at the back and are not going to give many goals away, so he has been earning points every week. Mark Draper has also been a good buy; he can score goals and make goals, so he is a steady points winner.

My strikers cost me £13 million between them — the biggest outlay in the team. I think Le Tissier will get better as the season goes on; after all, he has been consistent over the last few years, scoring 20 or so goals a season. I could do with him knocking a few more in at the moment, but I'm not too worried.

Then there is Peter Beardsley. He is still a world-class player. I thought Newcastle would do well this season, and Beardsley is clever, he knows the game and he will always score goals. At £5 million he is more than worth the money.

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MIDFIELD PLAYERS					
Code	Name	Team	Em	Pts	Wk Ov
41404	M Allen	West Ham United	2.00	0	+4
41405	I Bishop	West Ham United	1.50	0	+22
41406	D Gordon	West Ham United	1.00	0	0
41408	R Slater	West Ham United	1.00	0	+13
41410	S Lazzarides	West Ham United	1.00	0	+2
41411	M Hughes	West Ham United	2.00	0	+12
41412	D Williamson	West Ham United	1.00	0	+3
41501	A Hinchcliffe	Everton	5.00	0	+12
41502	J Ebbrell	Everton	1.50	0	+6
41503	A Limpar	Everton	2.50	0	+19
41504	B Horne	Everton	1.50	0	+8
41505	V Samways	Everton	1.50	0	+5
41506	J Parkinson	Everton	1.00	0	+19
41508	A Grant	Everton	0.50	0	+2
41509	A Kanchelskis	Everton	6.00	0	+21
41601	P Cook	Coventry City	2.00	0	+2
41602	K Richardson	Coventry City	1.50	+3	+16
41603	G Strachan	Coventry City	1.50	0	+2
41605	L Jenkinson	Coventry City	0.75	0	0
41607	P Telfer	Coventry City	1.50	+3	+19
41608	M Isales	Coventry City	3.00	0	+9
41609	C Balfors	Coventry City	1.00	0	0
41610	J Salako	Coventry City	2.50	+5	+20
41701	G Filtrout	Manchester City	2.50	0	+10
41702	P Beagrie	Manchester City	3.00	0	+3
41703	S Lomas	Manchester City	1.50	0	+17
41704	I Brightwell	Manchester City	1.50	+1	+9
41706	N Summerbee	Manchester City	1.50	+1	+19
41707	G Kinkladze	Manchester City	1.50	+3	+24
41801	A Townsend	Aston Villa	2.00	0	+11
41802	I Taylor	Aston Villa	2.00	0	+23
41803	G Southgate	Aston Villa	2.00	0	+21
41805	F Carr	Aston Villa	0.50	0	0
41806	M Draper	Aston Villa	2.50	+1	+77
41901	A Moore	Middlesbrough	0	+25	0
41902	A Moore	Middlesbrough	2.00	0	0
41903	J Moreno	Middlesbrough	1.00	0	+1
41904	R Mustoe	Middlesbrough	0.75	0	+14
41905	J Pollock	Middlesbrough	2.00	0	+18
41906	B Robson	Middlesbrough	1.50	0	+1
41907	Juninho	Middlesbrough	5.00	+3	+8
42002	D Lee	Bolton Wanderers	2.50	0	+6
42003	A Thompson	Bolton Wanderers	2.50	0	+13
42004	R Sneekes	Bolton Wanderers	1.50	0	+5
42005	M Patterson	Bolton Wanderers	0.75	0	+8
42007	W Burnett	Bolton Wanderers	0.50	0	0

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FEE FEVER 29

The mega-deal is back to swell City bank coffers

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Dick King-Smith's pigs make it big in Hollywood

SPORT 43-48

Ferdinand eager to make most of England chance

FOCUS ON THE BASQUE COUNTRY

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THE TIMES

BUSINESS EDITOR Lindsay Cook

TUESDAY DECEMBER 12 1995



David Crossland, chairman, is looking for businesses to buy in Canada that will balance the seasonal nature of the group's British outlets

Airtours on lookout to buy after profits fall

BY MARIANNE CURPHEY

AIRTOURS, the tour operator, is looking for further acquisitions in North America to reduce dependence on the highly seasonal UK package holiday market, its chairman said yesterday.

Disclosing a 22 per cent drop in pre-tax profits for the year to September 30, David Crossland said the fall from £75.8 million in 1994 to £59.1 million had been disappointing. The results included a £47 million goodwill write-off for acquisitions.

He refused to comment on speculation that Carnival Cruise Line of the US was interested in acquiring Airtours, but said he was looking to buy other businesses in Canada which were counter-seasonal to the UK.

Going Places, the high street travel agent, recorded a £7 million profit (£6.5 million).

Fully diluted earnings per share fell to 32.6p (44.4p), and the total dividend will be 14p (12p), payable on February 20.

Tempos, page 28

New nuclear power stations scrapped

BY ALASDAIR MURRAY

BRITISH Energy, the company which will own Nuclear Electric and Scottish Nuclear following privatisation next year, announced yesterday that it was abandoning proposals to build two new nuclear power stations costing a total of £4.9 billion.

Robert Hawley, chief executive, said that British Energy would not be proceeding with the new power stations, earmarked for Sizewell in Suffolk and Hinkley Point in Somerset, because of current uncertainty about UK energy prices and the need to concentrate on pushing through privatisation.

The City had been concerned about the huge cost of the projects, which were unlikely to provide any investment return for up to ten years. Dr Hawley said: "At present the future of UK energy prices is insufficiently certain for British Energy to

invest in new nuclear or indeed in any other form of new generation in the short term. Our current priority throughout the group is the successful privatisation of British Energy next summer."

The Sizewell C project would have cost £3 billion, and provided around 14,000 construction jobs across the country, although provisional planning permission had been refused by Suffolk County Council and British Energy would have faced a lengthy public enquiry before being able to proceed.

The Hinkley C project already had planning permission, won after a lengthy public enquiry in 1990, and would have cost £1.9 billion and provided work for around 4,500. The news was greeted with delight by environmental campaigners who described the decision as the death of nuclear power. Patrick Green,

senior energy campaigner for Friends of the Earth, said: "This is the final nail in the nuclear coffin and the end of the nuclear dream. No more nuclear power stations will be built in the UK."

John Battle, Labour's Shadow Energy Minister, blamed the Government's strategy on



Hawley: not proceeding

privatisation of the industry for forcing British Energy to abandon the projects. He said: "The unthought out rush to privatise has obviously put the pressure on and now the nuclear industry is being restructured without any strategic forethought."

But the City had been anticipating the decision. Institutions were concerned about the cost of the project and overcapacity in the electricity generation market. Some analysts expect British Energy to expand into cheaper gas-powered generators rather than build new nuclear power stations after privatisation.

Earlier in the year the Government's White Paper on the nuclear industry concluded that new nuclear power stations were economically unviable once the subsidies the industry had enjoyed are removed after privatisation.

Prices preserve hopes of rate cut

BY JANET BUSH, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

A FURTHER easing in industrial price pressures yesterday kept intact City hopes for a base-rate cut after tomorrow's monetary meeting.

Input prices — paid by industry for raw materials and fuel — fell 0.1 per cent in October, depressing the annual rate of inflation to 6.2 per cent from 7.7 per cent, according to the Central Statistical Office.

Output prices rose 0.2 per cent compared with September, which pushed the annual rate of inflation down slightly to 4.3 per cent from 4.4 per cent, better than the City had been expecting. The underlying measure, which strips out food, drink, tobacco and petrol prices, also decelerated to 4.6 per cent from 4.7 per cent in September.

Gilts and shares rallied on the news and a survey of City economists by Market News Service showed that 24 out of 29 polled believe that there will be a cut in base rates of

between a quarter and half a point from the current 6.75 per cent over the next three months. The large element of doubt concerns timing, with uncertainty about whether Kenneth Clarke, the Chancellor, will push for a rate cut at tomorrow's meeting with Eddie George, Governor of the Bank of England.

Mr George, while acknowledging that the economy has slowed, strongly suggested in his testimony to the Treasury Select Committee last week that he opposed a rate cut.

Many economists believe that Mr Clarke does not want to risk all on a showdown with Mr George at this stage and may prefer to wait until British inflation indicators are even more clearly pointing downwards. It would be easier to get away with a sustained drop in base rates, without undermining the pound, early next year.

Anatole Kaletsky, page 29

Subdued start to trading for Grid

BY ALASDAIR MURRAY

TRADING in National Grid shares opened with a whimper rather than a bang yesterday as the expected rush to buy shares from FT-SE 100 tracker funds failed to materialise. The shares closed at 209p just 1p up on Friday's closing grey market price, after reaching a high of 211p.

North West Water and Scottish Power, two of the remaining five companies who have not yet put their Grid shares on the market, also said that they were launching a global book building exercise to dispose of their holdings, which further dampened the market's enthusiasm.

Shareholders who received Grid shares through their holdings in regional electricity companies also had the chance to work out how much tax they will have to pay. The shares are being taxed as dividends, although basic rate taxpayers will qualify for the new savings tax of 20 per cent.

Tempos, page 28

BUSINESS TODAY

STOCK MARKET INDICES

FT-SE 100..... 3652.1 (-22.1)
Yield..... 3.95%
FT-SE All share..... 1781.53 (+8.15)
Nikkei..... 19286.78 (-60.15)
New York..... 5178.90 (+22.04)*
S&P Composite..... 619.56 (+2.06)*

US RATE

Federal Funds..... 5 1/4% (5 1/4%)
Long Bond..... 11 1/2% (11 1/2%)
Yield..... 6.05% (6.05%)

LONDON MONEY

3-mth interbank..... 6 3/4% (6 3/4%)
Life long gilt future (Dec)..... 110 1/2% (110 1/2%)

STERLING

New York..... 1.5355* (1.5340)
London..... 1.5341 (1.5331)
DM..... 2.2157 (2.2182)
FF..... 7.4485 (7.4425)
Sfr..... 1.7935 (1.7923)
Yen..... 155.02 (155.08)
£ Index..... 82.8 (82.5)

DOLLAR

London..... 1.4435* (1.4465)
DM..... 4.9828* (4.9855)
FF..... 1.1696* (1.1680)
Yen..... 101.05* (101.25)
£ Index..... 94.1 (94.1)

Tokyo close Yen 101.06

NORTH SEA OIL

Brent 15-day (Feb)..... \$17.45 (\$17.40)

GOLD

London close..... \$389.45 (\$389.75)

* denotes midday trading price

Liffe set to bring life to floor of Exchange

TRADING will return next year to the floor of the Stock Exchange, which has been silent since 1992 (Robert Miller writes).

The London Stock Exchange and the London International Financial Futures and Options Exchange (Liffe) have signed heads of agreement for Liffe to lease the former Stock Exchange trading floor, as well as office and accommodation space from the latter half of 1996 until the year 2004. The trading floor was last used by the London Traded Options Market, which merged with Liffe in March 1992.

Liffe, which last month announced plans to merge with the London Commodity Exchange, will rent nearly 75,000 square feet, making it one of the largest City lettings in recent months. As well as the trading floor, Liffe will lease one floor of the Stock Exchange's Tower head office, with an option for a second floor.

Daniel Hodson, chief executive of Liffe, said: "The leasing of the Stock Exchange trading floor and ancillary space realises Liffe's medium-term premises strategy. There are a considerable number of developments at Liffe which will be implemented during 1996, which will impact on our need for trading floor space."

Michael Lawrence, Stock Exchange chief executive, said: "Letting these areas is part of the sound management of the Exchange's assets. This agreement with Liffe creates an ideal arrangement to make best use of the specialist nature of the accommodation."

Barings report imminent

BY ROBERT MILLER

THE City watchdog investigating the role of 12 former executives in the £860 million collapse of Barings is expected to complete its inquiry early in the New Year.

The Securities and Futures Authority (SFA), the regulator for brokers and futures dealers, had been expected to make an announcement on its findings next Easter, after the appeals procedure by those found guilty of rule breaches had been exhausted. Now, however, pressure from MPs on all sides of the House and public interest concerns about the crash of Barings mean that the SFA could make public its findings by the end of January. The SFA said last night: "We can neither confirm nor deny speculation that we will

make an announcement about the Barings investigation."

SFA investigators are understood to be looking at a wide range of possible charges against the 12 former directors. These include Peter Barings, the former chairman and his deputy Andrew Tuckey, who works as a consultant at Barings and is the only one of the 12 allowed to work in the securities industry while the investigation is in progress. Mr Tuckey is reported to be in line to receive a bonus-enhanced remuneration package worth up to £500,000 based on his key role in Lloyds Bank's proposed £6 billion takeover of TSB Group.

The most wide-sweeping charge that could be levelled against any of the 12 is a

breach of the Securities and Investments Board's (SIB) principle rule on controlling internal affairs. SFA investigators are studying the role of those supervising Nick Leeson, the trader who was sentenced to 6 1/2 years in prison by a Singapore court for his role in the collapse. Charges that could be brought include a failure to control the conduct of staff.

James Bax, Leeson's immediate boss at Barings Far East, could face a court case based on alleged rule breaches in Singapore. In London, the SFA is looking at the role of Ron Baker, Mary Walz, Tony Gamby and Peter Norris.

Pennington, page 27
Happy returns, page 29

Jersey legal move attracts accountancies

PRICE Waterhouse and Ernst & Young are expected to become the first UK accounting firms to become limited liability partnerships after a move by Jersey to introduce limited liability partnership legislation.

The proposed law in Jersey is based on similar legislation in the US state of Delaware under which major US accounting firms now operate.

Nick Land, senior partner of Ernst & Young, said: "It would appear to be a pretty simple thing to do and it keeps our partnership ethos intact."

Safe haven, page 26
Pennington, page 27

Society's offer rejected

BY ROBERT MILLER

LAWYERS acting for hundreds of elderly investors who were mis-sold home income plans have dismissed a proposed settlement by the West Bromwich Building Society as "total window dressing".

Richard Barnett, a partner of Barnett Sampson, the law firm that represents more than 300 elderly victims of the late Eighties and early Nineties, said the offer put forward yesterday by West Bromwich, and brokered by the Securities and Investments Board (SIB), the chief City watchdog, was "of no use to our clients".

The plans, which were linked to stock market investment bonds, have been banned by regulators, but the outstanding debts have continued to mount. The mort-

gage funding was supplied by several building societies, including Cheltenham & Gloucester, now part of Lloyds Bank, and National Counties.

The plans were sold by independent advisers who have gone into liquidation, triggering compensation payments totalling more than £45 million.

The Investors Compensation Scheme has paid out about £10 million to investors who bought plans through Fisher Prew-Smith using West Bromwich mortgages. The building societies have admitted supplying the funding, but denied responsibility for selling them.

West Bromwich's package of measures include the assurance that no investor would

face repossession of their homes during their lifetime, although the property could be sold after they die, and that balances of less than £1,000 would be written off.

Mr Barnett said that the average outstanding debt of his clients was between £15,000 and £20,000. "What is so disappointing is that the SIB has been talking to the West Bromwich for the best part of a year and got absolutely nowhere other than the resurrection of the same old dustbin of measures," he said.

"We want to see elderly investors restored to the position they were in before they ever entered into the disastrous plans."

Pennington, page 27

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With a mortgage that's fixed at 4.49%, what can I say?
I'm over the moon.
Yours,
N. Armstrong

When it comes to fixed rate mortgages, no-one tries harder than John Charcol. Our latest rate of just 4.49% (4.79% APR) until October 1997 certainly deserves your full attention. This exceptionally competitive mortgage is available for purchases up to 95% and remortgages of up to 80% of the property's value. There are no compulsory insurances, and at the end of the term, you have the choice between another fixed rate or a variable rate. For a written quotation, call John Charcol on (0171) 611 7000, or Leeds (0113) 247 0338 or our new offices in Cambridge (01223) 464 146 and Southampton (01703) 339 889. Alternatively, drop in and see us at 10-12 Great Queen Street, London, WC2R 9DD.

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Typical Example: A £60,000 interest only mortgage on a property valued at £100,000 repaid over 25 years assuming completion on 15/12/95. 300 gross monthly repayments of £224.50 assuming a fixed rate of 4.49% (APR 4.79%) until 1/10/97 and further assuming that the variable base mortgage rate remains at 4.49% after the initial fixed rate has expired for the remainder of the mortgage term. In practice the variable base mortgage rate might differ from that assumed. Total amount payable, £178,236.71 calculated to include £245 broker's arrangement fee, £117.50 legal fee, £250.00 booking fee, £59 valuation fee, £50 booking fee for redemption and £125.40 accrued interest. Loans are subject to the type and value of property. Security will be required. Limited bank available. Written quotations available on request. Advice as to the suitability of this mortgage for you. Credit broker fees of up to 1% of the amount borrowed may be charged. APR may vary. Insurance may be required. John Charcol Ltd has approved the advertisement and is regulated by the Financial Services Authority when it does not regulate mortgages business.

□ Accountants flee offshore □ Christmas cheer for the City □ Cold comfort from the SIB

Liability within limits

□ UNLIMITED liability is a great discipline in principle. It becomes a burden unintended by Parliament when lawyers start suing in billions and target supposedly deep pockets regardless of the extent of their blame.

The status of big professional firms had to change. But how? A touch of lateral thinking at Price Waterhouse, egged on by Ernst & Young, looks like providing the first satisfactory answer.

Jersey, ever keen to bolster its status in financial services, did not need asking twice to develop a form of limited liability partnership as in Delaware in the US and already common on the Continent. If the proposed law goes through in a year's time — and there seems little reason for the States parliament or the Privy Council to demur — the rest of the Big Six other than KPMG, along with top solicitors and architects will surely line up to re-register in Jersey.

Indeed, others broadly within the UK legal system will kick themselves for not thinking of it first. A more independent Scotland would surely have leapt at the chance of fortifying its partnership law and its financial centre in a way that would have avoided the inevitable, though

misguided, charge that accountants are fleeing offshore to avoid their responsibilities.

The sheer complexity of its partnerships drove KPMG to try to protect partners via a company for high-profile audits. KPMG Audit Ltd is about to sign up clients from the partnerships, so the firm aims to stick with what already looks a second-best solution, albeit one available now under English law.

Limited liability partnerships would not solve auditors' legal problems. As PW's Ian Brindle notes, they only protect against Armageddon, which roughly translates as the £230,000 a time facing Binder Hamlyn partners if last week's £105 million damages judgment stands. Individual partners would still be personally liable for their own negligence. The firm's assets would also be at stake, and clients can make sure these are not conveniently shrunk.

Removing the fear that hundreds of partners in a firm might

lose their houses should change the psychology of the poker game between litigants and professional firms. But the origins of the intended flight offshore lie in the "joint and several liability" lawsuit. This leaves any party to a damages suit liable for the full amount regardless of the degree of their liability. America is now almost sure to bring in proportionate liability and if the Law Commission is sensible, Britain eventually will too.

When the rules are fair, accountants should be called much more rigorously to account when they display weak-mindedness and low standards.

Bonuses, bids and bandits

□ THE bonus season, for investment bankers, is approaching. This is the annual event that City dealmakers, a normally garrulous bunch, are a shade bashful about. Merchant banks, for the



most part, like to retain a certain mystique and too much publicity about precisely who scoops what out of the kitty when the oranges come up tends to jar with the old masters, the heavy cutlery and the faded carpets.

This year the Masters of the Universe are in luck. Not only are the slot machines — known as corporate finance departments — registering win lines but rude headlines about City pay have, for the most part, been kept at bay. Why have merchant bankers not suffered their annual villification? The answer is that 1995 was the year com-

petition reared in the bonus stakes. Utility chiefs started to cash in their share options, an exercise that proved all the more lucrative as a result of takeover mania in the electricity sector. Lucrative for the utility chiefs, lucrative for the City's corporate finance departments. But it was the former who provided new grist for the rude headline mill. There is nothing new, after all, about the City's practice of charging generous fees.

But it is the fees that feed the bonuses and industry's urge to merge, on both sides of the Atlantic, will shortly find reflection in bonuses sharply up on 1994 but below those paid in 1993.

It is no secret on Wall Street that Goldman Sachs has enjoyed an excellent year and the firm, on course for profits of \$1.4 billion, has already informed employees — excluding partners — that 1995's bonus will equate to 20 per cent of salary compared with 8 per cent last year and 30 per cent

in 1993. Morgan Stanley is expected to celebrate in style but, by way of contrast, PaineWebber is reputed to have experienced tough trading as has Salomon Bros. Meanwhile, Barings and Daiwa remain the stuff of headlines, rude or otherwise.

Pondering home truths

□ SOME of the best deals are done behind closed doors and then proclaimed to the world. Yesterday's announcement that the Securities and Investments Board, the chief City watchdog, and West Bromwich Building Society, had put together a deal to "help" elderly investors who were mis-sold home income plans was not one of them.

The regulator said the agreement that elderly investors will not be repossessed in their lifetime, although the house could be forfeited after they die, was "the best outcome achiev-

able under our powers". That says it all. Home income plans linked to unsuitable stock market investment bonds have been banned by the regulators since the early 1990s. If the SIB had wider ranging powers as the recent report by the Commons Select Committee suggested and a brief to regulate lending as well as investments, then a satisfactory outcome to the home income plan problem might have been reached long ago.

The only part of the regulatory system or the financial services sector to emerge with any credit in this whole sorry saga is the Investors' Compensation Scheme. The ICS, whose approach is legal rather than altruistic, has received opinion that it is entitled to pursue those building societies which supplied the funding for the plans. The ICS wants to restore investors' homes to them with all debts written off. Until that day those who supplied the funding, those who sold the plans and those who regulated them should ponder how they would react if one of their elderly relatives had lived with the threat of losing their home for years and even now fear that it will be lost when they die.

Alders shares knocked by short-term warning

By SARAH BAGNALL

ALLDERS, the duty free and department store group, disappointed the City yesterday by warning shareholders not to expect any significant short-term growth in profits.

Harvey Lipsith, chief executive, said: "The message is of short-term caution but medium-term optimism." The bleak statement prompted analysts to cut their profit forecasts for the year to September next year, and the shares fell 20p to 169p — an all-time low. Alders floated at 170p in October 1993.

Alders has completed a year of rapid growth after taking advantage of opportunities to expand. Yesterday, Mr Lipsith revealed a switch in emphasis from expansion to

consolidation. "We are taking a breather from the investment programme and are looking more closely at what we are doing in the business. We may have been suffering from a little bit of indigestion from the expansion."

He revealed a fall in pre-tax profits, from £25.5 million to £23.5 million, in the year to September 30. Turnover rose 13 per cent, to £829 million. Profits were reduced by £5.9 million of costs associated with opening new outlets, though the amount was mainly offset by a £4.8 million uniform business rate (UBR) refund. The UBR rebate was responsible for lifting the group's department stores operating profits, from £13.2

million to £15.3 million, while start-up costs dragged down the duty-free shop profits, from £13.5 million to £11.6 million.

Reflecting the growth of the business, both parts of the group reported increased sales. Department store sales rose 4.5 per cent and underlying sales rose 2.5 per cent as a result of a reasonable first half followed by a weak second half. Mr Lipsith said there had been some improvement in September but that that had come too late to show in the results.

The benefits of a recent refurbishment programme are beginning to feed through in increased sales but the group gave warning that any

gains will have to be made against a backdrop of weak demand and upward pressure on costs. "It would be unwise to expect these conditions to change significantly in the short-term," said Mr Lipsith.

The board was also cautious about Alders International, the duty-free business that reported a 19 per cent rise in sales. The group said the business faced risks as well as opportunities.

The dividend was lifted from 4.5p to 4.6p, making a total of 7p, up from 6.7p last time. The dividend, due on February 22, is being paid out of earnings of 15.4p a share, down from 20.6p last time.

Tempos, page 28

Hogg lands new role at Domecq

SIR Christopher Hogg has emerged as the next chairman of Allied Domecq, the drinks company. He will succeed Michael Jackman, who retires next April (Martin Barrow writes).

Last week, Sir Christopher, 59, said he would retire as non-executive chairman of Courtaulds, the chemicals company, in July 1996. He is also chairman of Reuters Holdings and is a non-executive director of SmithKline Beecham and the Bank of England. He was appointed a non-executive director of Allied Domecq last June.

Mr Jackman, 60, was appointed chairman of Allied Domecq in 1991. He has held a number of senior positions, notably in wines and spirits, and he played a leading role in the purchase of Hiram Walker in 1987.

Kenwood boosted by Italian sales

By SARAH BAGNALL

ACQUISITIONS in Italy helped Kenwood Appliances lift pre-tax profits 24 per cent to £7.4 million in the six months to September 30.

Tim Beech, managing director of the kitchen equipment group, said the increase in profits "included a difficult first half year's trading in the UK compensated by an encouraging performance from Ariete and Mizushi".

Ariete and Mizushi — the group's Italian businesses — were acquired in November 1994. Sales in the United Kingdom slipped 7 per cent to £20.3 million as the hot weather affected sales of food mixers. The advance in profits was achieved on the back of a 44 per cent leap in turnover to £87.2 million. Mr Beech reiter-

ated that the group's results, particularly in the United Kingdom, would be weighted more towards the second-half than in previous years. The change is due to the timing of new product launches.

He said trading in the second half had started well, although retailers have placed their Christmas orders later than in previous years. He added that the group had a number of new product launches planned which should help lift sales.

The shares fell 2p to 229p — a far cry from the flotation price of 285p when they were floated in 1992.

The interim dividend, due February 23, is being held at 3.25p and is payable out of earnings of 11.3p, up from 11.2p.

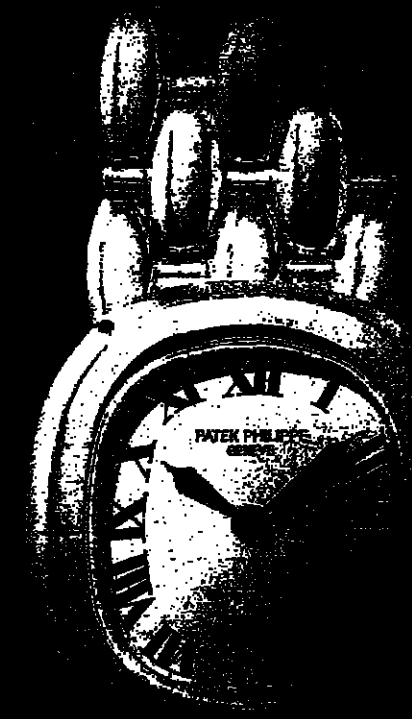
Profits fall to £9m at Firstbus

FIRSTBUS, the public transport company, suffered a 24 per cent drop in first-half profits to £9 million after it was hit by large restructuring and merger charges (Alasdair Murray writes).

The company, which was formed by the merger of Badgerline and GRT bus groups, wrote off £1.6 million for restructuring charges and £3.6 million for merger charges. It said that restructuring charges for the second half would be greater.

Turnover increased by 16 per cent to £174 million while operating profits rose 23 per cent to £19.4 million. The company also increased its margins from 10.5 per cent to 11.1 per cent.

The share price closed down 1p at 143p. The half-year dividend is 1.6p and will be paid on February 19.



PATEK PHILIPPE
GENEVE

WATCHMAKERS TO LADIES SINCE 1838

THE TIMES CITY DIARY

Over-fifties show how

FORGET the teenage whiz-kids who make a fortune from hi-tech gimmickry in a few short years: a new report shows those companies set up by the over-50s have a much greater chance of success. While only one in five companies set up in 1988 has survived, seven out of ten started by the over-50s are still going strong. One of the reasons was that they were less likely to borrow, which is a shame for NatWest, sponsor of the research by Warwick University Business School.

Salomon style

AS anyone familiar with the Guinness trial knows, there is life after scandal. The latest rehabilitatee is Christopher Fitzmaurice, a Salomon Brothers bond trader who was suspended when the Treasury-auction bidding scandal hit the firm in 1991, costing it \$290 million in reparations. Paul Mozer, Fitzmaurice's boss, left Salomon, while an internal report found that Fitzmaurice knew of at least two unauthorised T-bond bids, even though it uncovered no evidence of wrongdoing. But that was then. Last Friday he was elevated to managing director level on the government bond trading desk.

Inter cider

MERRYDOWN, seeking novel ways of beefing up the bottom line in a drinks market awash with cider, has struck lucky not once but twice. Its Two Dogs alcoholic lemonade sold by the bucketload at the height of the balmy summer. Now the company is cutting a dash on the Internet, with no fewer than 33,000 people downloading Merrydown's pages in one month and more than 11,000 taking part in an associated game. The pages, titled *The Dark Side of the Country*, depict an enigmatic world, set in the spooky countryside at dusk, with nearly 13 million different combinations of sounds and images available.



From the heart

SIR RICHARD Lloyd, chairman of Vickers and deputy chairman of Hill Samuel, looks every part the long-distance runner, despite having just celebrated his 67th birthday. But he would be first to admit he has been deskbound for too long to run 26 miles around London next April. He is giving away the place in next year's Flora London Marathon he automatically receives in his other role as president of the British Heart Foundation. The search is now on for a younger runner prepared to raise money for the foundation. With an estimated 30,000 more applicants than places for the marathon, there should be no shortage of volunteers.

Timely ditty

WHAT a poetic lot. The City Diary is knee-deep in ditties. Craig Shuttleworth, of Gouldens, the City solicitor, is timely with his thoughts on accountancy. The big accountant's partners flee. From unlimited liability Even so they'd best beware They all can't hide in Delaware.

City relishes many a happy return on mega-deal revival

Patricia Tehan predicts a season of plenty for investment banks and City advisers

AFTER a six-year absence, the mega-deal has returned to boost the coffers of City investment banks and substantial bonuses will be paid next year to the corporate financiers who worked on the deals.

Last year, UK public and private mergers and acquisitions totalled an estimated £69 billion. That will bring in fees of about £950 million to the teams of investment banks, stockbrokers, accountants, lawyers and public relations advisers, according to Philip Healey, editor of *Acquisitions Monthly*. That compares with the last peak in activity, in 1989, when takeovers and mergers worth £45.5 billion were completed, bringing in fees of £800 million.

Barings, the merchant bank rescued in March from administrators by ING, the Dutch banking group, has been one of the best performers, working on the City's highest-profile deals. Its mandates included advising Wellcome on its £9 billion takeover by rival Glaxo, and advising Lloyds Bank on its £1.8 billion acquisition of Cheltenham & Gloucester Building Society, and, more recently, its proposed £13.6 billion merger with TSB.

Both deals were on the go when Barings collapsed in February after Nick Leeson ran up £830 million losses in futures and options in the group's Singapore office. The entire Barings team moved into Wellcome's offices and ran their defence from there, away from the distractions of negotiations over the bank's future in Bishopsgate. As a result of action such as this, Barings's client base remained loyal, and it went on to win a big share of the flood of work that has come in since then.

Its bonus pool this year could be up to £20 million, after generating fees of £50 million. Andrew Tuckey, the deputy chairman of Barings at the time of its collapse will receive at least £100,000 in consultancy fees. That package may grow by up to £400,000. He advised Lloyds over C&G.

The City banks are also taking a large chunk of continental European merger and acquisition work, which is why US investment banks have been extending their presence in London.

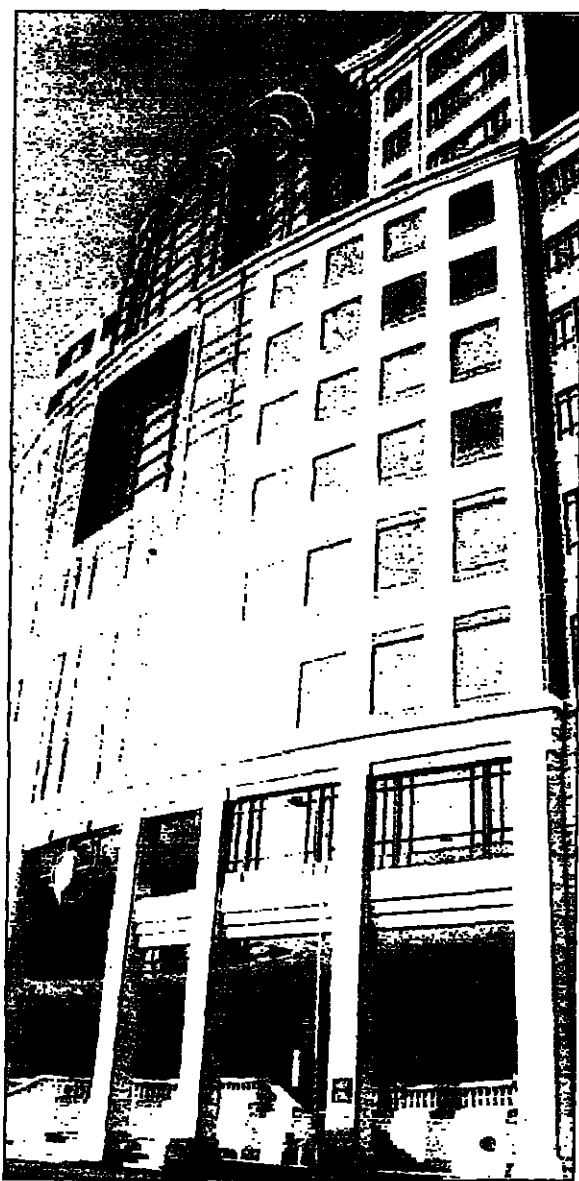
Mr Healey said that J.P. Morgan, which brought Lloyds and C&G together and is advising TSB on the Lloyds deal, as well as its US rivals, Goldman Sachs and Morgan Stanley, were all extremely active this year.

One banker said that although corporate financiers will enjoy fat bonus cheques for this year's work, "it is not going to be a bumper year for bonuses in the way that 1993 was for the City. Everything was firing in 1993. Investors were looking for a home for their money big time. Issuers were issuing, and the bond and equities markets were having a bull year."

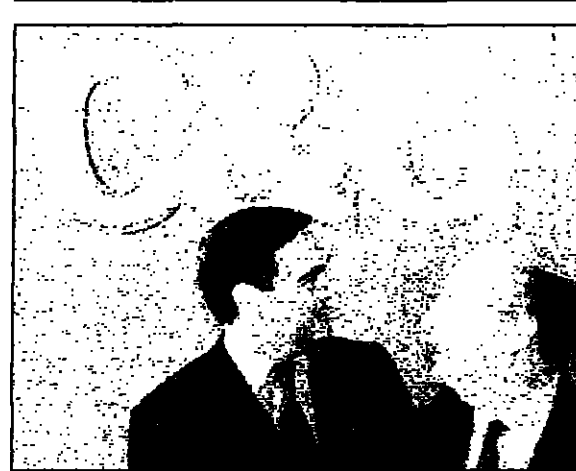
In 1993, booming stock markets worldwide brought record bonuses to dealers in the City. The US banks were the big payers, with, for example, 70 executives at Goldman Sachs receiving at least \$1 million each and 161 partners receiving a minimum profit share of \$5 million each. Many were able to double their salaries.

Last year, it could not have been more different. Turnover in the equity and bond markets depressed profits, forcing firms to cut costs which, for some, meant significant reductions in staffing levels.

This year, booming markets have enjoyed an improvement in profits after a poor 1994 but business has been far more mixed. Staff at Salomon Brothers, one of 1993's big payers, were last week told that their bonuses would be significantly lower than last year. Poor profits mean that the discretionary part of their pay will be cut by at least 20 per cent. Some would suffer an even



ING BANK



Beneficiaries of the mega-deal: (clockwise) Barings Bank's former deputy chairman Andrew Tuckey returned as a consultant when ING Bank took over after the Leeson affair. Tuckey advised Lloyds over C&G, a deal sealed by chiefs Andrew Longhurst (C&G) and Sir Brian Pitman. Barings also played a key role advising Lloyds's Sir Robin Ibbotson in the deal with Sir Nicholas Goodison and TSB

greater fall in their bonus payments. An investment banker said that anyone working in the bond markets would have done better this year than last, but those concerned with derivatives would have been affected by the far lower volumes that followed the Barings collapse and arguments over the way derivatives have been sold between Bankers Trust and Procter & Gamble and between Merrill Lynch and Orange County.

The Glaxo takeover of Wellcome, at £9 billion, was the City's biggest deal, involving Barings Brothers and Morgan Stanley for Wellcome and Lazard Brothers for Glaxo. Next is Lloyds's planned £5.9 billion reverse takeover of TSB, involving J.P. Morgan for TSB and Barings for Lloyds. A much wider group of names has played a role in the current consolidation in the utility sectors, which started this year and will carry on into next. The biggest deal this year, excluding National Power's £2.7 billion bid for Southern Electric, which

lapsed when the Monopolies and Mergers Commission decided to investigate, was Hanson's £2.4 billion takeover of Eastern Group.

SBC Warburg will do well as adviser to Forte on Granada's hostile £3.2 billion bid for the hotels group, as will Morgan Stanley and J.P. Morgan. Lazard Brothers is advising Granada. Such huge deals are not put together overnight. Granada had Forte in its sights for two years. Rhone-Poulenc Rorer, advised by Hambro Magan and Lehman Brothers, is believed to have been following Fisons for three years.

Sir Brian Pitman, chief executive of Lloyds, said that the bank scans possible acquisition targets and had been scanning TSB for many years before the time was right for the two sides to come together. Investment bankers say next year will be even better. In anticipation, they are hiring aggressively, as demonstrated by Merrill Lynch's recent recruitment of Deutsche Morgan Grenfell's

top two corporate financiers, Guy Dawson, head of corporate finance, and Justin Dowley, head of UK corporate finance. The US investment bank attempted to recruit their colleague, Rory Macnamara, but he was persuaded to stay at Deutsche Morgan Grenfell and made head of UK corporate finance. BZW, Barclays Bank's investment banking arm, brought in Mark Seligman, head of SBC Warburg's advisory business as joint chief executive of corporate finance in July.

It is the first time for five years that investment banks have been recruiting like this. They are assuming that the takeover activity will continue next year and well into 1997. The prospect of a Labour Government is focusing the minds of companies, says Mr Healey. Cash is available, the economy is picking up, and they are ready to buy rivals and bolt-on businesses that have not fared well in recession and reap the rewards.



A question of priorities

Socialism, Nye Bevan used to say, is "the language of priorities". If so, then Britain's taxpayers should be praying for a socialist government. Measured against Nye Bevan's standard, the failure of the Major Government is easy to understand: the Tories, since 1992, have proved incapable of taking difficult decisions, or to use the managerial jargon favoured by ministers these days, they have forgotten how to prioritise.

Yesterday this message was conveyed with his usual charm and frankness by William Waldegrave, Chief Secretary to the Treasury. Trying to explain to the Commons Treasury Committee why the vaunted Budget spending cuts had resulted in paltry savings of only £3.2 billion, he produced a paper he claimed showed the cuts were really worth £6.8 billion.

Why then was this money not available for distribution in lower taxes? The answer, said Mr Waldegrave, was that more than half of his total cuts was needed to pay for unplanned growth in areas of "unavoidable priority spending". The total of such "priority" spending next year will be £3.6 billion. Some of the new priorities were proudly announced in the Budget — an extra £900 million for education, £600 million for health and long-term care and £50 million for extra police. But what of the remaining £2 billion? The Chancellor made no mention of the other "priority" departments that he will shower with new money next year: £1.44 billion extra for social security; £130 million for Northern Ireland; £100 million for Civil Service costs; £230 million for local authorities; and £100 million for other departments.

None of this extra spending has ever been mentioned as a priority by the Government, yet here we have far more largesse than for health and education combined. In fact, the biggest beneficiary of this generosity is social security — the very programme the Government always claims to cut. As Michael Saunders of Salomon Brothers showed last week in a circular aptly

entitled *Social Security — the Cuckoo in the Nest*, social security spending has overshot Treasury limits by at least £1 billion in each of the past four years, even though these limits have been steadily raised. As the paper notes, "benefits have taken a hugely disproportionate share of recent gains in public spending".

Since 1990, "non-cyclical" social security payments — items such as disability payments, pensions and lone-parent benefits — which account for just one-quarter of total government spending have absorbed two-thirds of the total extra resources available. With social security growing like Topsy, there is precious little room to expand other spending programmes, never mind cutting taxes.

This growth has had nothing directly to do with the weakness of the economy, with demographic changes or with the high level of unemployment, all of which have been taken into account in the Treasury's spending plans. The main explanation for the overshoot is the unexpectedly high cost of a benefit introduced in 1992 — the Disability Living Allowance.

The cost of this allowance, which is far more generous than the benefits it replaced, has risen from £3.1 billion in 1994-95 to £3.8 billion this year and is now expected to keep growing by £600 million, or 15 per cent, annually in each of the next four years. By next year, the increase in DLA spending alone will be equivalent to 1p on the standard tax rate.

There is nothing wrong with the Government spending more on social benefits for the disabled and raising taxes to do so, if that is the democratic will. What is odd, however, is that this should be happening under a government that claims to be dedicated to cutting social spending and has unleashed its most right-wing minister — Peter Lilley — to throw teenagers and single mothers off the welfare rolls.

Teenage scroungers are guaranteed to raise jeers at a Tory conference, while the disabled evoke sighs of sympathy. But this is no way to set social priorities or to run a Government. Come back, Nye Bevan, all is forgiven.

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Regulation not working in the interests of the client

From K. D. Boyd

Sir, I did enjoy your indignation at the practices in my profession (Pennington, December 7). In 58 years on this planet, I have yet to discover a profession that acts in its clients' interests.

Accountants preserve their reputation with the Inland Revenue, charge by the hour, but make no undertaking as to performance. Solicitors are happy to litigate, yet handing over power to a third party is fraught with dangers. The British justice system confers no guarantee on a litigant even if he is in the right.

Doctors reach for the prescription pad, doling out poisons as often as cures because that relieves them of immediate pressure. A gentler, softer approach, such as homeopathy, would leave the population healthier but could result in fewer doctors.

The common factor among professions is that the population pays in one way or another. I do not in any way condone the practices which? spell out, but the financial regulatory regime supports the regulator not the consumer. There is too much of the wrong sort of regulation,

which offers jobs to the regulator, not addresses the real issues. The new regulatory regime was introduced in 1988 and scandals proliferate, not because the regulator knew what he was doing, far from it, but because when cash flow recedes, as in a recession, fraud sticks out.

Here we are in 1995, and all you can say is get tougher. Our profession faces the toughest of regulatory regimes yet old practices continue. Your answer is old remedies, but they too have not worked. It is time to rethink our approach, not to retry discredited concepts of regulation. Isn't insanity repetitive actions hoping for a different result?

Yours faithfully,
K. D. BOYD,
Boyd & Associates,
The Oast House,
Holt Pound,
Farnham, Surrey.

When a merger weighs heavy with shareholders

From J. S. Thomas

Sir, The proposed get-together of the companies RTZ and CRA produced for my wife, who is a very small preference shareholder in the former, a mail delivery of 2lb 6oz of paper in a bursting envelope. There were no less than 353 pages of financial and other

information and a seven-page letter from the chairman trying to summarise it. Has the business world gone mad? Or is it me?

Yours faithfully,
J. S. THOMAS,
Drovers Cottage,
Groombridge,
Tunbridge Wells,
Kent.

Letters to the Business and Finance section of The Times can be sent by fax on 0171-782 5112.

Reviving fond memories of The Strand Palace in all its former glory

From Mr Donald Reeves

Sir, Your piece by Lindsay Cook (Hidden Assets, November 25) with the pictures of the splendid one-time entrance hall of The Strand Palace, evoked in me waves of intense nostalgia.

My first encounter with this magnificent art-deco feature was in 1936, when my parents took me to the hotel for a weekend and to visit the Ideal Home Exhibition. Of all the vivid impressions I received as a ten-year-old on this, my first trip to the Great Wen, The Strand Palace and its foyer were the most awe-inspiring. Here, I knew, was the epitome of rich and sophisticated living (I believe the charges were 11/6d each for room and breakfast).

Another part of Joe Lyons's empire, that we went to for supper, was the Brasserie at the Coventry Street Corner House — a pastiche of a Spanish piazza that in my book ran The Strand a very close second for sheer bravu-


ry. By comparison, the architectural splendours of such buildings as St Paul's, Buckingham Palace and Olympia seemed almost commonplace to my naive young mind.

About 25 years ago, I made another nostalgic overnight visit to The Strand Palace and it had lost little of its magic. I feel sure that if Mrs Polizzi could persuade the Forte board to restore the foyer to its proper setting, it might, with the current revival in popularity of the genre, win instant acclaim.

As an aside, I wonder whether any other reader remembers the extraordinary mechanical writing device formerly in use at reception. After one's account had been settled, a docket was written out at the desk and, by an ingenious system of levers and cables, an exact facsimile was reproduced at the porter's lodge to permit release of one's baggage. Yours faithfully,
DONALD REEVES
29 Kenwyn Close,
Holt, Norfolk.

Charms open the door to worldwide exports

**A former store buyer
is now offering a
little something for
Christmas puddings,
Sandy Bisp writes**



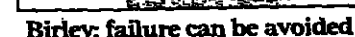
Kin Ryme.

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hallmarked Galatea collection, whose strong flowing shapes bear semi-precious stones such as turquoise, coral and peridot. No piece costs more than £60.
☐ Bob Heyes is on 01483 894001.



firms by overpaying themselves.
Businesses studied in the re

☐ The 1996 Country Living Fair at

□ Independent small retailers will be encouraged to boost profits by investing in technology to improve stock control and sales analysis, at a series of regional seminars on electronic data interchange between suppliers and retailers. The project is promoted by British Chambers of Commerce and General Electronic Information Service.

FAX:
0171 782 7930

IES

failures says
proprietors
helping hand



6171 78275

F CALLS
MONTHS
RENTAL

Equities end near best for the day

TRADING PERIOD: Settlement takes place five business days after the day of trade. Changes are calculated on the previous day's close, but adjustments are made when a stock is ex-dividend. Changes, yields and price/earnings ratios are based on middle prices.

BANKS				DISTRIBUTORS			
1995	1994	1993	% Chg	1995	1994	1993	% Chg
200.00	210.00	220.00	-4.8	100.00	110.00	120.00	-9.1
100.00	110.00	120.00	-9.1	200.00	210.00	220.00	-4.8
300.00	310.00	320.00	-3.2	400.00	410.00	420.00	-2.4
500.00	510.00	520.00	-1.9	600.00	610.00	620.00	-1.6
700.00	710.00	720.00	-1.4	800.00	810.00	820.00	-1.2
900.00	910.00	920.00	-1.1	1000.00	1010.00	1020.00	-1.0
1100.00	1110.00	1120.00	-0.9	1200.00	1210.00	1220.00	-0.8
1300.00	1310.00	1320.00	-0.8	1400.00	1410.00	1420.00	-0.7
1500.00	1510.00	1520.00	-0.7	1600.00	1610.00	1620.00	-0.6
1700.00	1710.00	1720.00	-0.6	1800.00	1810.00	1820.00	-0.5
1900.00	1910.00	1920.00	-0.5	2000.00	2010.00	2020.00	-0.5
2100.00	2110.00	2120.00	-0.5	2200.00	2210.00	2220.00	-0.4
2300.00	2310.00	2320.00	-0.4	2400.00	2410.00	2420.00	-0.4
2500.00	2510.00	2520.00	-0.4	2600.00	2610.00	2620.00	-0.4
2700.00	2710.00	2720.00	-0.4	2800.00	2810.00	2820.00	-0.4
2900.00	2910.00	2920.00	-0.4	3000.00	3010.00	3020.00	-0.4
3100.00	3110.00	3120.00	-0.4	3200.00	3210.00	3220.00	-0.4
3300.00	3310.00	3320.00	-0.4	3400.00	3410.00	3420.00	-0.4
3500.00	3510.00	3520.00	-0.4	3600.00	3610.00	3620.00	-0.4
3700.00	3710.00	3720.00	-0.4	3800.00	3810.00	3820.00	-0.4
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4300.00	4310.00	4320.00	-0.4	4400.00	4410.00	4420.00	-0.4
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4700.00	4710.00	4720.00	-0.4	4800.00	4810.00	4820.00	-0.4
4900.00	4910.00	4920.00	-0.4	5000.00	5010.00	5020.00	-0.4
5100.00	5110.00	5120.00	-0.4	5200.00	5210.00	5220.00	-0.4
5300.00	5310.00	5320.00	-0.4	5400.00	5410.00	5420.00	-0.4
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5700.00	5710.00	5720.00	-0.4	5800.00	5810.00	5820.00	-0.4
5900.00	5910.00	5920.00	-0.4	6000.00	6010.00	6020.00	-0.4
6100.00	6110.00	6120.00	-0.4	6200.00	6210.00	6220.00	-0.4
6300.00	6310.00	6320.00	-0.4	6400.00	6410.00	6420.00	-0.4
6500.00	6510.00	6520.00	-0.4	6600.00	6610.00	6620.00	-0.4
6700.00	6710.00	6720.00	-0.4	6800.00	6810.00	6820.00	-0.4
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7100.00	7110.00	7120.00	-0.4	7200.00	7210.00	7220.00	-0.4
7300.00	7310.00	7320.00	-0.4	7400.00	7410.00	7420.00	-0.4
7500.00	7510.00	7520.00	-0.4	7600.00	7610.00	7620.00	-0.4
7700.00	7710.00	7720.00	-0.4	7800.00	7810.00	7820.00	-0.4
7900.00	7910.00	7920.00	-0.4	8000.00	8010.00	8020.00	-0.4
8100.00	8110.00	8120.00	-0.4	8200.00	8210.00	8220.00	-0.4
8300.00	8310.00	8320.00	-0.4	8400.00	8410.00	8420.00	-0.4
8500.00	8510.00	8520.00	-0.4	8600.00	8610.00	8620.00	-0.4
8700.00	8710.00	8720.00	-0.4	8800.00	8810.00	8820.00	-0.4
8900.00	8910.00	8920.00	-0.4	9000.00	9010.00	9020.00	-0.4
9100.00	9110.00	9120.00	-0.4	9200.00	9210.00	9220.00	-0.4
9300.00	9310.00	9320.00	-0.4	9400.00	9410.00	9420.00	-0.4
9500.00	9510.00	9520.00	-0.4	9600.00	9610.00	9620.00	-0.4
9700.00	9710.00	9720.00	-0.4	9800.00	9810.00	9820.00	-0.4
9900.00	9910.00	9920.00	-0.4	10000.00	10010.00	10020.00	-0.4

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500.00	510.00	520.00	-1.9	600.00	610.00	620.00	-1.6
700.00	710.00	720.00	-1.4	800.00	810.00	820.00	-1.2
900.00	910.00	920.00	-1.1	1000.00	1010.00	1020.00	-1.0
1100.00	1110.00	1120.00	-0.9	1200.00	1210.00	1220.00	-0.8
1300.00	1310.00	1320.00	-0.8	1400.00	1410.00	1420.00	-0.7
1500.00	1510.00	1520.00	-0.7	1600.00	1610.00	1620.00	-0.6
1700.00	1710.00	1720.00	-0.6	1800.00	1810.00	1820.00	-0.5
1900.00	1910.00	1920.00	-0.5	2000.00	2010.00	2020.00	-0.5
2100.00	2110.00	2120.00	-0.5	2200.00	2210.00	2220.00	-0.4
2300.00	2310.00	2320.00	-0.4	2400.00	2410.00	2420.00	-0.4
2500.00	2510.00	2520.00	-0.4	2600.00	2610.00	2620.00	-0.4
2700.00	2710.00	2720.00	-0.4	2800.00	2810.00	2820.00	-0.4
2900.00	2910.00	2920.00	-0.4	3000.00	3010.00	3020.00	-0.4
3100.00	3110.00	3120.00	-0.4	3200.00	3210.00	3220.00	-0.4
3300.00	3310.00	3320.00	-0.4	3400.00	3410.00	3420.00	-0.4
3500.00	3510.00	3520.00	-0.4	3600.00	3610.00	3620.00	-0.4
3700.00	3710.00	3720.00	-0.4	3800.00	3810.00	3820.00	-0.4
3900.00	3910.00	3920.00	-0.4	4000.00	4010.00	4020.00	-0.4
4100.00	4110.00	4120.00	-0.4	4200.00	4210.00	4220.00	-0.4
4300.00	4310.00	4320.00	-0.4	4400.00	4410.00	4420.00	-0.4
4500.00	4510.00	4520.00	-0.4	4600.00	4610.00	4620.00	-0.4
4700.00	4710.00	4720.00	-0.4	4800.00	4810.00	4820.00	-0.4
4900.00	4910.00	4920.00	-0.4	5000.00	5010.00	5020.00	-0.4
5100.00	5110.00	5120.00	-0.4	5200.00	5210.00	5220.00	-0.4
5300.00	5310.00	5320.00	-0.4	5400.00	5410.00	5420.00	-0.4
5500.00	5510.00	5520.00	-0.4	5600.00	5610.00	5620.00	-0.4
5700.00	5710.00	5720.00	-0.4	5800.00	5810.00	5820.00	-0.4
5900.00	5910.00	5920.00	-0.4	6000.00	6010.00	6020.00	-0.4
6100.00	6110.00	6120.00	-0.4	6200.00	6210.00	6220.00	-0.4
6300.00	6310.00	6320.00	-0.4	6400.00	6410.00	6420.00	-0.4
6500.00	6510.00	6520.00	-0.4	6600.00	6610.00	6620.00	-0.4
6700.00	6710.00	6720.00	-0.4	6800.00	6810.00	6820.00	-0.4
6900.00	6910.00	6920.00	-0.4	7000.00	7010.00	7020.00	-0.4
7100.00	7110.00	7120.00	-0.4	7200.00	7210.00	7220.00	-0.4
7300.00	7310.00	7320.00	-0.4	7400.00	7410.00	7420.00	-0.4
7500.00	7510.00	7520.00	-0.4	7600.00	7610.00	7620.00	-0.4
7700.00	7710.00	7720.00	-0.4	7800.00	7810.00	7820.00	-0.4
7900.00	7910.00	7920.00	-0.4	8000.00	8010.00	8020.00	-0.4
8100.00	8110.00	8120.00	-0.4	8200.00	8210.00	8220.00	-0.4
8300.00	8310.00	8320.00	-0.4	8400.00	8410.00	8420.00	-0.4
8500.00	8510.00	8520.00	-0.4	8600.00	8610.00	8620.00	-0.4
8700.00	8710.00	8720.00	-0.4	8800.00	8810.00	8820.00	-0.4
8900.00	8910.00	8920.00	-0.4	9000.00	9010.00	9020.00	-0.4
9100.00	9110.00	9120.00	-0.4	9200.00	9210.00	9220.00	-0.4
9300.00	9310.00	9320.00	-0.4	9400.00	9410.00	9420.00	-0.4
9500.00	9510.00	9520.00	-0.4	9600.00	9610.00	9620.00	-0.4
9700.00	9710.00	9720.00	-0.4	9800.00	9810.00	9820.00	-0.4
9900.00	9910.00	9920.00	-0.4	10000.00	10010.00	10020.00	-0.4

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THE BASQUE COUNTRY

A PARTNER OF PROMISE

10 REASONS WHY THE
BASQUE COUNTRY IS TODAY
AN ATTRACTIVE, UP-TO-DATE PROPOSITION:



A STRATEGIC GEOGRAPHICAL SETTING

A vital link in the communications axis between Lisbon and Stockholm, the Basque Country has Spain's leading merchant shipping port and Europe's deepest docking facilities (32 metres). The region also has three airports, 322 kilometres of motorway and the only direct Spanish connection with Europe's high-speed rail network.



A NETWORK OF INTELLIGENT HIGHWAYS

The Basque Country has a latest-generation microwave network and a broad-band optical fibre trunk network covering 85% of the Basque population and all university campuses and industrial centres.



BROAD-BASED, DIVERSIFIED POWER INFRASTRUCTURE

Efficiency and savings programmes have enabled the Basque Country as a whole to reduce energy consumption by 14% since 1980. The area currently depends on oil for 36.7% of the energy it needs. Power sources have been diversified in recent years, with

particular attention being paid to natural gas, which has its own gas field and modern distribution network.



SPAIN'S INDUSTRIAL POWERHOUSE

Much of Spain's production in a number of strategic sectors comes from the Basque Country: machine-tools, the automotive ancillary industry, capital goods and the iron and steel industry. The Basque Country is also home to the Mondragón Corporación Cooperativa (MCC), the world's largest industrial

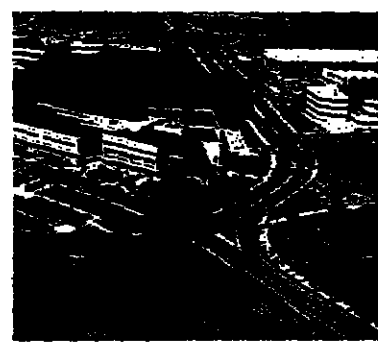
cooperative group, and Iberdrola, Europe's fifth largest power generating company.



INVESTMENT INCENTIVES AND GUARANTEES

Treasury bonds issued by the Basque Government have been given an Aa2 rating by American ratings agency Moody's and AA+ by Standard & Poor's. Of the incentives offered for investment, among the most attractive are the deduction of

20% on fixed assets and new materials and a 40% tax cut on production investments.



TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH APPLIED TO INDUSTRY

The Basque Country has seven Research Centres employing more than 900 professionals; the largest science and technology park in northeastern Spain; engineering firms and other companies involved in international research projects: LHC particle accelerator (CERN-Geneva); the European Space Agency and NASA; the EURECA (European Retrievable Carrier) Platform, currently in orbit and the Polar Platform, in collaboration with the International Freedom Station in Columbus.



ONE OF EUROPE'S LEADING FINANCIAL CENTRES

The Banco Bilbao Vizcaya, Spain's leading bank in terms of the volume of savings managed, the Bolsa de Bilbao, the country's second busiest Stock Exchange, Elkargi, the first mutual guarantee company in Spain, and Luzaro, the country's first mezzanine finance company, are all based in the Basque Country.



HUMAN RESOURCES, THE BASQUE COUNTRY'S MOST IMPORTANT RAW MATERIAL

There are two universities in the Basque Country, one of which, Deusto, is Spain's most famous seat of learning. Students can choose from 22 faculties, 8 technical and 3 Higher colleges and schools. The Basque Country also has 172 vocational training centres.



A UNIQUE, AGE-OLD CULTURE

Euskera, the Basque language. Part of mankind's linguistic heritage, Euskera is the oldest language in Europe, a survival from the pre-Indo-European era.



AN UNRIVALLED NATURAL SETTING

The UNESCO recently declared the Gemika estuary a "Biosphere Reserve". According to the 1992 Economic Report on the Spanish Autonomous Communities, the Basque Country has the most complete environmental protection infrastructure in all Spain.



For further information contact:

GOBIERNO VASCO-PRESIDENCIA
VITORIA-GASTEIZ / BASQUE COUNTRY, SPAIN
TLF: 34.45.18 80 92 • FAX: 34.45.18 80 81

SPRI-SOCIEDAD PARA LA PROMOCION INDUSTRIAL
BILBAO / BASQUE COUNTRY, SPAIN
TLF: 34.4. 479 70 12 • FAX: 34.4. 479 70 23

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Michael Knipe introduces a special report on the Basque country. Autonomy from Madrid is allowing it to revitalise its economy

An act of faith in the Basque future

The opening in Bilbao, a month ago, of a £500 million 18-mile long underground railway system, designed with his customary élan by Sir Norman Foster, marked the latest but by no means the final stage in the audacious economic regeneration of the Basque country.

The transparent caterpillar-style canopies of the underground station entrances in the city, which is the industrial and commercial centre of the region, are fast becoming as symbolically Basque as the distinctive beret still worn by some local inhabitants.

The concrete-clad stations are certainly a visible manifestation of the benefits of the Basque country being allowed to raise its own taxes — a distinction shared by only one other of Spain's 17 autonomous regions. It is making the most of this financial independence from Madrid by pursuing a remarkably ambitious programme of urban investment in sea and air ports, road and rail systems, business development and cultural facilities.

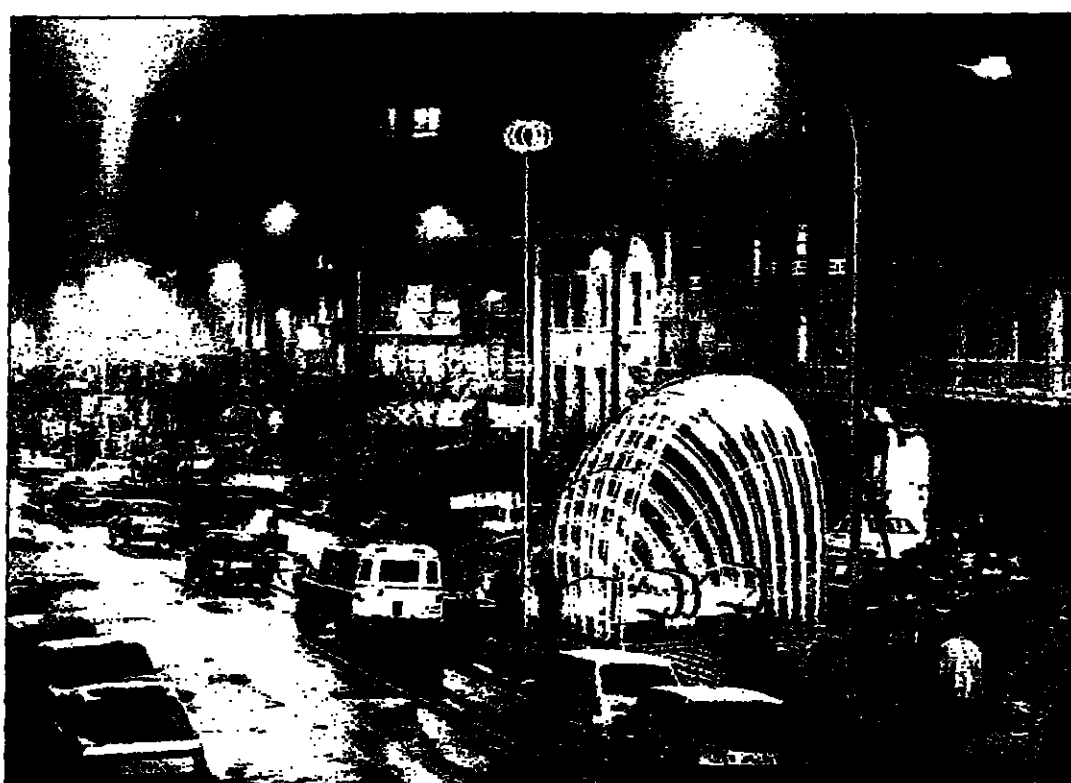
Industrialists, business people and investors tend to dismiss the problem of the terrorist campaign by Eta, the Basque separatist movement, as little more than a distraction, pointing out that the numbers who have died in terrorist incidents in the Basque country in a 34-year period — about 800 — is less than the numbers killed in one year in cities like New York, Detroit or Soweto. Only about one quarter of the people are Basque speakers, but there is no division in the community as there is in Northern Ireland. And, furthermore, the Basques say that statistically the crime rate is only half of that recorded in France, Italy and The Netherlands.

Whatever business has been lost because of the problem of terrorism, Basque country residents have no doubt that their future lies in winning greater autonomy from Madrid and promoting the Basque identity abroad. They identify with Europe and talk of Bilbao being at the centre of an Atlantic Arc running from Lisbon to Stockholm and a local point of land, sea and air traffic. Several projects, including early work on the underground railway system and the creation of a technology park at Zamudio, a suburb of Bilbao, began without Vitoria, the administrative capital, waiting for endorsement from Madrid and announced, said one Bilbao-based British businessman, to an act of faith in the future that would not have been possible if the Basque leaders had been dependent on Madrid.

"We are no longer at the mercy of the central government," said Juan Miguel Bilbao, Deputy Minister of Finance in the Basque Government. "We can decide on our own priorities and proceed with them."

And that the Basque Government is most certainly doing. The population of the region is only just over two million. But the authorities have embarked on a programme of infrastructure improvement that, on a per capita basis, makes the lottery-enhanced redevelopment programme in Britain seem positively modest.

In Bilbao itself a huge new public transport service terminal is being built, known as the Abando Passenger Interchange, which when completed will connect rail, local bus, intercity coach and underground services. It will be housed under a 125-metre roof span designed by



One of the distinctive canopies over the entrances to Bilbao's new underground system

Michael Wilford, a partner of the late Sir James Stirling.

The polluted river Nervión, which runs through the city, is being cleaned up and two miles of its derelict docks and railway track are to be pedestrianised. At one end work has already begun on a museum designed by the radically modern Californian architect, Frank Gehry, which will become the European home of the Guggenheim collection. At the other end a

convention and performing arts centre is to be built surrounded by a riverside park.

The port facilities at Bilbao — the largest in Spain — are also being relocated and expanded, enabling it to double its capacity. The extension involves reclaiming some 3.5 million square metres from the sea adding nearly eight kilometres (five miles) of docks and jetties and giving six times the depth of water for shipping. By moving the port

facilities to the enlarged harbour outside the old port, 300,000 square metres of prime land has been recovered in the heart of the city. A third of this is to be set aside for parks and the rest used for a business centre, a new shopping mall, hotel and housing.

Bilbao airport is being enlarged and a new terminal added. A new motorway link between Vitoria and the coastal resort of San Sebastián is being constructed; a network of

technology parks is being established adjacent to the three biggest cities: the gas distribution system is being expanded to tap into gas supplies from France; and a network of fibre-optics is being installed that will provide access to the information superhighway.

The purpose of all this is to revitalise the economic strength of the Basque country — which is still the backbone of the Spanish economy — and to regain for Bilbao some of the glamour and affluence it experienced in the early years of the century when its industrial prosperity brought it one of the highest standards of living in Europe.

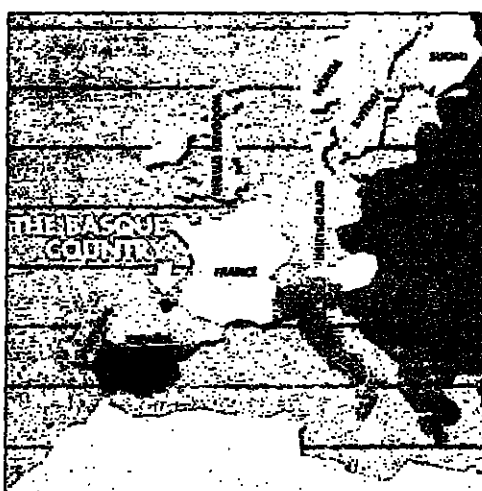
Despite its smokestack industrial heritage and the pollution fumes that still, in some parts, pervade it, the Basque countryside consists of green rolling hills, pine forests and craggy mountains, while Bilbao is an elegant city that retains a strong sense of its traditional style.

Bilbao today is conscious of having lost much of its national prestige to Barcelona and Seville and the city authorities are determined to reassert its reputation as an international metropolis, basing it on both the city's newly developed high-tech industrial strengths and its vigorous cultural activity.

The overall cost of all these infrastructure projects has been estimated at £3 billion. The money comes from central government aid, Basque Government borrowing, private-sector investment and funding from the European Union. At its heart is the money raised in taxes, of which, over the past five years, only 7.6 per cent has had to be transferred to the central government for services such as defence costs.



A panoramic view of Bilbao, commercial centre of the Basque country, where thriving businesses have created growth, exports and attracted investment



A grasp at the chance for a lasting peace

Firm coalition aims to bolster regional autonomy with arguments, not bullets

One of the great achievements of José Antonio Ardanza, the lehendakari or regional president of the autonomous Basque country — which the Basques call Euskadi — is that since his Basque Nationalist Party (PNV) was re-elected with a minority a year ago, he has put together a strong three-party coalition.

"Euskadi has been given political stability," says a senior source in the Basque Government. "The lehendakari obtained a tripartite accord that put a security curtain around the Basque region, and it is now being governed with cohesion."

After the death of the dictator General Franco 20 years ago, the new Spanish Constitution of 1978 established the right to autonomy of all nationalities and communities that make up the Spanish nation. "I shared my party's view in not approving the Constitution but later we always said we respected it," says Señor Ardanza, explaining that the PNV wanted the Basques' former powers restored.

Under the Statute of Guernica, ratified in a referendum, the Basques have been granted more powers of self-government than any other Spanish region.

The raising of taxes is once again done by the traditional *fueros*, the assemblies in three Basque provinces: Alava, Guipuzcoa and Vizcaya. Two thirds of the funds raised go to the regional government, the balance is shared between the provinces and town halls.

In addition to fiscal matters, the Basque parliament is now responsible for education, health, culture, housing, industrial development, the police force (the Euzkadi) and the Basque language radio and television stations.

In October 1994, in the fifth regional elections since Euskadi gained autonomy, the Christian Democrat Basque Nationalist Party (PNV) returned 22 deputies to the 75-seat parliament, and a coalition government was formed with the Basque socialist party (PSE-PSOE), and the nationalist Euzko Alkartasuna (EA).

After more than ten years as lehendakari, Señor Ardanza, now 54, took the helm again, saying: "Society says it likes me because I am a tolerant, open, honest and straightforward man, open to dialogue."

He was born to a working-class family in Elorrio, speaks fluent Basque and worked as a lawyer. A close aide says the main objectives of his government are to take advantage of the improving economic situation, develop the Statute of Guernica and advance the peace process.

Señor Ardanza admits the Basques have gained more transfers of power than any other region in Spain. But he urgently wants to see transfers from Madrid of labour and

social security responsibilities. He also wants the central government's official blessing to start negotiating direct with the Eta terrorist organisation. In 34 years of violence in the name of Basque separatism, 75 have been kidnapped and hundreds of businessmen forced to pay "revolutionary tax", in addition to the 800 who have died. Only recently, after co-operation from France and important arrests, have the killings become sporadic.

The PNV wants to make peace with Eta but at present, under an all-party agreement, negotiations can only be initiated by Madrid. Yet with central government currently facing a judicial investigation into who organised death squads that killed 27 Eta suspects a decade ago, the time is hardly propitious.

A Basque government official says: "Only Eta wants to negotiate with Madrid because for them, the conflict is one between Euskadi and the Spanish people. But the heart of the matter is the inability of these separatists to recognise that Basque society is



Unifier: José Antonio Ardanza

plural. The problem is agreeing to live together in Basque society."

The PNV's stance is that the Basque country has been voting democratically since 1979, and a huge majority is in favour of the existing statutory form of autonomy, rather than full independence. But with unconfirmed reports that the PNV is already talking to Eta, the PNV peace plan could run into major opposition next year.

The centre right Popular Party (PP) is predicted to win a general election expected in March. Last January Gregorio Ordóñez, the PP deputy mayor of San Sebastián, was shot dead by Eta.

In April José María Aznar, the Popular Party's candidate for Prime Minister, survived a bomb attack in Madrid. He is vehemently opposed to PNV's proposal to release convicted Eta terrorists from prison as part of any peace deal. This could lead to more violence.

EDWARD OWEN

Helping industry to forge a future

The Basque country, which suffered severely from the effects of the international recession and a need to restructure its traditional industries at the beginning of the decade, is now experiencing a sharp turnaround in its fortunes, Michael Knipe writes.

The region's economy grew by 2.7 per cent last year, outstripping Spain's overall growth rate by 0.7 per cent. Further improvements are predicted this year, with an expected 4 per cent rate of growth. Industrial production grew by 9 per cent last year and the value of foreign trade leapt by 30 per cent, fuelled by the export of manufactured goods and a devaluation of the Spanish currency.

So far, however, economic improvements have had little impact on the unemployment rate, which remains stubbornly at 22 per cent, only slightly less than the overall Spanish rate.

But foreign investment in the Basque country last year was the highest for ten years at \$4,820 million (pesetas (£451 million)), a remarkable 77 per cent increase over the previous year. Most of this — 11 per cent — came from the United States, followed by The Netherlands and then Britain, which invested £34.7 million — 7.7 per cent of the total.

The Basque country has been the industrial powerhouse of Spain for more than 100 years and, despite a reduction by almost half in the steel-processing sector, is still responsible for 80 per cent of the

country's iron and steel production, as well as 70 per cent of its motor vehicle components.

The Acería Compac de Bizkaia (ACB), a compact steelworks now being built and due to open next year, will be much smaller than its predecessor, the Altos Hornos de Vizcaya (AHV) but will be one of the two most modern compact works in Europe. The other crack troops of the Basque export sector are the machine-tool companies, which are responsible for 80 per cent of Spanish production.

Although there are only about 90 machine tool firms in the Basque country, with another 200 smaller specialist sub-contractors, the region is the world's 12th largest producer of machine tools, sending exports to 120 different countries. Per capita, the Basques are second only to Switzerland.

Machine-tool production acts as a bellwether for industrial activity, falling sharply in recessionary times and expanding rapidly when the economic climate changes. The Gulf War and the collapse of the

communist regimes in Eastern Europe led to world production of machine tools falling from £31 billion to £19.2 billion between 1991 and 1994. In that period, Basque production fell by 50 per cent. But this year it has increased by 37 per cent and a similar rise is expected next year.

"We Basques have several

From recession to rebirth, steel and tool-making to aircraft and automation

strengths as machine tool-makers," said Alberto Urteaga of the Spanish Machine Tool Association. "We have specialist knowledge built up over generations, we don't neglect research and development, we know how to export our products and we like making machines. It tends to be a vocational industry and runs in families."

The machine-tool industry typifies how the Basques are trans-

forming traditional industries by introducing sophisticated high-technology expertise. And while modernising heavy industries, they are diversifying steadily into newer, high-tech industries such as electronics, communications, biotechnology and aviation.

Central to this process has been the creation of seven technology centres specialising in research and development in areas such as design and manufacturing, metallic and non-metallic materials, telecommunications and data processing, and the development of technology parks in pleasant surroundings conveniently close to the built-up areas of Bilbao, Vitoria and San Sebastián.

The purpose of the parks is to promote technological and business innovations, and to encourage the development of cluster groups which can share expertise. One of the parks is spread over 370 acres in the town of Zamudio, just outside Bilbao. When it opened for business in 1989, the first company to move in was Industria de Turbo

Propulsores (ITP), a company partly owned by Rolls-Royce, which manufactures aeronautical components.

It was soon joined by Gamesa Aeronautica, which assembles the wings and fuselages of the Brazilian Embraer EMB 145 aeroplane, and Israel Aircraft Industries' Astra executive jet. It has just signed a contract to assemble Canada's Sikorski 592 helicopters and is in the process of doubling its investment at Zamudio.

By the end of the decade the Basque authorities believe that the cluster of aeronautics plants led by Gamesa and ITP will have a workforce of 10,000 and a turnover of 100 billion million pesetas.

There are now 47 companies — 30 of them financed from abroad — involved in technologically advanced operations at the park. Among them is the European Software Institute.

Federico Bergaretxa Zurimendi, the president of the park's administration, said it sought companies involved in electronics, optoelectronics, telecommunications, industrial automation, environmental, energy or information technologies, particularly those which are active in research and development.

Generous incentives were offered, he said, to foreign investors by way of tax relief and support for job creation, vocational training, and research and development projects.

Ancient language that refuses to die



A link with history: Basques have refused to give up their language

The percentage of the population that spoke Basque in the three provinces which make up the autonomous Basque region of Spain rose from 21.5 per cent to 26.3 per cent between 1981 and 1991, according to Basque regional authorities.

In the same period the percentage of those who had a working knowledge of Euskera, but not complete fluency, rose from 14.5 per cent to 19.8 per cent. Significantly, in that period, Basque-speakers in the 5-19 year age group began to overtake the percentage of Spanish-only speakers, although more people still use Spanish than Basque.

José Luis Lizundia, the vice-secretary of the Academy of the Basque Language, said: "A lot more people know how to write in Euskera who could only speak it before. The number of people who are literate in Euskera — who can read and write — has increased considerably."

It is not unlikely that the people who decorated cave walls with religious motifs and hunting scenes at Altamira and numerous other prehistoric caverns along the coasts of the southeast corner of the Bay of Biscay spoke Basque.

Of course, if they did, not even a time machine would be enough to allow them to communicate with modern Basques. The language

Harry Debelius on the tenacious survival of Euskera

would have evolved too much over the millennia.

Although there is no hard proof to back up speculation about Basque-speaking cave-dwellers, the language is recognised as being the oldest language in Europe. Its origins are lost in time and it is the only one in Europe that does not belong to the Indo-European family of languages.

Cro-Magnon man lived in that corner of the bay 40,000 years ago, and he is thought to have evolved into Basque man about 7,000 years ago. Judging by inscriptions and place names, the Basque language was in use about 6,000 years ago across a broad expanse of what is now northern Spain.

More surprising is the fact that Euskera is far from being a fossil language. Even Franco's attempts to stamp it out did not accomplish that purpose. If anything, they stimulated the use of the "secret" language in the homes and private meeting places of the Basque country.

Seven herrialdes (adjoining terri-

ories or provinces on both sides of the French-Spanish border) make up Euskal Herria ("the Basque-speaking country"). They are Alava, Vizcaya, Guipuzcoa and Navarra in Spain, and Lapurdi, Zuberoa and Benafrroa in France. These herrialdes have remained culturally united for centuries, thanks primarily to the language they share.

For a minority language to survive in an area of reduced dimension, said Señor Luis, it must have at least the benefits of official use (whether optional or obligatory) and a favourable social atmosphere. Euskera has those benefits now, he said. "I can get seven channels on my television, and one of them at least is in Euskera. I can choose which language I want to listen to."

Stressing the importance of what he called "officialisation" for the survival of a language, he cited the Philippines, where Spanish was spoken until 1898, when the islands came under American control and English became the official language. "All that's left of Castilian now is the family names," he said.

He added: "The administration is doing much more to promote our language than in the past."

"You could say Euskera was in the intensive care unit but now it has been moved to a regular hospital ward."

THE TIMES UNIT TRUST INFORMATION SHEET

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■ VISUAL ART 1

The first major British show of Nolde's work pays belated homage to a master of Expressionism



■ VISUAL ART 2

You don't have to believe in fairies... to enjoy a display of spirited Victoriana

THE TIMES
ARTS

■ VISUAL ART 3

A mass-produced look, but all done by hand: Siobhan Hapaska's sculptures go into the ICA



■ TOMORROW

What have they done to Offenbach? Rodney Milnes gives his verdict on ENO's *La Belle Vivette*

Richard Cork applauds the first British retrospective devoted to Emil Nolde; plus fairy art and other exhibitions

Expressions of a restless imagination

Although Emil Nolde has long been ranked among the finest German painters of the 20th century, his reputation in Britain remains uncertain. Until recently, this country's traditional dislike of Expressionism counted against him. He was regarded as far too wild and discordant, a barbaric dreamer with an alarming enthusiasm for grotesque subjects. Nolde's affiliation with the Nazi party exacerbated the problem, and to this day the Tate Gallery owns only one of his paintings.

The arrival at the Whitechapel Art Gallery of his first British retrospective offers an excellent opportunity to make amends. For the truth is that Nolde could be a marvellous artist. I first capitulated to his fiery brilliance as a colourist a quarter of a century ago, at a Marlborough Gallery show of his superb watercolours.

Nolde is usually in top form on paper, where he displays complete mastery of his medium. But the Whitechapel survey proves that he was, at best, a formidable manipulator of oil paint as well.

Moreover, he often seems close to the concerns of major British artists. Nolde's turbulent and gustily handled seascapes have much in common with Turner, while his brutally impressionistic approach to the figure reminds me, at times, of Francis Bacon.

He is an unmistakably Nordic artist, rooted in the bleak marshland area of Schleswig-Holstein, between the Baltic and the North Sea. His first studio was a wooden hut on a beach, remotely positioned on the island of Alsén. The year was 1903, and Nolde was already in his mid-30s.

In view of his later impulsiveness with paint and prolific output, his early reluctance to become a painter may seem strange. He spent several years as a woodcarver and draughtsman in furniture factories, before teaching ornamental drawing at a Museum of Industry and Crafts. Only at the age of 30 did he

commit himself to the life of an independent artist, attending a private art college in Munich.

But he soon made up for his hesitancy. Indeed, the rashness of Nolde's work may stem, in part, from a realisation that he had no time to lose. The earliest painting in the show, *Before Sunrise*, proves that even in 1901 he was ready to explore a fantastical world with headlong brushstrokes. Dominated by the apparition of an airborne beast, hovering between cliffs and the churning water far below, it is a shadowy picture with little hint of the chromatic fireworks to come.

Nolde's imagination was possessed, at this stage, by mythological apparitions. Solitude would always be vital to him, and throughout his career he longed to escape from the modern world into an elemental realm peopled by sun-worshippers and nocturnal wanderers. At the same time, though, he

was alive to the most innovative and fiercely contested developments of his period. When some fledgling Expressionists formed an insurrectionary group called Die Brücke, they invited Nolde to join them in 1906. Although considerably older than the other members, who included Ernst Ludwig Kirchner and Erich Heckel, he was regarded as one of the most audacious artists in the German avant-garde.

Just how challenging his work could be is demonstrated at the start of the exhibition, on the white wall where *Wildly Dancing Children* hangs. It is an orgiastic work. Nolde's starting-point lay in some sketches he made in 1908, of local children dancing "ring-of-roses". Their movements were probably innocuous enough, but Nolde injected the whirling figures with a sense of extreme agitation. By the time he painted this heated picture a year later, all his inhibitions had dropped away. The children are transformed into frenzied dervishes, and the violence of their blood-red limbs prompts a distant observer to recoil in alarm.



In *Evening Landscape, North Friesland*, a watercolour on paper, Nolde displays his usual "complete mastery of the medium". But he was also a master of oils

Nolde's handling of pigment is equally reckless. The marks are applied so freely that they threaten to break the figures up into a blizzard of colour patches, almost detached from any representational role.

The fervency in *Wildly Dancing Children* never left Nolde. He did, however, withdraw from its radical dissolution of form. Despite his appetite for experiment, Nolde never became an abstract artist. He was passionately immersed in the visible world, even though his work constantly attempted to go beyond surface appearances in search of some primordial, underlying reality. Dance provides the exhibition with one of its most rewarding themes, and it enabled him to move further away from contemporary German life. In an ecstatic painting of 1912, two bare-breasted women throw their agile bodies around a cluster of flaming candles. They look demonic enough to be oblivious of

burning themselves in the flames, and Nolde's daring decision to juxtapose pink against scarlet heightens their delirium still further.

Nolde loved dancing. He gained enormous stimulus from watching performers in Berlin cabarets, and he also studied Indian dancing during his Gauguin-like journey to the South Seas in 1913-14. There his fascination with the so-called primitive vitality of non-Western cultures was confirmed. As he grew older, though, the figures hurling their limbs across his canvases grew more solid. The *Dancing Girls* of 1925 are bulkier than before. Their mask-like faces, gashed by distended eyes and smeared mouths, may have all the old wildness, but their bodies are modelled in an almost sculptural way, as if Nolde had been looking at late Renoir nudes and Picasso's women at their most massively neo-classical.

Apart from this search for greater monumentality, though, Nolde's art changed astonishingly little. None of the seismic stylistic shifts fracturing Picasso's career disrupts Nolde's remarkable consistency. Just as he favoured medium-size canvases, so he avoided the restless pursuit of different approaches which spurred so many modernists. This refusal to deviate from long-held aims went hand in hand with an enduring love of north Schleswig, where he bought a farmhouse in 1912. Hence his distress when the area became part of Denmark in 1920, its rural antiquity threatened by drastic drainage constructions.

Nolde moved back to Germany, designing the house in Seebüll where he lived until his death. His love of nature probably contributed to the lamentable decision, in 1934, to join the local co-operative of the Nazi party. But his motives remain unclear, and he soon found himself

branded as a "degenerate" by Hitler's vicious campaign against the avant-garde. After the destruction of a number of his works, he was forbidden in 1941 to paint or sell. Retreating to the isolation of Seebüll for the duration of the war, he produced about 1,300 Unpainted Pictures on small, easily hidden fragments of Japan paper.

During those difficult years, when the ageing Nolde was reduced to the status of a criminal, he still managed to retain his former strength as an artist by pulling together all his themes in a grand synthesis. He had, in a sense, been preparing himself for this lonely ordeal for a long time. Many of his earlier landscapes show a house marooned in flat, desolate and hostile surroundings. Its presence is about to be obliterated, either by storm-clouds or the close of day. But Nolde often finds an unexpected magnificence in this moment, when a final rush of light saves the

scene from extinction. He was able to emulate the sun's defiance during the years of exile, somehow ensuring that a similar source of energy kept his art alive.

After the war, Nolde lived on for another decade. A moving note of late resolution arrives in 1948, with a luminous painting called *Bright Sea*. Unlike so many of his earlier seascapes, the water here is calm. Purple-black smoke erupts from one side, where a distant vessel moves past. But this angry smudge of pigment cannot, this time, mar the placidity of two white sailing-boats in the centre. They give the entire image a sense of stillness, and the large expanse of sky above them is filled with a soft, pale-yellow radiance. This is painting as benediction, the work of an octogenarian artist finally able to put convulsiveness behind him.

Emil Nolde at the Whitechapel Art Gallery, 80 Whitechapel High Street, E1 0171-522 7878 until Feb 25

Sprightly scenes and a range of elf portraits

Romantic fantasies about fairies were so imprinted during the 19th century — Victoria herself was ironically nicknamed the Faerie Queen — that later even Sir Arthur Conan Doyle was convinced of their existence by a photographic hoax. Now goblins and flower fairies and flying elves are enjoying a revival in Peter Nahum's exhibition, alongside works by Dante Gabriel Rossetti and Sir Edward Coley Burne-Jones.

"High Victorian art has become acceptable again, so people are more relaxed about fairies," says Nahum. "They can admit to more than just liking Arthur Rackham for the sake of the children. And fairies translate well into different cultures."

Fifteen years ago Nahum was chiefly responsible for the re-evaluation of the mad fairy artist Richard Dadd, whose oil painting of an argument between Oberon and Titania more than doubled the auction record for any Victorian picture at £500,000 and was then resold for three times as much. Since then, a fairy museum has been opened to more acclaim in Japan, and a fairy picture show is planned for America and Scotland.

This exhibition, *A Century of Master Drawings, Watercolours and Works in Egg Tempera* includes *Flight by Night of Bats and Elves* by Dicky Doyle, a painting which in 1885 changed hands for the then large sum of £42. Doyle was among the best fairy painters because, as in this elfin escapade, he didn't take his subject too seriously. He was on the staff of *Punch* for years, but fell out with the magazine and turned to fairy



A watercolour of fairies playing, by Lady Murray

illustration, populating some pictures with hundreds of fairies at a time.

Fairies were first popularised by Sir Joshua Reynolds and Henry Fuseli at the instigation of London print dealer John Boydell, in 1787. Boydell commissioned them to paint scenes from Shakespeare's plays from which he could then sell prints. Both artists were inspired by *A Midsummer Night's Dream*; the pictures that resulted, and the prints, were a huge success.

Goblins, one of Laurence Housman's rare pen-and-ink illustrations for Christina Rossetti's *Goblin Market*, is a striking example of how this 1890s book designer and illustrator with a self-professed "freakish imagination" outdid his famous Pre-Raphaelite rival, Christina's brother, Dante Gabriel Rossetti, had previously illustrated Christina's poem, but Housman's interpretation was hailed as the masterpiece.

Among the female fairy artists is Jessie Marion King. She exhibited with other Glasgow artists in Vienna at the beginning of this century and

influenced Secessionists such as Gustav Klimt. Her depiction of Hallowe'en in pen and ink and gold paint has the airy and exotic quality that has made her one of the most sought-after fairy artists to date.

Jane Oswald, Lady Murray, better known as Emily, was, on the other hand, born to be a fairy painter. She grew up on the Isle of Man, otherwise called the Fairy Isle, and her birthplace was Port-er-Chee, which in Manx Gaelic means Fairy Music. Her paintings are exquisite, those exhibited probably once part of a keepsake album dating from the 1820s. Like Beatrix Potter, she was prolific until she married and moved to Scotland, never to pick up a brush again. But her pictures have increased in popularity since the Manx Museum featured her work in a major show eleven years ago.

ALISON BECKETT

A Century of Master Drawings: Peter Nahum at The Leicester Galleries, 5, Ryder Street, London SW1 (tel: 0171-930 6059). Until December 22

AROUND THE GALLERIES: RECOMMENDED EXHIBITIONS IN LONDON AND AMSTERDAM

Although there are now several commercial galleries around the West End exhibiting first-rate art from the Far East, we have relatively few opportunities to see Indian artworks of comparable quality. This is no doubt part of the point in staging a show like *Sculpture from a Sacred Realm*, currently at Rosset & Rossi, 91c Jermyn Street, SW1 (0171-521 0208), until December 22

Many artists beside Toulouse-Lautrec in late 19th-century Paris dabbed in poster art and illustration for popular magazines of the period. There is often confusion about how exactly these works were produced or reproduced: Stoppenbach and Delestré's current show of Steinlen's drawings for Gil Blas should help to dispel it. As reproduced in the magazine, the drawings are described as lithographs. Here the gallery has assembled 20 of the original drawings in coloured chalks and ink, subjects usually humorous or satirical, brightly evocative of high life and low. These are juxtaposed with the magazine versions, so that one can see just how flattened and simplified the details of draughtsmanship and colour treatment become in the process of reproduction. Stoppenbach and Delestré, 25 Cork Street, W1 (0171-734 3534) until Saturday

Even when making recognisable vases and beakers and bowls, Elizabeth Raeburn has always been one of the most painterly of potters. The effect is emphasised in her latest exhibition at the Galerie Besson, which does include some variations on the traditional shapes for pots, but is really dominated by what are called, rather misleadingly, tiles. The reason they are called tiles seems to be that she has been inspired to go in this direction by a commission she recently executed for a ceramic mural in a Taunton hospital, but the pieces in the present show are much more in the nature of pictorial plaques, small paintings of, usually, rather romantic and desolate landscapes, sometimes in monochrome but more often in rich and subdued (though once or twice flaring) colour. The shapes are irregular, and sometimes boldly curving or corrugated; the effect is bold, original, and totally alluring. Galerie Besson, 15 Royal Arcade, 28 Old Bond Street, W1 (0171-491 1706) until Dec 20

At present there is apparently a Diaghilev festival on in London, though until the major exhibition opens at the Barbican in January one could be forgiven for being unaware of it. However, the Fine Art Society is offering, before Christmas, a delicious *bonne bouche* in the shape of a dazzling show of designs by Bakst and his fellows, Bakst and the Ballets Russes. Its immediate occasion is the publication of a sumptuous new, revised and updated edition of Charles Spencer's classic book of the same title (Academy Editions, £39.50), first published in 1973. Fine Art Society, 146 New Bond Street, W1 (0171-629 5116) until Friday

JOHN RUSSELL TAYLOR

It is good to see the ICA place such faith in a relatively untried body of new work. Siobhan Hapaska has had to work very hard to get her sculptures finished in time for this one-person show in the main downstairs gallery. Despite the streamlined appearance, the sculptures were exceedingly labour intensive to produce. It is always difficult to create a mass-produced appearance by hand, and yet these works do look untouched.

There are four pieces in all. Each is quite different in function and effect. There is a futuristically smooth mock vehicle, a wall piece which emits sound, a model of a guru or saint, and a free-standing abstract shape. The room is lit gently with a hint of blue, and the sound of lapping water and a fog horn far out at sea comes in mono from the skewed heart-shaped piece on the wall, colouring the atmosphere of the whole installation. The sound is used to create a sense of wonder and disorientation. Hapaska talks of nights spent listening, as a child, to the constant sound of a motorway near her home in a village just outside Belfast, and of wanting to recreate the ambiguous sense of comfort and longing that comes with the sound of unknown people on the move.

The Stedelijk Museum Bureau is Amsterdam's modern art museum's new off-site experimental art space. Four sculptures — Urs Fischer, Ronnic Niehuis, Antonietta Peeters and Avery Presman — must have worked very closely together on *Calypso*, the current show there. Layers of very distinct material have been interwoven to create a mass that fills the space with

deliberate formlessness. A wooden log with beads embedded in it is suspended from the ceiling; a rug is sliced in half; sections of cheap building board, coloured with paint, are wedged in between other materials. Cast breeze blocks in uniform white march across the floor. The exhibition appears to be the result of tough conversation and territorial negotiation between four individually successful artists.

Stedelijk Museum Bureau, Rozendael 52, Amsterdam (00 31 20 422 0471), to December 31

In the main space at Galerie Paul Andriessse are four paintings by the Slovenian artist Mija Tusek. Each

surface is covered by layers of wax which create an intense prismatic effect. This veneer traps an apparently simple composition. Browns and greys mixed with a good deal of yellow appear to describe something half-remembered. Two flat sections of colour meet in a blur: a horizon, or the earth spied from far away. In the back gallery downstairs a further three paintings describe a natural cul de sac, the corner of a forest or overgrown garden, where a dense screen of trees rises up and across the surface. Galerie Paul Andriessse Prinsengracht 116 NL 1015 Amsterdam (00 31 20 623 62 37) until January 17

SACHA CRADDOCK

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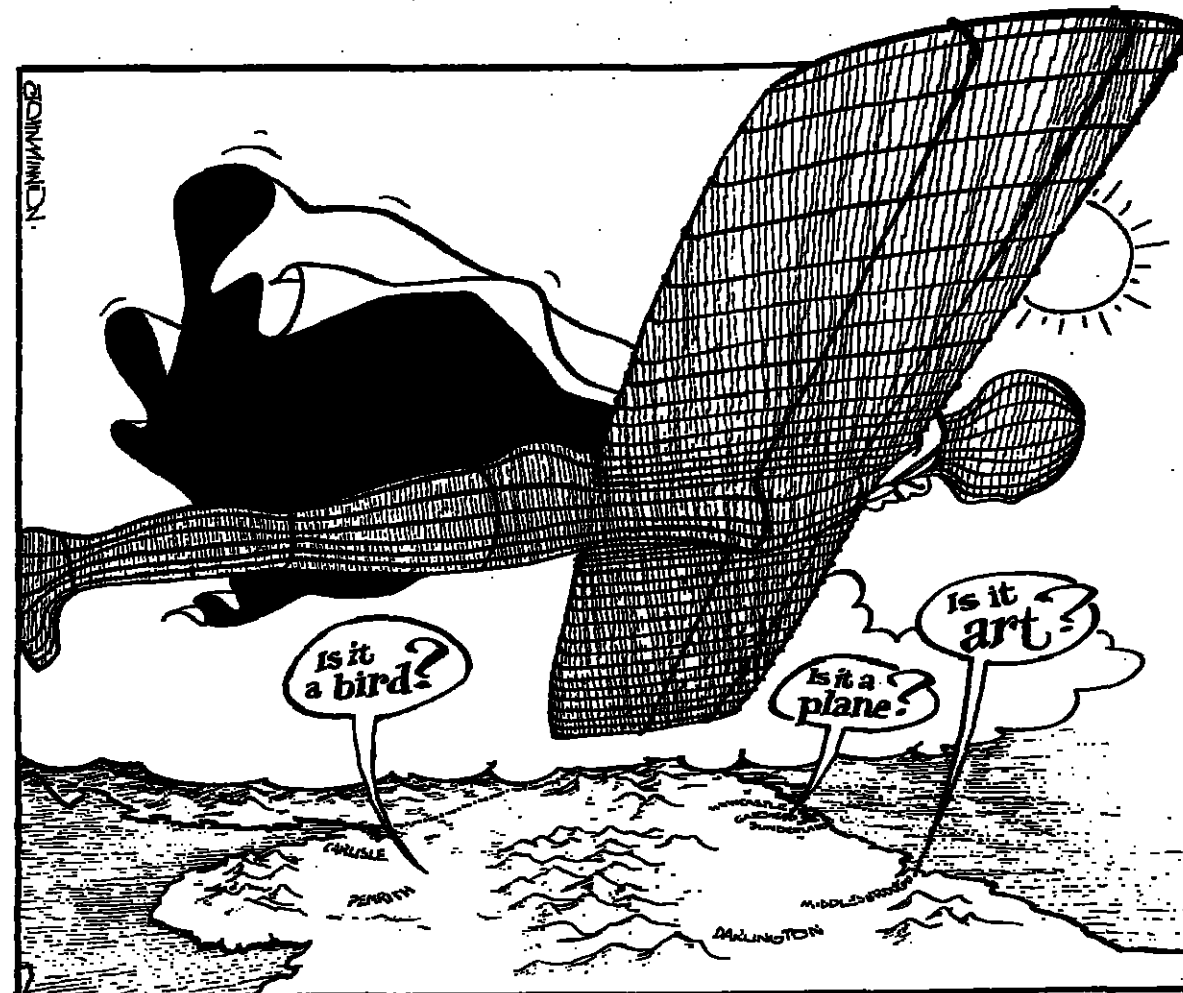
A member of staff at the Tate once told me that the Tate Liverpool was "for people who can't get to London". The thought that people might not necessarily want to travel to London to see their national collection seemed never to have occurred to him. I thought it kindest not to bring the idea up that one might even travel the other way...

The cultural relationship between London and "the regions" is fraught with political complexities, but they are particularly intractable in the world of the visual arts. London is the only city with a large enough economy to sustain a substantial commercial gallery circuit and this, taken together with the clustering of national collections, major temporary exhibition spaces and art colleges, means that anyone with ambitions to know the art world thoroughly, or to make their name in it, finds it almost impossible to escape the city's gravitational pull. As a result, artists in the regions are lucky even to be patronised; they are more likely simply to be ignored.

Next year marks the latest and most ambitious attempt to break or at least loosen this metropolitan stranglehold. The Arts Council has decided to site Visual Arts UK, its celebration of the Year of Visual Arts, not in the South East, not even in Glasgow (which has responded by planning its own, unofficial festival), but in the North of England. "Ambitious" is, of course, one of those stock words which get rolled out for festival programmes, but on this occasion it does seem appropriate.

The most eye-catching initiatives are not sweeping art historical surveys or controversial solo shows, but a series of monuments commissioned from internationally respected sculptors. Public art does not need a gallery. Andy Goldsworthy, for example, has been commissioned to create 100 sculptures in the Cumbrian landscape. And local farmers are queuing up to have them sited on their land - hardly the conventional public response to major new works by fashionable contemporary artists.

But then, Goldsworthy's latest work is inspired by, and closely resembles, traditional dry-stone constructions: Cumbrian farmers may or may not know much about art, but they do know a free, fully functional sheepfold when they see one. As one of the organisers put it: "People who don't like it never have to see it, or may not



even recognise it as art when they do see it."

That fact is a recurrent theme. James Turrell's *Skyspace*, set on an exposed hilltop, is designed as a place for the contemplation of the sky, but is also intended as a shelter for walkers stranded in bad weather. Many of the other commissions similarly aspire to the status of landmark: Richard Wentworth's 24 pieces for Teesdale District Council will mark the parish boundaries along the Teesdale Way, while many other works (from benches to Tony Cragg's *Terris Novas*) will be integrated into the new cross-country cycle route.

This fact (or diffidence) is in part explained by the hostility encountered by the most assertive and visible of the festival's projects. Antony Gormley's huge *Angel of the North*, a winged figure (with a wing span of 169 ft) that will tower over the junction of the A1 and the A67 at Gateshead. Martin Callanan, the lone Conservative on the local council, hates it so much that he has demanded that the council's calendar, which features a photograph of the Angel, be ceremonially burnt. Virginia Bottomley, posing in front of Gormley's maquette at the festival's regional launch in Newcastle, found herself lending off questions from the local press about "a spectacular waste

of money, far removed from the lives of ordinary people."

The most obvious answer to that is, as Bottomley put it, "what you think after five minutes or five hours doesn't matter: it's what you think after five years or 50 years. Often the great art of the past was reviled at the time."

She might have added that a good deal of the programme is explicitly aimed at "ordinary people": there is even an exhibition of comic art, from Andy Capp to VZ, timed to coincide with the European Championship football matches in Newcastle. The real hope must be, though, that instinctive suspicion should be replaced by something more significant than the kind of affection which comes with familiarity. Local people's hostility to the scheme seems to be rooted in the old cliché that the North is for fog, whippets and ram raiding, while the South is full of softies going to the opera and sucking up to Damien Hirst. What's needed to counter that is the opportunity to see new art (or even old art) on a regular, even a casual basis. That being so, the self-effacement of some of the "public" sculpture could be seen to be a misalliance.

But in fact the festival has already helped to create the conditions of change. There will be good gallery shows in established galleries in the

region: Abbott Hall in Kendal has attracted a collection of new paintings by Lucian Freud, and the Arts Council, Crafts Council, Tate Gallery and Contemporary Art Society will be exhibiting their recent acquisitions in the region in March.

But more important, in the long term, is the associated creation of good new galleries. The conversion of the Baltic Flour Mills in Newcastle, for example, will create the largest contemporary exhibition space in the country; the two extensions for the Laing Gallery will convert one of the dowdiest and most depressing spaces in the country into one of the artist's. In fact, Visual Arts UK, which has a budget of less than £4 million, is reckoned to have sparked off capital investment worth around £60 million.

The whole initiative is, inevitably, being presented largely in terms of its associated economic benefits: the Newcastle launch was mainly given over to awards to various businesses involved in arts sponsorship, and Bottomley's speech centred on the economic benefits of the arts. The organisers say they hope to attract 300,000 visitors and create 100 jobs. But the real measure of Visual Arts UK will not be its ability to attract visitors from outside, but to raise the quality of life on the ground.

LONDON

SOUTH PACIFIC Opening night for Patti Boulaye as Bloody Mary and Peter Polycarpou as Emile in Phil Witcomb's production of the Rodgers and Hammerstein tropical extravaganza. Drill Hall, Chesham Street, WC1 (0171-637 8270). Tonight, 7.30pm. Then Tue-Sat, 8pm and 10.15pm.

THE TOWER Opening night too for Sinead Cusack as Madame de Merteuil, with Sinead Cusack as a scheming Queen Marguerite and Adrian Dunbar as the agent of her downfall. Howard Davies directs a version by Charles Wood. Almeida, Almeida Street, N1 (0171-359 4404). Tonight, 7pm. Then Mon-Sat, 7.30pm, and Sat, 2.30pm.

RUSSIAN NIGHT Tatyana Smetanova and the Philharmonia Orchestra continue their Schostakovich series with a performance of Benjamin Britten's much-loved work, plus pieces from Beethoven and Prokofiev. Festival Hall, South Bank, SE1 (0171-366 2424). Tonight, 7.30pm.

ELSEWHERE
BRISTOL The Orchestra of the Age of Enlightenment perform the last in its acclaimed Live Baroque series tonight.

ACCORDING TO HOYLE The legends of today threaten a group of legends who have played poker together for 18 years. New play commissioned from William Gammara. Robin Levene directs. Hampstead, Swiss Cottage, Cam. (0171-722 9301). Mon-Sat, 8pm. mat, Sat, 4pm.

A CHRISTMAS CAROL Revival of the 1954 production by the over-zealous production. Clive Francis plays Scrooge. Barbican, St. Street, EC2 (0171-638 8911). Mon-Sat, 7.15pm, mat, Thurs and Sat, and Dec 19 and Jan 2, 2pm. Until Jan 13.

DEAD FUNNY Belinda Lang, Kevin McNally and Sam Kelly in Terry Johnson's sharply funny play about a comedy and some of their lives. Savoy, The Strand, WC2 (0171-369 8888). Mon-Fri, 8pm. Sat, 8.15pm. mat, Wed, 2.30pm and Sat, 5pm.

DINNER WITH THE BORGIAS High life and dirty deeds in the Renaissance. Richard Smith plays Pope Sixtus, whose Court Jester last year was good fun. Directed by Ted Gray. Warehouse, Drury Lane, SW1 (0171-836 4093). Opens tonight, 6.30pm. Then Tue-Sat, 8.30pm. Wed-Sat, 8pm. Sun, 5pm. Until Jan 28.

NEW RELEASES

THE AMERICAN PRESIDENT (15) What happens when the richest President gets a girlfriend? Not much, when Michael Douglas and Annette Bening. Directed by Rob Marshall. Empire (0171-437 1234). MGM Fulham Road (0171-370 2636). Trenchard (0171-722 0031). Odeon Kensington (0171-826 9166). Screen/Baker Street (0171-935 2722). UCI Whiteleys (0171-792 3332).

ANGELS AND INSECTS (18) Frodo Baggins in the Victorian England. Directed by John Huston. With Mark Rylance, Patsy Kensit and Kevin Scott. Thomas, Director, Philip Hays. Curzon Mayfair (0171-369 1700). MGM Fulham Road (0171-370 2636). Odeon Swiss Cottage (01426 91098).

THE BROTHERS McMULLEN (15) Irish-American gangster over love, commitment and loss. Directed by Edward Burns. Galle (0171-722 4043). Lumiere (0171-366 0611). Ritz (0171-727 2121). Screen/Green (0171-226 3520).

DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE (12) Brian and unlovely comedy update of Stevenson's story, with Tim Curry and Sean Young. Directed, David Price. MGM Haymarket (0171-639 1527). UCI Whiteleys (0171-792 3332). Warner (0171-437 4343).

TODAY'S CHOICE

A daily guide to arts and entertainment compiled by Kris Anderson

Andrew Parrot conducts an all-Handel programme, featuring the Chandos and the Royal Fireworks. St George's, Brandon Hill (0117-923 0358). Tonight, 7.30pm. Live BBC 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

THEATRE GUIDE

Jeremy Kingston's assessment of theatre showing in London

Some seats available

Seats at all prices

THE GLASS MENAGERIE Welcome transfer from the Donmar for Sam Mendes's radiant production. Zoo Warriner and Claire Skinner continue as mother and daughter, Ben Wadman comes in as the new Tom. Cottesloe, Park Street, SW1 (0171-369 1731). Mon-Sat, 7.30pm. mat, Sat, 2.30pm. Dec 28 and Jan 4, 3pm.

HANSEL AND GRETEL Red Shri and Pop Up create a new version of the story, set in present day Kiev. New in 1995, and the Worm Wood of fairy tales and gingerbread houses. Lyric, King Street, Hammersmith, W6 (0171-741 2311). Today, 10am, 1.30pm.

HOBSON'S CHOICE Frank Thornton assumes the title role of Harold Hobson's warm-hearted comedy. Newhouse, Tottenham and Graham Turner

CINEMA GUIDE

Geoff Brown's assessment of films in London and (where appropriate) on release across the country

UNSTRUNG HEROES (PG) Dana Kaelin directs this economic thriller about a boy's charmed life with a crazy relative. With Matt Damon, Andrew McCarthy, John Turturro. MGM Tottenham Court Road (0171-370 2636). Ritz (0171-727 2121). Screen/Hill (0171-435 3366).

ELISA (15) Overwrought French tale of a woman who seeks out her father with Vanessa Paradis, Gérard Philipeau. Director, Jean Becker. MGM Picture Palace (0171-437 4351). UCI Whiteleys (0171-792 3332). Warner (0171-437 4343).

THE SAMANTHA CLAUSE (12) Divorced dad becomes the new Mr. Bond. A roaring thriller with a sense of humour, with Sean Bean. MGM Chelsea (0171-438 8911). Clapham Picture House (0171-438 3323). MGM Baker Street (0171-935 9772). Chelsea (0171-352 5066). Fulham Road (0171-370 2636).

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LONDON PALLAQUERIE (12) 1st run only. 0171 444 4444 (21 hrs, no fee). **THE WIND IN THE WILLOWS** (12) The Royal National Theatre's "AN ABSOLUTE BEAUTY" Time Out. **THE PHANTOM OF THE OPERA** Directed by HAPPOD PRINCE. NOW OPEN TO 28 SEPT 96. Even 7.45. Mat 2.30. Sat 3.00. Apply to Box Office early for returns. Edm Hall 20 Dec at 3.00. No refunds Mon 25 Dec.

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■ FILM

You'll believe a pig can talk: how they handled the animatronics of *Babe*



■ OPERA 1

Sir Colin Davis conducts a superb account of Britten's *Midsummer Night's Dream*

THE TIMES ARTS



■ OPERA 2

At the end of his tercentenary year, Purcell is staged in illuminating tandem with Lully



■ MUSIC

A concerto in memory of Jacqueline du Pré fails to do justice to its subject

A look at the making of the hit film, *Babe*, and a word with its original author

Bringing home the bacon

It's been a long time since a pig took the leading role in a Hollywood film: 40 years, in fact, since John Halas's *Animal Farm*, and that was animated. Things weren't quite so simple for the makers of *Babe*, the new film of a children's story by Dick King-Smith (interviewed, below right). They were intent on convincing us that a real live pig and a whole barnyard of animals can not only talk, but really act.

The startling realism of the film, out in Britain this week, is due to a pooling of talents. Karl Lewis Miller of Animal Action trained the 47 piglets that took the starring role, and where animatronics aid was needed the magic-makers at Jim Henson's Creature Shop in London and John Cox's Creature Workshop in Queensland, Australia, lent a helping hand.

If 47 seems a great many actors for just one role, it must be borne in mind that pigs — in this case Large White Yorkshires — grow extremely quickly. Sixteen to 18 weeks of age was the window in which the pigs could be filmed; after that they were too big to be Babes. Each was hand-reared from the age of five days. "We became their mother, father, sister and brother," Miller says. They were trained much in the way dogs are — to sit, lie down, stay and come. But the 59 trainers had to keep the emotional balance just right. "I told them not to discipline the pigs," Miller says, "because they would sulk, and not to baby them as they become too happy and giggly."

So how do you get a pig to talk? Give her a snack — chewing and speaking don't look too different on a porcine face. And as for hamming it up, different pigs do have different moods, so which one was chosen at any one time was based on what each scene required. "They all did the tricks, but one pig would be slower, another clumsy, another faster," Miller says. He and his assistants trained more than 900 animals for the film — not just pigs but horses, cows, goats, dogs, cats and mice.

Despite the difficulties of working with so many actors who could be far more unpredictable than their human counterparts, producer George Miller and director Chris Noonan were determined to resort as infrequently as possible to counterfeit pork. "Animatronics are brilliant," Noonan says, "but if you leave them on screen too long, the audience starts to realise it's not organic." Neil Scanlon, project director at the Creature Shop, agrees. "With the advent of computer-generated imaging, audiences are aware that a new level of realism is available," he says. "Animatronics can look obvious. This has forced us to find new approaches to our work."

The makers of *Babe* are keen to stress that real animals, not animatronics, are on screen for 96 per cent of the film. But the Creature Shop's long record of success with films such as *Dreamchild*, *The Witches* and *The Flintstones* made them the perfect providers of the missing 4 per cent. Scanlon is proud of the way in which the Shop has changed its techniques and methods to keep up with increasing demands for realism.

"For years we had been using foam latex for skin surfaces — like you see on some of the Muppets," he says. "But now we've developed silicone surfaces that have a translucency and realism right from the start." These changes go more than skin-deep. "Mechanically, we've been looking at ways to create movement with tendons and cords rather than with levers and switches. That way you get a less abrupt movement — more the way that nature does it." Their work on *Babe* took them on to Disney's live-action remake of *101 Dalmatians*, which started filming in October, and they are involved with Working Title's new *Pinochio*.

Never work with animals or children, goes the old showbiz adage, and George Miller had his doubts at the outset. "We thought up the worst-case scenarios and doubled them," he says. But *Babe*, which cost \$25 million to make, took in nearly \$9 million of its opening American weekend and has already grossed \$36 million. And any fears for the fate of the *Babe* 47 can be quickly dispelled: after filming all were sent to breeding farms, and their new owners have promised they will never be brought home as bacon.

ERICA WAGNER



Dick King-Smith and porkers: his prizewinning story *The Sheep-Pig* caught director George Miller's eye

The Australian director, George Miller, waited ten years to make *Babe*, biding his time until special effects technology could catch up with his intentions for a story he bought in 1982. The book that Miller originally fell in love with was Dick King-Smith's *The Sheep-Pig*, a prize-winning tale of *Babe*, a piglet who learns to herd sheep to save his bacon. Its author has 80 books to his credit, all written since 1978, when he was 56. He now writes full-time, producing an average of eight titles a year, principally for children aged up to about ten.

Talking animals are his speciality but his strength is his awareness that "taking the anthropomorphic trail is walking a tightrope." There is a danger of falling into whimsy, or being so knowledgeable about animal characteristics that the humour goes out of the window. King-Smith is a funny writer and his animals often spoof humans: in another pig book, *Saddlebottom*, for instance, he pokes fun at the army. But he has a strong allegiance to the natural order. He never dresses his animals, and although they talk and act like humans, they remain rooted in his observation of bestial behaviour.

His truth to nature also encompasses a certain brutality. Nature in his books can be "red in tooth and claw." But he sees no reason to protect children from death. He is not a nursery writer, nor invariably politically correct. (He has a good few strong and swashbuckling female heroines but also — shock! — the odd "little-wifey" spouse.) PC is not an issue in which he has ever got embroiled; only once an editor of *The Mouse Butcher* bizarrely argued that the villain could not be a black cat. It became a tabby. The black cat became the hero.

King-Smith's extensive knowledge of animals stems from his 20 years as a

farmer in Gloucestershire, the county of his birth. He was educated at Marlborough College, served in the Grenadier Guards, was mentioned in despatches and invalided out in 1946. His farming career came to an end because, he says, "I knew about animals but I didn't know about business". His friends, he says, "were kind to me, and offered me various jobs. I spent three and a half years in a shoe factory." At 50 he went back to Bristol University, took a Dip Ed and went into teaching for seven years at a village primary school until he was 60, by which time he had written four books.

Genial and courteous, King-Smith used to write comic verse which was published in *Punch* and other magazines. "They included *Field and Good Housekeeping*. You can gather from that what ghastly poetry it was," he says. His first book, *The Fox Busters*, received acclaim and is now reissued as a Puffin Modern Classic. But he says that, looking back, he feels he had not yet learnt his craft: "The language was a bit too convoluted, aimed too much at adults."

He writes "to amuse himself", but with three groups of people in mind: "For the child who has a book read to him or her, the competent child reader, and the adult who has — or chooses — to read aloud. I'm always trying to think of those three targets, and pay attention to 'read-aloud-ability'."

This has made him a bestseller here, with a worldwide readership. Two other books of his have been made into television series: *Harry's Mad* (screened last year) and the current *The Queen's Nose*.

This last story, and his series about a six-year-old farm girl called Sophie, are inspired, he says, by his wife Myrtle, whom he first met at 13, and married when he was 21. Myrtle is, he

says, "small but determined", and he can "imagine pretty much how she was" when she was that bit younger still.

They have three children, ten grandchildren and three great-grandchildren, which, along with the primary school teaching experience, helps to account for his realistic portrayal of children, and how he manages to plug into their dreams. His most recent Sophie story, for instance, *Sophie's Lucky*, has its diminutive heroine inherit not only a farm in Scotland but a desirable pony to go with it. King-Smith has recently added some school-based stories to his oeuvre.

Of his 80 books he says *The Sheep-Pig* happens to be his favourite: "I can't write better than that." And he's delighted with the film: "Ten out of ten," he enthuses, quite unfazed by some tampering with plot and characters. "All the changes add to its charm and power. Only an idiot would expect a film to be identical to a book."

He also expresses no resentment of the fact that the fee which he accepted years ago for the film rights — a fee which he thought handsome at the time — now looks like "peppercorns" in the light of its success. "Then there was no guarantee that the film would be made at all," he only hopes it will make even more people read his books.

If it does have this effect life will be harder for him. He already gets thousands of fan letters from children all over the globe, and is meticulous about answering every one himself. Instead of regarding this as a chore, he sees the letters as a dividend after several careers "that were not terribly successful". Such a decent chap. But then, so are his pigs.

NICOLETTE JONES

● *Babe* opens in Britain on Friday, and will be reviewed on Thursday

Comedy of no errors

■ OPERA

Le Bourgeois Gentilhomme/
Dido and Aeneas
Covent Garden

A first sight a staging in Purcell Year of the Molière-Lully *Bourgeois Gentilhomme*, in French, in a double bill with *Dido* looked like one of the English Bach Festival's drier and more endearing notions. In the event it was both enormous fun and highly instructive and, as so often in the past, the fact that embattled EBF can only afford one-night stands was cause for regret. The Royal Opera House was full on Sunday, and a repeat would have been welcome.

The Molière is officially designated a *comédie ballet*. It is a play for actors, singers and dancers, or rather for performers who can act, sing and dance. Today we would designate it a "semi-opera", the somewhat condescending term devised to describe the theatrical entertainments for which Purcell provided music. But Molière's piece was first performed in 1670; Purcell's heyday came 20 years later. It is good to be reminded that there was much cross-channel traffic in those days, and that that most "English" of forms is as French as frogs' legs.

The performance worked well at any level. Director Alain Germain cleverly shortened the play to 80 minutes,

giving the music just enough context. It was quite brilliantly delivered. Yves Gaurvil (M Jourdain) is one of those French actors with india-rubber features who is irresistibly funny before he has even opened his mouth, and doubly so when he has. He met his match in Marianne Borgo as his shrewish wife, and was surrounded by an expert troupe whose division in the programme into actors, singers and dancers was odious: you could scarcely tell which were which, and that is as it should be. Philippe Giraudeau (Dancing Master), Yves Aubert (Philosopher) and Graeme Broadbent (Multi) deserve special mention. Stephen Preston's choreography was properly elegant without ever descending to mere preciousness.

Perhaps the most startling, not to say subversive, element

of the performance at a time when people maintain that you can't deliver dialogue in big theatres without amplification, was the unaided clarity of the spoken text. Every wittily inflected line came ringing out loud and clear — and the audience fell about laughing at Molière's jokes.

The other subversive element was the clear demonstration that Lully was not a very good composer, and one secretly longed to be hearing Strauss's incidental music to the same play. Under Jean-Claude Malgoire's direction the performance passed by pleasantly enough, no more. It was a relief after the interval to settle down to the Purcell, cannily conducted by Howard Williams — *Dido* doesn't play itself — and rather better played by the EBF Baroque Orchestra. The rhythmic, disciplined choral singing gave special pleasure. Tom Hawkes's production is straightforward and very musical. I don't know whether Purcell Year is officially over yet, but Della Jones's poised, inward, ravishingly phrased account of *Dido's* Lament could hardly provide a more fitting climax.

RODNEY MILNES

True to Britten's dream

A Midsummer Night's Dream
Barbican

It was in a newspaper article introducing the premiere of *A Midsummer Night's Dream* in June 1960 that Benjamin Britten railed against "a curious inverted snobbery current in this country which... prefers operatic acting to be as bad as possible". For his part, he wanted "singers who can act".

Nowadays, that's probably what we all want, so it was both welcome and appropriate that this Barbican *Dream* turned out to be rather more than the concert performance it was billed as.

A quarter or so of the platform had been set aside as an acting area, with the orchestra occupying the remainder and the well-drilled New London Children's Choir at the back. The cast, directed by Christopher Newell, performed without scores and made few concessions to the constraints of semi-staging. Lighting focused attention and suggested location. Modern costumes — the frocks (but not the fairies' dungarees and baseball caps) from Hardy Amies — added eclectic colour. Carl Ferguson's nimble young Puck raced around the hall.

The simple but effective

staging, however, was a bonus — and, to those sitting on the side of the hall farthest from the singers, it may not have been an unqualified one. What had packed the Barbican Hall on a wintry Sunday afternoon was the promise of music-making of the highest order.

Sir Colin Davis ensured that the promise was fulfilled. Holding taut the strands of Britten's intricate score, he relished the ravishing, mysterious sonorities and delicate inner lines with which it conjures the contrasting worlds of fairies, mortals and rustics, yet never sacrificed dramatic purpose to beauty of sound. The London Symphony Orchestra responded with refined yet incisive playing.

The cast would be difficult to better. At its heart was the beguiling Oberon of Brian Asawa. With a quietly authoritative stage presence, and a voice warm and polished throughout its wide range, he achieves an utter naturalness

rare among counter tenors, yet sacrifices none of the unearthly quality that Britten had in mind when he first cast Alfred Deller in the role. Elizabeth Futral was his radiant, intense Tityania, her high soprano bright and bold in the most taxing colouratura. Both made words count.

So too did the troubled quartet of mortal lovers. Ruby Philogene's fiery Hermia and Janice Watson's archly confident Helena were passionate in their bewilderment. John Mark Ainsley was a dignified, anxious Lysander and Paul Whelan a robust Demetrius. All seemed a little lacking in lust, though not in lustre.

Lustiness, however, there was in plenty, thanks to a touchingly funny — never coarse — team of rustics, under the engaging direction of Gwynne Howell's long-suffering Quince. Robert Lloyd was a Bottom of earthy charm. As Flute, Ian Bostridge — a singer it now seems impertinent to describe as promising — added a delightful line in gawky comedy to his already considerable accomplishments.

IAN BRUNSKILL



Eleven cases of champagne to be won

Today *The Times* continuing our *Twelve Days of Christmas* competition, brings you the chance to win a dozen bottles of Moët & Chandon champagne. There are 11 prizes of bubbly, which we thought would be more practical for helping you to get into the festive spirit than the present a love sent in the traditional carol — eleven pipers piping.

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IT WOULD be a wonderful thing if, in what would have been her 50th birthday year, the memory of Jacqueline du Pré were to inspire a work worthy of her qualities as a musician. Ronald Stevenson's cello concerto, *The Solitary Singer*, which is in fact dedicated to the memory of du Pré, is not that worthy first performance.

In an unsatisfactory first performance by Moray Welsh, Walter Weller and the Royal Scottish National Orchestra, it seemed scarcely coincident. With du Pré herself as soloist it would have been a little different. She might have imposed a personality on it in a way which Welsh, who is a quite differ-

Memories aren't made of this

■ CONCERT

RSNO/Weller
Usher Hall,
Edinburgh

ent kind of musician, is not naturally disposed to do. She might have given the work some sense of purpose and continuity, motivating the conductor and orchestra to stay with her rather than drift into a total collapse of ensemble before the end of the first movement. She would, on the other hand, have had the same unremarkable material to deal with, the same ill-calculated effects in scoring, the same dysfunctional construction.

The most colourful of the three movements is the sec-

ond, in which the composer makes peculiarly much of du Pré's marriage to Daniel Barenboim and her adoption of the Jewish faith. With wind instruments imitating the sound of the shofar, variations on the *Kol Nidrei*, and a

generally rhapsodic element recalling the spirit of Bloch's *Schelomo*, it is an atmospheric kind of scherzo. Instead of a cadenza, however, there is an unfortunate solo episode based on what is identified in the programme as a hiking song of the Israeli Young Pioneers — a trivial tune of dubious relevance which is transformed in the last movement into an "almost Hebridean" melody of no more evident relevance.

Hugh MacDiarmid's poem *The Nightingale* would be very relevant if an allusion to

Stevenson's setting of it were not, towards the end, choked by the mindless chatter of the flexatone.

At the beginning of what was not one of the most successful of the RSNO's concerts in the Usher Hall, Weller conducted a discouragingly limp interpretation of Wagner's *Siegfried Idyll*.

At the end he conducted Brahms's Fourth Symphony in a performance which, just about everywhere except the third movement, was fractionally too slow — not extremely and interestingly slow but marginally and frustratingly slow.

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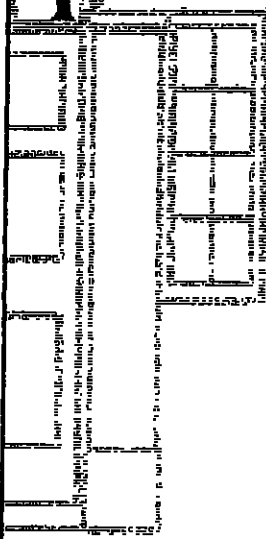
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In the clear (above clockwise) Roderic Minshall and his wife, Joseph Elliott, Barrie Richards and Ted Newberry



Vigilante or victim?

The Government is under pressure to define the law relating to self-defence, Gary Slapper writes

The house of everyone, it was proclaimed in a case in 1604, "is to him as his castle and fortress." This principle has come to be the cherished credo of millions of citizens. Yet today, many people are puzzled by a legal system which prosecutes a householder for criminal assault in circumstances where, in absolute terror, he uses force against a burglar in his home.

The Crown Prosecution Service will soon report on this area of law, after being invited last month by the Home Secretary to include it in a review of guidelines on charging people with assault. Speaking at the Police Superintendents' Association's annual conference last month, Michael Howard said that people who use violence to defend themselves should be treated more sympathetically.

Two recent developments have raised the heat of this debate. Last month the Court of Appeal decided that a trespasser engaged in criminal activities is owed a duty of care by a person defending his property, and can claim compensation for injuries suffered if the force used against him exceeds "reasonable limits".

The case arose from an incident in which Ted Newberry, an 82-year-old from Ilkeston, Derbyshire, shot a 12-bore gun at a young intruder, Mark Revell, who was trying to break into Mr Newberry's shed. Mr Newberry was prosecuted on charges of wounding, but was acquitted by a jury. Then, in a civil case, Mr Newberry was ordered to pay £4,000 damages to Revell, who had served a four-month jail sentence for offences including attempted burglary of the shed. The Court of Appeal held that the duty imposed by Parliament on occupiers of land to trespassers, even burglars who intrude in the middle of the

night, meant that nobody could be treated as an "out-law" and thus fair game. Then, just two weeks later, a Crown Court judge obliquely criticised the Crown Prosecution Service for having brought charges against a man for attacking a thief. Barrie Richards, aged 59, had given evidence at Teesside Crown Court that he had fired a shotgun into trees when he saw an escaping thief run there for cover. The flats complex that Mr Richards had been trying to protect had been plagued with burglaries. The young thief was caught and eventually jailed for eight months, but this did not affect Mr Richards being prosecuted as some of his shotgun pellets had hit the thief. The jury took just ten minutes to acquit Mr Richards, and Judge Peter Fox said: "I would invite the attention of [the CPS] to the fact that it took the jury... a few minutes to determine that the right verdict was not guilty."

This, though, is merely the latest in a developing series of similar cases over the past couple of years that alarm the public either because, like Mr Richards's case, they appear to be inappropriate prosecutions of virtuous men, or, much worse, because the self-defender wins in law but outrages public opinion.

Joseph Elliott's trial in July 1993 is a case in point. Elliott, aged 19, was out at night, high on drink and drugs, when he slashed the tyres of a car. The brother-in-law of the car owner saw this and armed himself with a hammer and challenged Elliott. In the ensuing struggle, Elliott stabbed and killed the man, and at his trial for murder successfully pleaded self-defence.

Earlier this year in Sheffield, Ben Lyon, aged 73, who

opened fire with his shotgun on a man he believed was about to burglar his allotment shed, was convicted of wounding with intent and given a suspended sentence. Two days after Mr Lyon's conviction, police decided to take no action against a man in Nottinghamshire after two burglars suffered severe shocks from electrical fencing he had erected outside his home. By contrast, Roderic Minshall, a Cambridgeshire man who wired up his car with a home-made anti-theft device, was acquitted of assault when a security guard received an

Society will not condone private judgments of criminals. Down that road lies a Mad Max society

8,000-volt shock from touching it.

The Home Secretary said after the Elliott case in 1993 that he would review the law. So far, however, there have been no concrete changes.

The real problem is that the application of the law is vexed by a variety of regional and local interpretations by police officers of what amounts to reasonable conduct by someone (paradoxically) trying to uphold the law. The issue is further complicated by inconsistencies in regional CPS practice and further made fraught by unpredictable juries.

The law says that a person charged with a crime may

plead that he acted as he did to protect himself, or his property, or others from attack, or to prevent a crime. This, strictly speaking, is not a "defence", but a justification for the defensive conduct which, if successfully pleaded, makes the conduct lawful.

It is clear that a person may make a pre-emptive strike. "A man about to be attacked," said Lord Griffiths in one case, "does not have to wait for his assailant to strike the first blow or fire the first shot." Neither does he, or she, have to retreat before using force. The force must be "necessary", but it is left to juries to decide if an assailant could have been evaded rather than attacked.

Force used against an attacker must be "reasonable in the circumstances", and it is in relation to this phrase that the greatest confusion has arisen. One line of judicial pronouncements, concluding recently in the House of Lords decision in the case of Private Lee Clegg, states that the test of whether the force was reasonable is objective. Thus if the prosecution shows that, in fact, the force used was excessive, then the defence fails. There is, though, Court of Appeal authority for saying that the decisive factor is whether the force used was reasonable according to the defendant's perception of events. Either way, however, as Lord Morris said in a case in 1971, "a person defending himself cannot weigh to a nicety the exact measure of his necessary defensive action".

In confirming that it was proper for Ted Newberry to have to compensate Mark Revell for peppering him with pellets, the Court of Appeal's rationale was partly based

upon the notion that our society will not condone the personal, subjective determination of what "criminals" deserve. It is not difficult to see that down that road lies a Mad Max society.

The Law Commission has recently proposed a test which blends subjective and objective elements to discover whether the force used by someone was reasonable. The key question would be whether the violence was "reasonable in the circumstances he believed them to be".

This proposal, or others by the CPS, may simplify the law. Nevertheless, there is evidence that a larger problem will still loom: the escalation of people using force to defend their homes as domestic burglaries proliferate and the criminal justice system is widely regarded as unreliable. The law on self-defence has remained essentially the same for decades: it is the dramatic change in its social use that has catapulted it into debate.

● Dr Slapper is principal lecturer in law at Staffordshire University

Over the border in hot pursuit of fraud

Fraud, unlike most other crimes, often spans several countries. Fraudsters have no respect for international frontiers; indeed they are adept at exploiting the territorial nature of our laws. This year the Serious Fraud Office (SFO) received requests for help from as far afield as Argentina and Australia, but how well equipped are we to deal with the new phenomenon?

In Europe, the Convention on Mutual Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters enables evidence to be gathered in one contracting state for use in the criminal courts of another. It was not ratified by the United Kingdom until 1991, but has improved the response to international fraud in Europe.

However, although several countries now have modern mutual assistance laws, others — particularly in the Commonwealth — still rely on old British legislation not designed to help with fraud investigation. Where the relationship between the UK and the overseas territory is closest, the mutual assistance arrangements may be most constrained. If, for example, we request help from Switzerland, it will be acted upon swiftly under the European convention. But if a similar request goes to some of our dependent territories — often significant offshore financial centres — it is rejected unless and until a defendant has been charged.

Paradoxically, some Caribbean dependent territories have entered into treaties (negotiated by the Foreign and Commonwealth Office) to share information with and provide mutual assistance to the United States; but have been unwilling to change their domestic legislation to render the same assistance to the United Kingdom and others.

A mutual legal assistance treaty agreed by the US and the UK is due to be ratified by Congress. The US already has one of the most open and helpful mutual assistance regimes in the world.

Little will be achieved in international affairs without goodwill and reciprocity. To this end the UK has done much to improve its own legal regime. It has tried to ensure a rapid response to the requests of other states. The Serious Fraud Office can now compel the production of information to help foreign fraud investigations.

There are also difficulties when cases come to trial. Bankers and others often have to be brought from abroad to explain the intricacies of financial transactions involving networks of bank accounts and the use of offshore companies, trusts and administrators. But such witnesses cannot be made to attend our courts. And they may even be bound by strict

secrecy laws with penal sanctions in their own country. It is difficult to imagine a greater inhibition to successful prosecutions.

In the UK, willing overseas witnesses can now give evidence by television link from their own country. This means courts can obtain important evidence which previously would have been denied to them. Individual countries, including the UK, must take powers to compel witnesses to attend at appropriate premises where a television link with a foreign court can be established.

Where it is not possible to bring witnesses to this country or take their evidence by television link, the Criminal Justice Act 1988 does allow business and other records to be admitted as evidence, without the need to call the witness — the so-called hearsay provisions. Without these provisions there is a danger that defendants will demand the production of live witnesses formally to produce the documents to the court even though their authenticity cannot reasonably be doubted. If witnesses are not available, evidence will be lost.

Serious fraud cases, which are largely document-driven, are particularly vulnerable. Unfortunately, the provisions have been slow to catch up, probably because of the strong oral tradition in British courts. There has been a tendency to regard hearsay as a last resort.

Our criminal law is largely territorial. That means that in the main, you can be tried only in the United Kingdom for crimes committed here. But

many other countries assert worldwide jurisdiction over the activities of their own nationals, and refuse to extradite them. There may be some countries where an accused will not receive a fair trial, and a refusal to extradite even non-nationals may still be appropriate. But in most cases, where people and corporations are free to move to, or set up businesses in, foreign countries (and therefore free to commit crimes there), that country's right to try them should be recognised and supported internationally. This is particularly so within the European Union.

Our criminal law must also recognise new forms of evidence. It takes no account of changes in computer technology. Meanwhile, a technological revolution has been occurring. It is increasingly hard to determine in which country a "transaction", and therefore an offence, has taken place. In the fight against international fraud, close co-operation between governments is essential. But governments must also recognise the urgent need to modernise their laws in this field, if that fight is to be effective.

● The author is Director of the Serious Fraud Office.



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ZMB

Fees crisis on agenda

WITH conveyancing fees at an all-time low, the Law Society's council meeting on Thursday on how to stamp out cut-price conveyancing charges is expected to attract record attendance. Such is the interest in the proposals — chiefly whether colleagues who refuse to charge a recommended guideline fee should be denied insurance cover — that society officials are having to relay the meeting live to another room via close-circuit television. The council chamber cannot accommodate the throngs of solicitors expected.

The council will also discuss a specification for the person who will replace John Hayes, the secretary-general. The aim, according to council papers, is to find a "strong but not dominant" personality.

PENSIONS OUTS

Speculation is rife that Hayes, who is to be chairman of the new Occupational Pensions Regulatory Authority, is under pressure to go even before his chosen date of the end of May.

Partner blow

THE new senior partner at Wilde Sapte is a man who is proud to blow his own horn. Mark Andrews, who takes up his new position in January, is known for his love of playing the French horn. To the point where the unwary can suddenly find themselves serenaded in the firm's car park.

Bar bashing

THE Lord Chancellor's proposals to reform legal aid have

been attacked from all sides of the legal profession. But no description of the plans has been quite as withering as that by Anne Rafferty, QC, chairman of the Criminal Bar Association. "Our response to the poisonous legal aid proposals has not only stood alone as impressive, but has also been fundamental to the way the Bar Council's comments were phrased," she writes in the latest CBA newsletter.

Rights on

DINAH ROSE, a barrister with 2 Hare Court, beat 100 other finalists to become the Cosmopolitan/American Express Achievement Award Winner for her human rights and sex discrimination work.

Parties to action

CHRISTMAS parties have caused a few early headaches among the law firms out in the snowy regions. In Leeds, Hammond Suddards has decided not to have a firm-wide party at all, said a spokeswoman: "We cannot find anywhere big enough for all of us together, so we are having department parties this year." Bristol's Osborne Clark has been more conventional, with one big pre-Christmas bash at the Marriott Hotel, the only venue big enough.

Plymouth's Bond Pearce has chosen the Manor House Hotel outside Newton Abbot, complete with a novel entertainment. The firm has hired a dance coordinator who, says a spokeswoman, "teaches dance routines to funny songs, and we will all have to join in". So long as the partners stay off the scrumphy.

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CHAMBERS

More Lawyer Jokes

There is no let-up in the stream of lawyer jokes pouring out of America, mainly from New York. The old "philosophical lawyer" now seems to work in Manhattan.

Here's an example: An engineer, a physicist and a lawyer were interviewed for a job, and were each asked what two plus two makes. The engineer made several measurements and calculations and came back with the answer, "four". The physicist went off to ring the US Standards Bureau and came back with the same answer: "four". The lawyer drew down the window blinds, peered out of the door to see if anyone was listening, and said, "How much do you want it to be?"

Another one: An elderly lawyer died and went to heaven. The Pope died the same day and accompanied him. St Peter escorted the Pope to a rather small and shabby hostel tucked away behind the heavenly laundries. He returned to escort the lawyer to a grand suite of rooms overlooking a private swimming pool. "I'm most grateful," said the lawyer, "but why am I treated better than the Pope? St Peter took him by the arm: 'We have over a hundred Popes here, and we're getting bored with them, but we've never had a lawyer before.'"

All the jokes are similarly hostile, and many hinge on lawyers' greed. For instance: A man went to see a lawyer. "What are your fees?" he asked. "500 for three questions," replied the lawyer. "Isn't that a bit much?" he asked. "Yes," said the lawyer. "What's your third question?"

Finally, the ultimate insult: What do you get if you cross a lawyer with a duck? *Q: Nothing - there are some things even a duck pig won't do.*

Michael Chambers

Thanks to Paul J. Medeiros, NY, for these jokes

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ملكا من الاصل



There has been a sea change in the attitudes of judges towards training in the past 30 years. Many judges thought it unnecessary and an insult

Judges go back to school

Frances Gibb on the change in attitudes that led to an overhaul of judicial training

Judges used to spit blood at the mention of training. Lord Devlin, the late law lord, delivered a diatribe against the very idea of it; and, as Lord Justice Henry confessed last week, "when on a training camp about 20 years ago, I joined the escape committee as soon as I arrived".

Lord Justice Henry is now a convert. So much so that he heads the Judicial Studies Board, the body in charge of training some 60,000 judges and magistrates in England and Wales; and in that job last week he outlined plans for an overhaul of judicial training designed to take it into the 21st century.

His own conversion is typical of what he calls the sea change in attitude among most judges over the past 25-30 years. Before, he says, most of them thought "the training of judges was not only quite unnecessary, but also something of an insult. If they had spent all their life in court, they did not need any training for the task." The hostility was so bad that a judge trying a personal injury case could not even be guided on what figure the damages should be.

But now modern judges not only accept training — they want it. There is a wide and growing demand for courses, not just from new judges, but for continuing training (refresher courses) as well as specific courses geared to new laws, such as the

programme of training roadshows held across the country to instruct judges in the Children Act 1989.

The demand is coming not only from judges, but from outside. The Royal Commission wanted a more expanded and formalised system of training for judges; and Lord Woolf, with his radical proposals to overhaul the culture of civil justice, sees judges becoming "trial managers": they will need training in moving from being back-seat passive referees to taking the wheel in trials and steering them.

At the same time, there is significant pressure on the resources to deliver that training — both the raw material of the judges themselves, and the money to run the courses.

The upshot is that the Judicial Studies Board has decided it must move onto a more professional and independent footing. For the first time it will be given an independent budget and hived off from the Lord Chancellor's Department.

The board relies too heavily on the dedication of a small body of tutor judges giving up an unacceptable amount of their spare time. This is not a satisfactory professional basis on which to proceed.

"We have gone as far as we can with the old board, which is a rather British institution that has been amateurish in the best sense of the word — but it has worked. Now it must change and expand," Lord Justice Henry said.

As a first step, the board is to submit a bid in April to the Lord Chancellor for a substantial increase in its present funding of £1.3 million.

But the likelihood of a big injection of funds looks remote. Even a doubling of the budget could be swallowed in training judges in line with Woolf, and in the continuing onslaught of new legislation. There will be little room to expand the core training of new judges, widely praised for quality but woefully short on quantity.

Nonetheless, the board has plans to progress its work in the delicate area of training judges in human awareness in the wake of a working party report chaired by Mr Justice Potter. This training will build on the successful courses already being held on ethnic minorities. Initial hostility appears to be on the wane. A survey of 2,500 judges had found that only a handful were hostile to training.

Lord Justice Henry said this was an important area which would be taken forward by two judges — Judges Pitchers and Sumner — who had been jointly appointed to the new post of director of studies. Judge Sumner said: "The old view that common sense and courtesy is enough has gone. We've got to go beyond that and understand people's perceptions."

The areas to be covered go further than just gender awareness, taking in "unrepresented parties, witnesses, jurors, victims and their families, children, persons under physical or mental disability and gender issues".

The next step was to devise how this training could be included in the courses.

Some may see the hiving off of the board as a first step towards a Judicial Training College, although the idea of having a special building for the task has been rejected. Lord Justice Henry dislikes the label anyway. It is a "much too grandiose term" which might alarm judges. "Everything we do is gradualist, because we have to satisfy our independent-minded and critical clientele."

The approach seems to be working. Now the modern judge "accepted, appreciated and benefited" from training, he said.

If there is one message he wants to get over, it is that training for judges is not a duty, but "a right".

Lawyers with a bedside manner

Nursing can be an ideal

grounding for the law, says

Fiona Bawdon

Lawyers may be described as many things, but angels is not usually one of them. Yet it seems that an increasing number of nurses and other health workers are retraining to become lawyers — and working not just in areas of law such as medical negligence and personal injury, but also doing family work and even commercial litigation.

In this, as in many other aspects of law, the UK is following in the footsteps of America. In the United States, "nurse attorneys" are a well recognised phenomenon, and the long-established American Association of Nurse Attorneys has some 7,000 members. One assistant district attorney in the Los Angeles Police Department apparently takes a break from her regular work prosecuting police killers to do a half-day stint in the renal unit of her local hospital.

This Thursday sees the start of this country's answer to the American nurses' group, the Nurses in the Law Association (Nila). No figures exist for the number of UK lawyers with a nursing background — but about 60 have been identified so far. Rosamund Rhodes-Kemp is one of the prime movers behind the formation of the group. Now a partner with the specialist personal injury firm Russell Jones & Walker, she previously spent seven years as a nurse.

One of the main aims of Nila is to recognise and promote the additional skills which former nurses bring to the law. First and foremost among these is not, as one cynic commented, the ability to stitch people up, but management skills. Ms Rhodes-Kemp emphasises that nurses do not spend all their time hovering at bedside waiting to squeeze a hand or mop a brow, but as managers. Nursing sisters have busy wards to run and many are now fundholders. "People think nurses' training is three years of bedpans, but it's not. It's three years of management," says Ms Rhodes-Kemp.

If solicitors are, in general, poor managers they are even worse communicators. Ac-

exact reverse and moving towards a stark business management approach.

Ms Rhodes-Kemp sees her switch into law as a natural career progression. "Nurses are known within the NHS as patients' advocates. I still act on behalf of patients. They just happen to be ones where something has gone wrong."

Even so, it may be some time before lawyers shake off their poor public image. Ms Rhodes-Kemp admits that it is hard going from being an angel to being perceived as, if not actually the Devil, then a not too distant relative. "As a nurse, I'd like to know where all the successful clients go. Why are they not speaking up for us? Lawyers need to work harder to make sure clients know the good we do. On a ward, patients see me working. But, as a lawyer, my clients aren't in the office with me at 7am," she says.

For all their legal training, however, nurses have not managed to shake off their bedpan image altogether. The new group was originally going to be called the Association of Nurses in the Law — until it was pointed out that this would have an unfortunate-sounding acronym.

Nurses in the Law Association has its inaugural meeting this Thursday. For more details, contact Rosamund Rhodes-Kemp on 0171-837 2808.



Jane Wright, a former physiotherapist, now a lawyer

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BY CHRISTOPHER IRVINE

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FROM PAT GIBSON IN PESHAWAR

BY OUR SPORTS STAFF

BY OUR SPORTS STAFF

BY STUART JONES
ANNIS CORRESPONDENT

Warne, who admitted afterwards that he had not been at

Mushtaq Ahmed, weaved his spell.
Having taken 18 wickets in

THE formula for success in any league is to win at home and draw away. Oldham

Cardiff Devils stayed top and followed up their success in the British Cup

there was far too much emphasis on

Page 49

2 1 0

أما من الأصل

Greenstock misses his opportunity to establish credentials

كذا من الأصل

Injuries force Venables to opt for new strike partnership

Ferdinand gets England chance

BY ROB HUGHES
FOOTBALL CORRESPONDENT

LES FERDINAND and Alan Shearer, the two supreme goalscorers of English league football, both play in the nation's attack for the international at Wembley against Portugal tonight. The Portuguese, whom Terry Venables, the England coach, regards as among the four most gifted countries in Europe, oppose this double-pronged attack, by choice, with their second-string goalkeeper, and without one of their four marvellous creative midfield players.

At least that should make the struggle more equal. Ferdinand has been out in the cold for two years, apart from being granted nine minutes as Shearer's substitute 15 months ago in a match against the United States. They have never played together as a pair, they share 41 goals for Newcastle United and Blackburn Rovers in the first half of this season, but it is not public demand that brings them together. Rather it is that injuries to four of the team that beat Switzerland 3-1 last month force Venables to re-think the strategy and the style tonight, the most significant injury is the sciatica which pains Teddy Sheringham, coming at the very height of his acceptance as an England international.

So, though nothing is known about the formation behind Ferdinand and Shearer, this pair is in harness at last. It is as if one took two handsome Clydesdales, coupled them together, but left everyone pondering who is to feed them, who is to rein them in, who is to forage and provide their opportunities.

Perhaps not even Venables knows for certain. When injuries deprived him of David Platt, Robert Lee and Jamie Redknapp, three instrumental midfield players, the shape that he has been fashioning England towards, the continental version of variations on 3-5-2, was stripped from him.

He spent Sunday, "mad Sunday" as he called it, feeling the exasperation that England



Ferdinand, left, and Shearer, show their delight at the prospect of forming a potent strike force for England. Photograph: Ian Stewart

managers before him knew as habit, the telephone ringing, the shape of things before the FA negotiated time off from the league programme even before international play. "It must be obvious I am having to think on my feet," the coach said, "but we may have similar situations during the European championship, we may have to change tactics to the personnel available, so this is a good test."

"With two strikers, we will

have to play a bit narrower. Both will have licence to move wide or deep as they see fit." Shearer is hungry to score for the first time in ten international appearances and Ferdinand's desire to add to his three goals in seven appearances for England is palpable.

"This is his match," Venables said of Ferdinand. "This is his opportunity, and every player who gets an opportunity at this time, when I am seeking a settled squad for the European championship, has to make the most of it. Of course there's pressure on Les, but he wouldn't be in the squad if I didn't think he and Alan Shearer could play together. Being picked for England means he's a good player, one of the things that makes the difference is how you handle pressure."

The pressure, if that word is acceptable in the privileged world of multi-million pound performers, has been handled with convincing authority by Ferdinand since his £6 million move to Newcastle. He knows England will provide nothing like the wing play, the provision that has flowed right and left from Keith Gillespie and David Ginola.

Indeed whether Steve Stone, that stalwart of Nottingham Forest's right wing, is fit to make his full England debut, may be one of the things Venables will ponder about over the cornflakes. For Stone revealed on Sunday, after scoring a spectacular right-footed goal for Forest, that for some time, he has been hiding the pain, the need for anti-inflammatory tablets, for a left knee that swells with every

game. In addition, Steve Howey, who is expected to step in for Gary Pallister, is another who spends the time between matches with the ice pack applied to a niggling stress injury.

Fitness of the mind is at least as important as that of the body at this level. Paul Gascoigne has much to prove, after his nonsensical antics and his sending-off in his last game for Rangers and, despite his ability to pass the ball more creatively than any other Englishman, there is always a need for someone else to police him, to spot the signals before he loses self-control. The mind boggles at the prospect tonight of that "minder" being Dennis Wise.

The Chelsea player has lately taken responsibility for an in-field role, taken games

by the scruff of the neck, suggested at least that his own volatile nature is becoming controllable. Can he be the man to trust at Gascoigne's side?

Or should it be Gareth Southgate, the Aston Villa defender whose adaptability, either in a back three, back four, or midfield, has impressed progressively through this season? These questions will be posed by a Portuguese team that will not like the weather, that comes without Vitor Baia because Portugal's coach, Antonio Oliveira, wishes to test the substitute goalkeeper, Adelino Neno, and without Rui Costa's wiles in midfield because Fiorentina will not release him.

Wheeler moves, page 43
Highest office, page 43

Charlton is still buoyant despite loss of injured Staunton

BY PETER BALL

IRELAND'S preparations for the European championship play-off against Holland at Anfield tomorrow suffered another setback yesterday when Steve Staunton pulled a hamstring in training. With Roy Keane ruled out at the weekend, this means that Ireland have lost two of their first-choice midfield players.

However, the Ireland manager, Jack Charlton, took the news philosophically. "He is not the strong player we know," he said. "He has not been playing very much this year. He has been carrying injuries and this may be the best thing that's happened to him."

"We are in better shape for this game than the game against Portugal, because we have one or two players back. Sheridan is moving very well and looking very sharp, and we have Townsend back which is a big bonus, because he will stir a few up."

"Against Portugal we had to cope with two young lads, McAteer and Kennedy, playing out wide, and another relative newcomer in Kenna playing in central midfield. Even then we held them for 70 minutes. Now we can play Kenna, who is a very good, competitive player, in what I think is his best position, wide right."

That suggests that there will be no place in the team for McAteer, although there were indications yesterday that Charlton may have decided to play a five-man midfield tomorrow, leaving out Aldridge, the team's leading goalscorer.

Charlton indicated yesterday that Tony Casarino would replace Niall Quinn, centre forward, who is suspended. Many would regard that as a serious loss, given Quinn's recent form for Manchester City. Charlton remained unconcerned.

"Tony is probably playing better than Niall at the moment," he insisted. "Tony is a big strong lad, and his touch is better now, perhaps from playing in France."

Dennis Bergkamp, the Holland striker, is confident of recovering from a calf injury in time to play. The Holland coach, Gus Hiddink, said: "We are very hopeful Dennis will be fit. He is keen to play in such an important game."

Fifa hands Hauge ban from transfer dealing

BY OUR SPORTS STAFF

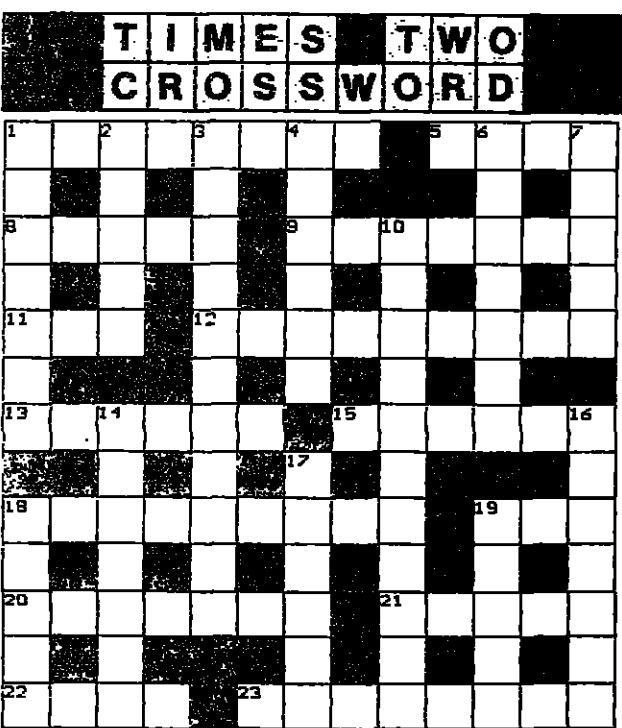
RUNE HAUGE, the Norwegian football agent, was banned indefinitely from any involvement in transfer dealings by Fifa, the game's world governing body, yesterday. Fifa also warned players, clubs and national football associations that they would face punishment if they had any future involvement with him.

Hauge was suspended from Fifa's list of licensed players' agents earlier this year because he made unauthorised payments totalling £440,000 to George Graham, the former Arsenal manager, after the transfers to the club of Pal Lydersen, of Norway, and John Jensen, the Denmark midfielder. Graham subsequently repaid the money to Arsenal, but none the less lost his job and incurred a 12-month suspension from the Football Association.

Hauge, however, has appeared to ignore his ban, using an intermediary to become involved in the £840,000 transfer of the Swedish international defender, Pontus Karmark, to Leicester City from IFK Gothenburg and advising Lars Bohinen, the Norway midfielder player, over his move from Nottingham Forest to Blackburn Rovers through a Danish intermediary, Frank Mathiesen.

Keith Cooper, the Fifa spokesman, said that the decision to withdraw Hauge's licence had been taken by the organisation's executive committee yesterday. "We have paid special attention to the situation regarding Rune Hauge," he said. "His licence was suspended some months ago when it was discovered he was implicated in the affair concerning George Graham. Since then, he has been officially suspended from transfer activities, but it has become evident that during his suspension he has continued to operate, even if through an intermediary, in the transfer of players despite his suspension."

"We will not take any action against players or clubs who have used Hauge during the period of his suspension, but we are making it clear that in future any individuals or clubs who avoid our decisions will face the consequences themselves."



No 650

ACROSS

- 1 Panicky rush (8)
- 5 Memorial service (4)
- 8 External (5)
- 9 Flood through (7)
- 11 Yes, that is printed right (3)
- 12 Drunken yob (5,4)
- 13 Cooking instructions (6)
- 15 Accustomed, hardened (10)
- 18 With great, sincere emotion (9)
- 19 Post-USSR grouping (1,1,1)
- 20 One-direction-only toothed wheel (7)
- 21 Subcontinent republic (5)
- 22 Royal house of eg Richard III (4)

DOWN

- 2 Intensity (8)
- 1 Promoter, funder (7)
- 2 Loft (5)
- 3 Rich piece of writing: successful period (6,5)
- 4 (Drug) amount per period (6)
- 6 Lady's private room (7)
- 7 Deal with; indulgence (5)
- 10 My first objection is (3,3,5)
- 14 Document of incorporation (7)
- 16 Contemptuous rejection (7)
- 17 Condition, usu. fine (6)
- 18 Go quickly (5)
- 19 Trainee officer (5)

SOLUTION TO No 649

ACROSS: 5 Open sandwich 8 Adjoin 9 Impact 10 Hook 12 Victory 14 Rustler 15 Heir 17 Advice 18 Occupy 20 Frantic piece

DOWN: 1 Cold-shoulder 2 Veto 3 Inhibit 4 Two-piece 6 Sink 7 Cartographer 11 Nutrient 13 Benefit 16 Pump 19 Chew

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RFU keen to break impasse on contracts

BY DAVID HANDS
RUGBY CORRESPONDENT

WHILE Twickenham is flooded for the first time for the University match today, the Rugby Football Union (RFU) must hope that some light will also be thrown this week on the contractual arrangements it seeks to reach with its leading players.

As long as the England squad contracts remain unsigned, the RFU must take seriously the potential threat posed by Ross Turnbull, the Australian said to be organising a European super league. Turnbull, who was associated with Kerry Packer's still-born World Rugby Championship, is understood to be offering players £200,000 to participate in a summer tournament played in the five nations and Italy.

Such a threat is a useful bargaining tool, as the South African and Australian players discovered six months ago, and it may also suit England's leading clubs to build up Turnbull as a bogeyman.

The reverse of that coin is the situation at Northampton, whose players must feel happier now that a local businessman, Keith Barwell, has in effect bought the club for £1 million. Club members voted almost unanimously - 661 votes to one - on Sunday to approve Barwell's offer.

Saracens have secured their first big-name capture. Eddie Halvey, a flanker capped six times by Ireland, has signed a three-year contract.

Oxford underdogs, page 46

England ready to reward Ilott for perseverance

FROM ALAN LEE, CRICKET CORRESPONDENT, IN DURBAN

THE England tour manager, Raymond Illingworth, is keen to have Mark Ilott in his team for the pivotal third Test, which begins here on Thursday. This is not entirely due to the fact that the incessant prattling of the team chatterbox is inclined to drive Illingworth from the dressing-room with his head reeling.

Ilott is the irrepressible, life-and-soul type that every team needs. On the odd occasion when he is not talking, Ilott is invariably singing, surprisingly tunelessly. When included for the match at Pearl last week, he cheerfully related the manager's mock disclaimer that he had only picked him so he would no longer have to listen to him.

There are others in this party with the prankster's sense of fun but none whose nature and outlook seem so utterly impervious to fate or circumstance. And if the black moods of dismay are ever pardonable in a team environment, Ilott has recently had as much cause to mope as anyone.

He made his Test debut as a 22-year-old and played three Tests against the 1993 Australians. His last Test, remarkably, was Michael Atherton's first as captain. Since then, England have completed 25 Tests and five series without him, yet he has constantly been on the brink of a recall and now, for four Tests in succession, he has been omitted from a 13-man squad on the morning of the match. It would be enough to exhaust the resilience of many, yet Ilott remains his bright, noisy and phlegmatic self.

These are qualities that he

has inherited from his immediate predecessor as the Essex left-armers, John Lever. But they were also passed down by his father, John, who, well into middle-age, exuded boyish enthusiasm as a club wicket-keeper - and, in winter, a football goalkeeper - in the Watford area where Mark grew up.

Ilott was a natural inmate of the traditionally zany Essex

Familiar fear 44
Landmark for Warner 44
Mushyball wizardry 44

dressing-room, even if his tendency to talk all the time did seem annoyingly precocious to certain senior players. They nicknamed him "Ramble" and soon grew fond of him. He was barely out of his teens when Keith Fletcher predicted a Test career for him and, despite its stuttering start, he was right.

When England landed here

Ilott adds variety



Ilott adds variety

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